The Los Angeles Times

TWO PARTS—EIGHTEEN PAGES AT THE OFFICE COUNTER..... PRICE 3 CENTS | WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1901. | ON STREETS AND TRAINS AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES 5 CENTS

YEAR

...ENTS—
With Dates of Events.

...PHEUM—Regular Wednesday Matinee TODAY! Any Seat 25c!
IT'S THE TALK OF THE TOWN!
You hear it everywhere! They all say it's marvelous!
But what could you expect?
...PHEUM ROAD SHOW!
CURTAIN RISES AT 8:15 O'CLOCK.
...derful Show! A Magnificent Show!
Order Tickets Early!
SEVERUS SCHAFFER | WILL M. CRESSY AND BLANCHE DAYNE
JOHNSON, DAVENPORT AND LORELLA.
LOUISE DRESSER.
JACK NORWORTH.
BERTIE FOWLER.
WESTON AND HERBERT.
TRULY SHATTUCK.
COMIOGRAPH.
...Now Changing—Best seats 25c and 50c. Gallery 10c. Phone Main 1447

...ANGELES THEATER—H. C. WYATT & CO., Managers.
TONIGHT—LAST CHANCE TO HEAR THE GREATEST
...Primrose AND Dockstader
...Musical Company of the World. A FULLY ...AUDIENCE LAST NIGHT.
...Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. Tel. Main 70.
EVERYBODY CALLS IT A PERFECT SHOW.

...ANGELES THEATER—H. C. WYATT & CO., Managers.
...Nights Only—Thursday, Friday and Saturday Evenings—Jan. 10, 11 and 12. Saturday Matinee.
...Famous presenting "James Wobberts, Freshman"
...Today's Comedy Force
...on sale: Special Matinee prices 25c, 50c, 75c. Prices—35c, 50c, ...Telephone Main 70.

...CO'S BURBANK THEATER—Oliver Morosco, Lessee and Manager
...NIGHT—Your Last Chance to See the Prettiest of Comic operas,
THE LITTLE TYCOON.
...matinee night and balance of the week—Matinee Saturday—Farewell ...of the JULES GRAU OPERA COMPANY in a Grand Double Bill—
..."Carmen Rusticana."
...—"Uncle Josh Spruceby."

...TS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—
With Dates of Events.

...ARD HALL—UNIVERSITY EXTENSION COURSE.
...ARD BURTON of University of Minnesota. Lecture on "John ...day Evening, Jan. 8th, at 8:15 p.m. Admission 25 cents. First ...ved. 50c. On sale at BLANCHARD BUILDING.

...S FREE MUSEUM—
...RISTS should not neglect this privilege. Corner Fourth and Main Streets, opposite Van Nuys and Westminster Hotels.

...—Washington Gardens—Southern California League.
...Mohler & Zobelein's JAN. 12-13 2:30 Sharp.
...Sunday ... Grand Stand 25c. Ladies Free to Grand Stand.

...ARM—South Pasadena—
...Horse Show, Flower and Fruit Parade, Floral Parade, Sports and Games at Pasadena Prices.

...D ART GALLERY—EXHIBITION of Flower Paintings ...PAUL DE LONGPRE. Opens January 8th.

...RD HALL—ANNOUNCEMENT—ANTOINETTE TREBELLI—...Three Song Recitals Jan. 21, 23, 25. Course tickets ...Sale Jan. 14th.

...ROUTES OF TRAVEL—

...Perfect Panorama
...trip of the same length where ...so varied and beautiful.
...Dining Car Service
...Leave Los Angeles at 8:30 a.m., ...8:30 a.m. Returning arrive ...1:45 p.m., Pasadena 6:25 ...same time at both Redlands ...for driving and sight-seeing ...stop-overs at any point on ...Round Trip $4.10.

KITE-SHAPED TRACK
LOS ANGELES
THE SIGHT TO SEE
COLORADO
Santa Fe Route

The race is always to the swift, and it takes but 66 hours, Los Angeles to Chicago, on this great train over the
Santa Fe.

CATALINA ISLAND—
Three and one-half hours from Los Angeles.
...ds the World's Rod and ...l Fishing Record.
Daily Steamer.
...through the glass bottom boat and 10 fathoms of Catalina's crystal waters ...scenes of living wonders. The great stage ride and golf links. ...exhibition of living fish and animals. Hotel Metropole always open. ...service from San Pedro wharves connecting with Southern ...Pacific trains, leaving Los Angeles at 9:05 and 8:50 a.m., re... round trip $2.75; Excursion round trip $2.50. Sunday excur... 3½ hours on the island; other days about 30 minutes.
...M. BANNING CO., 222 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

...FRANCISCO—by the "Fast Line"—24 Hours.
...Rate: $15, second class, including berth and meals; by Pacific Coast Steam... ...the Elegant Express Steamships SANTA ROSA, 2500 tons, and ... Leave Wednesdays and Saturdays, 10:30 a.m., via Port Los Angeles. ...Mondays and Thursdays via Port Los Angeles and Redondo. ...and way ports, Etc.: Coronos and Bonita, Sundays and Thursdays, via ...San Pedro.
...128 West Second Street. Tel. Main 41. W. PARRIS, Agent.

...NT LOWE RAILWAY—"Grandest Scenic Trip on Earth."
...wonderful feat of railway engineering." Unequaled views of moun... ...valleys, cities, ocean and islands. Round Trip rate $3.00.
...Excursion Rate, Saturday and Sunday, $2.50.
...Table Dinner at Ye Alpine Tavern, 75 cents.
...Office, 250 S. SPRING ST. (Stimson Blk.) Tel. M. 900.

...WAII, SAMOA, NEW ZEALAND, AUSTRALIA
...regular service every three weeks by the Oceanic S. S. Co.'s magnificent new ...steamers SIERRA, SONOMA and VENTURA. Also direct ...line every 30 days from S. F. HUGH R. RICE, Agt., 230 S. Spring St. Telephone Main 896.

GAS BURST INTO FIRE.

Twenty-eight Dead at Rochester.

Twelve More or Less Badly Injured.

Flames From the Boiler Room Cut Them Off.

List of the Victims—Heart-rending Scenes—Story of One of the Nurses.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

ROCHESTER (N. Y.) Jan. 8.—Twenty-eight dead bodies lie at the morgue, and twelve persons, more or less seriously injured, lie in the hospitals of the city tonight, as the result of a terrible fire which occurred early this morning at the Rochester Orphan Asylum. Of the dead, twenty-six were children of both sexes, ranging in age from 2 to 14 years, and the remaining two were adults.

The fire, which was discovered at 1:10 o'clock a.m., and was doubtless caused by an explosion of natural gas in the boiler-room adjoining the west wing of the asylum, spread so rapidly that many of the 109 inmates of the institution were overcome by flames and smoke almost without warning. A corrected and revised list of the dead follows:

ARTHUR KELLY.
GLADYS HILL.
GERTRUDE TONER.
BERTHA HALL.
VIOLA STUCK.
LILLIAN STONE.
MILDRED SLOCUM.
MARY ALEXANDER.
HELEN HAMILTON.
HAZEL MURRAY.
MINNIE TIFFANY.
MYRTLE PATTERSON.
ISABEL MARTHAGE.
GERTRUDE M'CAW.
MARION M'CAW.
[illegible]
CHARLIE BENHAM.
RHEA CONWELL.
BERTHA POTTER.
EVANGELINE CARR.
MILDRED WRIGHT (colored.)
MINNIE SKINNER.
MARY KANE.
CORA POTTER.
CHARLOTTE BRYANT.
BEACHNELL CAREY.
MRS. MARIA GORDON, the cook of the asylum.

MRS. MARTHA GILLIS, a nurse.

The seriously injured:

MISS ISABELLE LAWSON, nurse.
ELLEN DELMORE, nurse; recovery doubtful.
FRED POTTER, may die.
KATE COTTERILL, aged 16.
BLANCHE ANDERSON, aged 7 (colored.)
MAURICE KEATING, fireman.
MRS. AMELIA CLINE, nurse.
MARY BRADD, nurse; recovery doubtful.
FRANCES M. HIBBARD, nurse.
MINNIE CONKLIN, nurse.
FRANCIS EDWARDS, an attendant.
JOHN CARR, aged 3; recovery doubtful.

CAPT. WILLIAM CREEGAN, fireman; prostrated by inhaling smoke; probably will recover.

The loss on the building is estimated at $10,000. Engineer Mosher expressed the belief that the fire originated from a leak in the gaspipe.

HORRIFYING SCENES.

ROCHESTER, Jan. 8.—A few minutes after 1 o'clock this morning, a nurse, Miss Cline, smelled smoke. The matter was immediately reported to the matron, Miss L. Dinehart. The smoke was located in the boiler-room. Word was sent to police headquarters. Fire apparatus was hurried to the building, but before the first engine arrived, the structure was in flames. Scores of persons were doing their best to rescue the inmates. Shortly after the fire broke out, a boiler exploded with terrific force, completely blowing out the lower part of the west end of the connecting wing, thereby cutting off the escape of the children from the east end of the building.

In the east wing were the sleeping apartments, located mainly on the second and third floors. The lower floor was known as the first nursery, and the upper as the second. Here were forty children or more. Miss Sarah Ashdown was in charge for the night, and with her was Miss Brad of the hospital ward, who was taking care of two sick children.

The explosion, though of great force, did not awaken the sleeping nurses. The smoke that began to pour into the east wing awakened the inmates to a realization of the situation with a suddenness which at once seemed to rob nearly everyone of judgment and mental faculties. Cries and groans filled the air. It was impossible to see anything on account of the thick smoke. The nurse, Miss Ashdown, did all in her power to save the children and nurses.

When the firemen arrived, their attention was first turned to the inmates of the hospital ward in the west wing of the institution. On the floor next to the top was Miss Brad. With the flames leaping all around her, it seemed impossible to escape. She did, however, but was so seriously injured by falling that she will not live. It was stated by the matron that there were seventy-five girls in the west wing. Besides there, there were two children and two nurses in the hospital department, which was also in that wing. It was estimated at 8 o'clock that all of the inmates of the west wing had been gotten out, either dead or alive. Many children were taken away early, and the number of the saved and of those killed and injured could be counted only with great difficulty.

The work of rescue was taken up by volunteers as well as by firemen. Ambulances from all the hospitals were on the ground almost as soon as the fire companies, and houses in the neighborhood were thrown open to receive the little ones, who were carried from the asylum. The scenes were heart-rending. A large portion of the asylum building was totally destroyed.

Two men, W. Clark and F. Young, were coming down Plymouth avenue at 1 o'clock this morning, when they saw the smoke issuing from the asylum. Clark immediately ran to a fire-alarm box and sent in an alarm. Then he and his companion ran up the fire escape to the roof of the building farthest away from the fire. Just as they reached the top a terrific explosion was heard, and the flames burst forth with renewed vigor. In a few minutes half of the building in which the hospital was situated was a mass of flames. The smoke poured out from every window, and frantic cries could be heard coming from the imprisoned inmates. The long ladders were run up, and plunging into the stifling smoke, fireman after fireman came sliding down the ladders bearing inanimate forms in their arms. Most of the children and adults carried from the burning building were unconscious.

A general alarm was sent in and brought out the remainder of the department. The fire was fought from every available point, but in spite of that, the building was almost destroyed before the fire was under control.

Fireman Morris Keating went up on the roof on a ladder to rescue women and children. Just as he reached the top a stream of water was turned on him to keep away the flames, but it had the effect to confuse the man. He reached for a woman and the latter jumped for his arms. Suddenly the man lost his hold on the ladder. The crowd groaned as the fireman fell with the woman to the ground. The woman was killed outright, and the fireman was so seriously injured that he may die. The roof was covered with children who had escaped through the scuttle from the upper rooms, and the firemen were kept busy carrying them down.

Miss F. M. Hibbard, who had charge of twenty-three children on the third floor of the main building, said: "I was awakened by the cries of the children, and realized that the building was on fire. As quickly as possible we all made our way to the roof, escape in any other direction being impossible. Already the firemen had their ladders to the roof, and quickly the children were carried down. After most of them had been rescued the heat became so intense that, to save myself, I slid down a post leading to the ground."

Miss Hibbard was terribly burned.

Most of the dead taken from the building were carried temporarily to nearby residences. In one house a dozen bodies were lying at one time. The living and dead were laid on floors, beds and couches. When the hospital ambulances arrived, however, the living children were speedily sent to the hospital, while the dead were taken to the morgue. Early today the morgue reported twenty-five dead children had been brought there, a number being yet unidentified. At noon the identified dead had reached twenty-six children, one nurse and a cook.

ANOTHER FATAL FIRE.

NITRATE BUILDING DESTROYED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

ROCHESTER (N. Y.) Jan. 8.—The nitrate building of the Eastman Kodak Works was destroyed by fire today. Two firemen were killed by the fumes of the burning chemicals, and one other was so seriously injured that he probably will die.

COWENHOVEN TUNNEL AFIRE.

SEVERAL MILES OF FLAMES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

ASPEN (Colo.,) Jan. 9.—The Cowenhoven tunnel is now on fire. Several miles of workings are in flames. It is impossible to estimate the damage to the property.

WILHELMINA'S WEDDING.

No Postponement of the Festivities on Account of the Death of Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimar.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—A dispatch to the Herald from The Hague says it is learned from a trustworthy, though unofficial, source, that there will be no postponement of the royal marriage on account of the death of Grand Duke of Saxe-Weimer.

It has been decided that the Queen shall wear full mourning for three weeks only, and the Queen Dowager for four weeks, instead of six, so that the period of mourning will be over before the date fixed for the wedding, which will take place February 7, as will also the festivities.

AT NEW YORK HOTELS.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] G. Purcell is at the St. Denis.

"WHO WILL CARE FOR TAMMANY NOW?"

News Under to The Times This Morning

Part I.

1. Twenty-eight Dead at Rochester. Arizona Statehood Arguments.
2. President Suffers from Grip. Germans Defeat Chinese.
3. Gage's Message to the Legislature.
4. Bodies of Flood Victims Found. Brabant Appeals for Troops.
5. Pugilists Leave the Seashore.
6. Weather Report. Liners: Classified Advertising.
7. The Times Home Study Circle. Our Daily Story.
8. Anti-vice Agitation in New York.
10. The City in Brief: Paragraphettes. Home News and Local Business.

Part II.

1. Eastern Confidence Men Arrested. Development in the Local Oil Field.
2. The Public Service: Official Doings. Meeting of Police Commissioners. Police and Justice Courts.
3. Strange Experience at the Plaza.
4. Editorial Page: Paragraphs.
5. Funeral of Bailiff Appel.
6. Financial and Commercial. Oranges in the East Yesterday.
7. Southern California by Towns. Personal Mention: Men and Women.

THE WEATHER. The weather report in detail is printed daily on the "Liner" page, including "comparative temperatures" at widely-separated points.

CLASSIFIED NEWS SYNOPSIS.

THE CITY. Silver shower falls on a woman....Two eastern swindlers arrested here....Workmen driven from their job by hordes of fleas....Coal famine looks more serious....Funeral of Bailiff Appel....United States grand jury adjourns without finding perjury indictments....A. Levy's testimony in a bribery case....Trouble hatching for Coroner Holland....Supervisor Hanley's majority 18....Labor agitators want employment agencies regulated. Prof. Burton's lecture....Doors again put on private boxes....Shallow oil strike in local field....Reed Crude jumps on 'change....Former Buckeyes' enthusiastic meeting....Mrs. Procter on "Life and Death of Worlds."

SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA. Pasadena to entertain visitors with good band music....Whittier's "hot time" pow-wow....Long Beach advertising contract awarded....Railroad improvement in Kern county....Dangerous runaway at Fullerton....Riverside man's unique ride....Redlands Board of Trade elects officers....Interesting golf at Coronado Beach....Criminal assault alleged at San Diego....Flood in a cañon near Monrovia....Anti-saloon movement at Santa Ana....San Pedro's growing lumber traffic....Foundation offer for San Bernardino municipal electric-lighting plant....Santa Barbara county to be advertised.

PACIFIC COAST. Bodies of Mrs. Bennet and her son, victims of flood, are recovered....A woman finds her wandering husband after a chase lasting nine years....Gov. Gage urges economy in message to the Legislature....Vallejo's charter assailed....A meeting of fruit growers at San Francisco....Mrs. Somals cuts off her husband in her will....New steamer line from Vancouver to Skagway.

WASHINGTON Arguments in favor of Statehood for Arizona....Senate and House proceedings....President McKinley suffers from the grip....Panama threatened by revolutionists. Senate will cut river and harbor appropriations....Bill creating sub-ports in Hawaii....Favorable action on California measures.

GENERAL EASTERN. Twenty-eight fatalities in the Rochester fire. Gov. Orman of Colorado inaugurated. Trusty fatally wounded for exposing a prison plot....Roosevelt at Chicago on his way West....Terrible hardships of two Spokane men....Funeral of Armour arranged....Salt Lake youth crazed by smallpox....Utah murderers get new lease of life....Wireless telegraphy extended in Hawaii.

CHINA. German expedition drives Chinese out of Sse Hai Kong and captures the fortified wall....Viceroys' protests cause delay in signing of note. Empress opposes acceptance of demands of the powers....Anxiety among ministers over the situation.

ARIZONA KNOCKING.

Seeks Admission to the Union.

Delegate Wilson Goes for Both Parties.

Shows That Their Platforms Had Promised Statehood.

Burleigh Substitute Supplants Hopkins Bill—Point Dume Gets a Station.

[WASHINGTON.]

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Gov. Murphy and Delegate Wilson of Arizona went before the House Committee on Territories today and argued in favor of Statehood for Arizona. Earlier in this session of Congress these gentlemen appeared before the Senate Committee on Territories upon the same matter. But their big fight for Statehood for Arizona will come up in the House of Representatives. The Senate committee will, without doubt, report the Arizona Statehood Bill, but in the House there appears both in committee and in the House itself more formidable opposition.

Delegate Wilson told the Times correspondent tonight that he felt sure that Gov. Murphy and himself had carried the day before the committee, and that the bill would be favorably reported soon. He says that several members of the committee upon whom he had not counted before today's hearing have promised him their support, and these promises were given without being asked for, which Mr. Wilson thinks is a sign that [illegible] has made an impression.

If the House committee does report back to the House favorably, then the fight will come up on getting time for its consideration before the House. If Speaker Henderson favors the bill, and nobody knows whether he does or not, it will be plain sailing, whereas if he does not favor it there must be a hard fight made to get the bill before the House for consideration. Mr. Wilson says he believes that if Speaker Henderson does not oppose the bill, it will be passed by both Senate and House within thirty days.

Gov. Murphy made an extensive address before the committee today. He recited the facts of Arizona's population and the richness of natural advantages. Delegate Wilson told the committee that both political parties had promised Arizona Statehood in their last national platforms. He read extracts from those platforms, and hammered hard upon that point, thus catching both Republicans and Democrats.

BILL FAR TOO BIG.

RIVER AND HARBOR CUT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Senate leaders like Senators Allison and Aldrich say that the River and Harbor Appropriation Bill, got up by the House Rivers and Harbors Committee, is too big by half, and if passed by the House in its present size, the Senate certainly will cut the appropriations down at least 50 per cent. before allowing the bill to become a law. The bill as reported from the House committee carries appropriations for river and harbor improvements footing up about $6,000,000,000.

Senator Allison, especially, says this rate-making appropriations carries ruin with it, and he will not allow it if it can be helped. There are several single items in the bill running away up into the millions, and Allison says these must be scaled down. Items appropriating money for the Pacific Coast are comparatively small in all cases, and these undoubtedly will be allowed to stand. Indeed, it would be easier to make additions to Coast appropriations than to keep some eastern appropriations at their present figure.

STATION FOR POINT DUME.

LIGHTSHIP FOR THE COAST.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The House Committee on Commerce today took favorable action upon two California bills, upon motion of Representative Barham. One was a bill appropriating $43,000 for the establishment of a light-and-fog-signal station at Point Dume, Los Angeles county, and the other was a bill appropriating $30,000 for an additional lightship for the coast of California, Oregon and Washington.

AID TO HAWAII'S COMMERCE.

BILL CREATING SUB-PORTS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A bill which is designed to be of great benefit to Hawaiian commerce was introduced in the Senate today by Senator Frye. It allows the Secretary of the Treasury to designate as sub-ports of entry any ports or harbors in Hawaii that he may see fit. There are very few ports of entry in Hawaii now, and this fact has been the cause of great embarrassment in shipping.

Complaints have been coming constantly to the Treasury Department from Californians interested in Ha-

waiian shipping for several months, and this bill is the result of these complaints.

SENATE AND HOUSE.

CANTEEN AND BURLEIGH BILL.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—During the legislative session of today, the Senate had under consideration the much-mooted canteen question in connection with the Army Reorganization Bill. The Senate committee in effect restored the provision for a post exchange, or canteen, which had been stricken out of the bill by the House. For nearly five hours the Senate discussed the committee amendment, but a vote on the proposition is not yet in sight. Senators Gallinger of New Hampshire and Hansbrough of North Dakota vigorously opposed the amendment, and in turn it was quite as strenuously supported by Senators Sewell of New Jersey; Hawley of Connecticut, Money of Mississippi and Carter of Montana.

An amendment to the reorganization bill that hospital stewards who served in the Spanish war be given preference in appointments to the regular army, was adopted.

By a vote of 165 to 106, the House today accepted the reapportionment plan proposed by the Burleigh Bill, which increases the membership of the House during the next decade from 357, the present membership, and the membership proposed by the committee in the Hopkins Bill, to 386. The result was largely brought about by the influence of certain Senators from several of the larger Northern States, who threw the weight of their influence in the scale in favor of the larger membership.

When it became apparent that these factors were at work against this bill, Mr. Hopkins attempted to compromise by giving an additional representative each to North Dakota, Colorado and Florida, but his adversaries refused to compromise after complete victory was assured.

The Crumpacker proposition to recommit the bill for the purpose of ascertaining what States abridged the right to vote to an extent which would entail reduced representation was defeated by 139 to 110. There was no roll call on this vote, but a number of Republicans voted with the Democrats.

Under the bill, as passed today, no State loses a representative, and the following make gains: Illinois, New York and Texas, 3 each; Minnesota, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, 2 each, and Arkansas, California, Colorado, Connecticut, Florida, Indiana, Massachusetts, Mississippi, Missouri, North Carolina, North Dakota, Washington, West Virginia and Wisconsin 1 each.

The bill provides that whenever a new State is admitted, the Representative assigned to it shall be in addition to the number provided by the bill. It also adds a provision never hitherto incorporated in a reapportionment bill, to the effect that Congress districts, in addition to being "contiguous," shall also be "compact." States which are allowed additional representatives by the bill shall, by its terms, elect them at large, until the Legislature shall redistrict the State.

FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

REGULAR SESSION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—SENATE. In the course of Mr. Hawley's statement in regard to the army canteen today, he was interrupted frequently by Mr. Pettigrew, who wanted to learn the reasons for excluding wine from the post exchanges. Finally, Mr. Hawley became impatient, and declared he would not answer another question.

"I am quite well aware," retorted Mr. Pettigrew, "of the Senator's inability to answer my question."

Angry in an instant, the Connecticut Senator demanded, with some heat: "What does the Senator mean by that 'low-down' insult? Has he been to a saloon outside of the post exchange?"

The laughter which arose served to clear the atmosphere, and the incident passed.

Messrs. Thurston of Nebraska, Platt of Connecticut and Jones of Arkansas were appointed as conferees on the part of the Senate on two bills ratifying treaties with the Cherokee and the Muskogee or Creek Indians.

The Senate, at 5:10 o'clock p.m., adjourned.

HOUSE PROCEEDINGS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—HOUSE. Speaker Henderson, who has been confined to his room by illness for several days, called the House to order today. After some routine business had been transacted, the debate upon the Reapportionment Bill was resumed. Mr. Dalzell of Pennsylvania took the floor and delivered a speech of an hour in support of the Hopkins bill.

MR. WHITE GETS FIERCE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Mr. White of North Carolina, the only colored man in the House, created a sensation by a fierce denunciation of the traducers of his race. He tried to obtain an opportunity to be heard during the general debate, he said, but it had been denied him. He was, he said, the representative of one-eighth of the population of the country, of a race that had been grossly misrepresented and maligned by three members of the House during the pending debate. He was glad, however, that the idle and slanderous words had come from young men against whom the "statute of youth" could be pleaded. Mr. White said he would take occasion a little later in a speech which, perhaps, would be his valedictory, to defend the men of his race, who were no less American citizens than those of white skin and Caucasian blood. Mr. White's remarks received a whirlwind of applause from the public gallery, in which were many of his race.

Mr. Clark of Missouri offered an amendment to create a Territory of the District of Columbia, and allow the district a delegate in the House. The amendment was ruled out on a point of order, but Mr. Clark in a five-minute speech declared it an "outrage" that 300,000 people living within the shadow of the national Capitol should be denied representation on the floor of the House. The only objection raised to the proposition, he said, came from the fine-haired and silk-stockinged persons who declared that if the people of the district were allowed to vote "the poor whites and the d——d niggers would vote them into bankruptcy."

A bill was passed to pay the mileage of messengers who shall bring the electoral votes of the several States to Washington at the rate of 25 cents per mile.

At 5:45 o'clock p.m., the House adjourned.

WESTERN FREIGHT RATES.

OPINION FROM COMMISSION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Interstate Commerce Commission today, in an opinion by Commissioner Prouty, announces its decision in the case of George J. Kindall and the Denver Chamber of Commerce against the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fé Railroad Company and others. The case involves the legality of greater freight charges to Denver than to San Francisco from the Missouri River and points East; greater freight charges from Denver than from the Missouri River and points east to San Francisco; greater freight charges to Denver than to the Missouri River and points East from San Francisco; greater freight charges from Denver than from San Francisco to the Missouri River, and points East. Water competition, the opinion says, fixes the rate between New York and San Francisco, and the carriers in pursuance of their own interests have recognized the desire of Chicago and Missouri River points to do business on the Pacific Coast, and for that reason have given to Chicago and points on the Missouri River a rate in no case higher and in many cases lower than obtains in New York.

The commission says if these railroads have carried the rate which water competition fixes, 1400 miles from the Atlantic seaboard, they must not ship there. Neither the desire to do business, nor the right to do business ceases with the Missouri River. Denver, 1000 miles west of Chicago, may demand the same treatment which its rival cities have received. It is held by the commission that the rates complained of are in violation of the fourth and third section of the act to regulate commerce, and that as a matter of general application, rates at Denver to or from the East or to and from the Pacific Coast ought not to be higher than those between San Francisco or other Pacific Coast terminals, and the Missouri River or points east.

In the case of east-bound traffic the carriers' contention that the rate of sugar might be higher to Denver than to the Missouri River is sustained, it being found that the commissions governing the traffic are different when it is carried to Missouri River points than when it stops at Denver. The commission also decides that Denver is not entitled, by reason of its being nearer San Francisco, to a lower rate than that in force from the Missouri River.

ABUSES OF EXCLUSION ACT.

BILL TO REMEDY THEM.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Representative Jenkins of Wisconsin today reported to the House a bill agreed upon by the Judiciary Committee designed to correct some of the abuses existing under the Chinese Exclusion Act. The legislation proposed was favored by the Attorney-General, and is the outgrowth of conditions which have prevailed in northern New York, as a result of which many Chinese have succeeded in unlawfully entering the United States.

The Chinese are made up of two classes; the first, returning merchants and laborers, who have a lawful right to enter the United States, and who come through the customhouses and are admitted without trouble. The other class has no right to enter. It consists of Chinese who are either smuggled across the border or come openly across the border, to be taken before a United States commissioner for trial.

Since the Supreme Court decision that persons born of Chinese parents in the United States are citizens and entitled to reënter without certificates, the number coming under the pretense of having been born here has constantly increased. The courts have held that the decisions of the custom officers on the question of citizenship are not conclusive, and more than three hundred Chinese have crossed the border into Franklin county since January, and have been taken before Commissioner Paddock at Malone for trial. The government, however, has failed to secure any deportations to speak of in the trials before Commissioner Paddock.

George H. Curtis, District Attorney for the Northern District of New York, in a letter submitted to the committee, reviews these conditions, and says it is highly important that the government be clothed with power to direct that these prosecutions be instituted before such commissioner in the district as it may select, and one of the amendments proposed by the bill has this object in view. The District Attorney further says:

"The efforts of the government are being circumvented by the Sheriff, his deputies, and by the United States Commissioner at Malone. While we are endeavoring to get the cases before other commissioners, I have been informed that parties who are steering the Chinamen in notify the Sheriff of Franklin county at which point upon the border they can be found, and he or his deputies go to the border and receive them, and then institute complaint before Commissioner Paddock."

Another amendment confines the warrants of arrest issued by United States Commissioners for alleged violations of the law to complaints made by government officers, except in certain instances.

VENEZUELA DIFFICULTY.

ONE SERIOUS PHASE REMOVED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—A special to the Herald from Washington says one of the serious phases of the Venezuelan asphalt controversy has been removed by the disposal of the rebel forces which have been operating against the Caracas government.

Minister Loomis wired the statement that the "revolutionary forces under Gen. Peresa have been completely crushed."

The Caracas government can therefore address itself to the task of preserving order in the territory involved in the trouble between the New York and Bermudez Company and the Warner-Quinlan-Sullivan syndicate.

Apprehension that the Venezuelan government would eject the men protecting the New York and Bermudez Company's property has been lessened, but the authorities would not be surprised should persons in the employ of the Warner-Quinlan-Sullivan syndicate, acting under the decree published by the Caracas government, attempt to take possession of the territory specified therein. Such attempt would bring on a conflict of arms between American citizens.

PANAMA THREATENED.

CONSUL-GENERAL SO CABLES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Consul-General Gudger at Panama cables to the State Department from Colombia that the Colombian government announces that the revolutionists are approaching Panama and making preparations for a fight, which is likely to occur soon.

The State Department intends to take vigorous action, if the city is threatened with bombardment, to protect American interests and to carry out the duties this country has assumed by treaty for the protection of the Isthmus of Panama.

ARMY CONFIRMATIONS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Senate has confirmed a large number of army nominations, of which the most important are: Col. Samuel M. Whiteside, Tenth Cavalry; Lieut.-Col. James B. Campbell, Thirtieth Infantry, and Maj. Charles Bird, quartermaster, to be brigadier-general of volunteers.

CAN REPEAT THE DOSE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—According to a treaty arrangement with Colombia, the United States has been given a certain measure of protection over the peaceful conduct of this traffic across the Isthmus. When Consul-General Gudger, a few months ago, reported that the revolutionists would bombard the city of Panama, acting Secretary of State Hill promptly sent a dispatch to Mr. Gudger announcing in unusually vigorous terms that this government would not tolerate any action likely to interfere with the rights which the United States government had assumed.

The dispatch became public in Panama, and had the effect of putting an end to the plans of bombardment. Gudger's present dispatch does not indicate that the city itself is about to be attacked, but if it develops, by later information, that there is any prospect of bombardment, the vigorous procedure of a few months ago will be repeated.

At present the gunboat Ranger is at Panama, and the Philadelphia and Iowa are on the way to that locality.

WILL LOOK INTO CANTEEN.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Senate Committee on Military Affairs has agreed to accept in modified form the amendment to the Army Bill suggested by Senator Hoar for the appointment of a committee to investigate the army canteen.

WAR REVENUE REDUCTION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The Senate Committee on Finance today began consideration of the war revenue amendment. The trend of the sentiment appeared favorable to a greater reduction than was made by the House bill. No time was set for future meetings.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY ILL WITH THE GRIP.

DR. RIXEY SAYS THERE ARE NO UNFAVORABLE SYMPTOMS.

The Chief Executive Must Keep to His Room for Several Days Until the Disease Shall Have Run Its Regular Course.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] President McKinley is ill. He has been in bed all day, and is likely to be there for some days to come. He has the grip, but there is nothing in his condition that causes alarm.

Dr. Rixey, the President's physician, said tonight that his patient had nearly normal temperature, and that there were no unfavorable indications of any sort, beyond those that usually attend cases of grip or severe colds. Though the President is able to be up, Dr. Rixey has advised him to remain in bed, in order to avoid risk.

Secretary Cortelyou said today that it is the intention of Dr. Rixey to keep his patient in his room as long as there is the slightest danger of aggravation or over exertion.

Mrs. McKinley is anxious about the President, but this signifies nothing, as she is herself far from well and is inclined to be nervous. Among the members of the Cabinet and others who are in a position to know the truth, there is no uneasiness concerning the President, beyond that which always attends cases of the grip.

CORTELYOU'S STATEMENT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—At 5 o'clock this evening, Secretary Cortelyou said concerning the President's illness:

"The President's cold has developed into a well-defined case of grip. The physician states that there are no complications, and that everything is progressing favorably. The disease must run its regular course, and the President therefore is not likely to be out of his room for some days."

ORMAN INAUGURATED.

New Colorado Governor's Inaugural Address Largely Devoted to State Finances.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

DENVER, Jan. 8.—Hon. James B. Orman was inaugurated as Governor of Colorado at noon today with only the simplest ceremonials. The oath was taken before Chief Justice Campbell of the Supreme Court in the hall of the House of Representatives, in the presence of the members of both houses of the Legislature. The attendance was limited by the issuance of tickets of admission. The only military display was the firing of a salute on the Capitol grounds by the Chaffee Light Artillery.

Gov. Orman read his inaugural message. It was very largely devoted to the question of State finances. Suggestions for financial laws were made including an inheritance tax, an income tax, and an increase in the assessment of mining property. He declared that taxation is not uniform. In this connection he says:

"As an example of this unjust condition of affairs, I will cite the large express companies who are doing business within the confines of our States; the Standard Oil Trust which lays tribute upon all our people and many other large corporations which absorb vast sums of money yearly yet pay no appreciable tax. One reason for this may be that the assessors are unable to find any tangible property upon which a valuation can be placed for assessment purposes. This is particularly true in the case of the express companies and that of the Standard Oil Trust.

"These corporations find it greatly to their profit to engage in business in this State, and as a result these large corporations' interests should be required to bear their proportion of the expenses of the State government. They live under its protection; they enjoy the blessings to be derived from its government, yet they are not contributors to its maintenance."

GERMAN DIET ASSEMBLES.

Speech from the Throne Read by the Chancellor—Scheme for the Construction of Waterways Presented.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

BERLIN, Jan. 8.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Diet was opened today in the name of Emperor William, who is suffering from a slight cold, by the Imperial Chancellor, Count Von Buelow, who read the speech from the throne.

The principal point in the speech was the announcement of the presentation of an extended canal bill, comprising not only the Rhine and Elbe scheme, but also the construction of a waterway for large ships between Berlin and Stettin; a more practicable waterway between the Oder and the Vistula, and improvements in the Wartha, lower Oder, lower Havel and Spree.

FULL PARTICULARS about the prizes, 50 amounting to $25,000, appear in this issue Page 4, Part II.

[THE] CRISIS IN CHINA.]

AT POINT OF THE BAYONET.

German Force Takes a Fortified Wall.

Chinese Driven Out of Sze Hai Kong.

Two Hundred Natives Killed—Delay in Signing of the Agreement.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

PEKING, Jan. 8.—[By Asiatic Cable.] A German expedition in the northern district encountered 3000 Chinese at Sze Hai Kong, twenty miles northwest of the junction of the Great Wall. The Germans retired toward Lui Tin Fu, where they were reinforced. The country is exceedingly mountainous, and the village is in an inclosed valley, with a walled entrance.

The Germans advanced to attack the wall, whereon the Chinese had mounted ten guns, including four old Krupps. A mountain battery bombarded the place for an hour, and the position was then taken at the point of the bayonet. Three hours of fighting occurred before the enemy was driven out of the valley. The Chinese loss is estimated at 200, and the Germans lost one killed and four wounded. The Germans, after destroying all the dwellings, retired to Ken Yen.

VON ROQUE'S REPORT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

PEKING, Jan. 7.—Von Roque, a nephew of Count Von Waldersee, rode seventy miles yesterday, bringing the news of a battle between the Chinese and German troops to the northwest of Peking. Three companies of infantry and one company of Uhlans met 2000 Chinese. An engagement ensued, in which 200 Chinese were killed and 300 were wounded. Three German soldiers and only one officer were killed, and several men were wounded. The Chinese fled.

PROTESTS FROM VICEROYS.

DELAY IN SIGNING NOTE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

PEKING, Jan. 7.—[By Asiatic Cable.] The protest of the Viceroy of Yang-Tse to the signing of a joint note has created little surprise here; but the fact that five other viceroys also protested, causing the court to instruct the plenipotentiaries not to sign the note, created a great sensation in Peking. The agreement has not yet been presented for signature. The ministers believe, however, that Prince Ching is too irrevocably bound verbally, and think he will sign.

The objections of the southern viceroys are precisely the same as those which the court originally telegraphed to Prince Ching, and concerning which, on the representations of Prince Ching and Li Hung Chang, the court eventually agreed to endeavor to make better terms after the signing of the note.

The court doubtless was influenced by the protests from the South, because it was generally felt that the dynasty had less influence there than in the North. Chang Chi Tung has strongly urged the court not to return to Peking, but to establish a capital in the Yang-Tse Valley. He says this will strengthen the south toward the Chinese cause, and that the signing of the agreement as it exists at present would be a most serious menace to the dynasty, as the state of the country is doubtful. The note will be signed if China is sincere in carrying out the provisions of the agreement.

Li Hung Chang is invisible to the public. His attendants claim that he is suffering from a serious relapse, though many persons think his relapse is made a convenience so that the signing of the note can be delayed until the court can be heard from again.

SHIFT OF NEGOTIATIONS.

SUGGESTION FROM AMERICA.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

PARIS, Jan. 8.—[By Atlantic Cable.] As the result of inquiries made in official circles, the Associated Press learns that it is true (as cabled from Washington to the Daily Mail of London) that the United States has put forth a tentative suggestion that the peace negotiations be shifted from Peking to Washington. The French government, however, has not received a formal proposition, and therefore its attitude on the subject is not determined.

DOWAGER'S OPPOSITION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Minister Conger cables to the State Department that there is ground for the belief that the Empress Dowager is opposing the acceptance by China of the demands of the powers.

DOWAGER IN THE WAY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—The negotiations which have been proceeding for some time relative to the removal from Peking of some of the subjects of international negotiations, so that they could be taken up at Washington or at the capital of one of the other powers, have now advanced to a stage where there is promise of a satisfactory understanding among the powers on this move. The matter of indemnity and commercial treaties will probably be taken up at Washington, or one of the other capitals. It will be, in the main, a conference among the powers, although it is expected that the Chinese envoys will be invited to participate after the proceedings reach a stage where unity of action among the powers is assured.

Minister Conger was heard from today in a cablegram to the State Department. The text of the dispatch was not given out, but it was made known that in substance Mr. Conger confirmed recent press reports to the effect that there was reason to believe that the Empress Dowager was exerting her influence against the acceptance of the demands submitted by the powers. It is the feeling among officials here that the influence still wielded by the Empress Dowager may lead to serious complications in case she seeks to bring to a halt the negotiations now pending. The powers, by stating their demands to be irrevocable, made them practically an ultimatum, and while a refusal to sign by China would not result in a declaration of war to enforce the demands, there would be a prolonged occupancy of Peking, and this might lead to fresh complications threatening the integrity of the Chinese empire.

The United States government is seeking to insist upon the signing of the treaty by the Chinese envoys, on the ground that they presented credentials clothing them with complete authority to act without the necessity of first submitting their acts to the imperial court for approval. Based on these credentials, Mr. Conger and the other ministers at Peking are urging that the envoys should sign without reference to the court, and in case the signatures are given, they will be accepted as a complete expression of the will of the Chinese government.

TOO MUCH EDICT FOR THE MINISTERS.

THEY MANIFEST ANXIETY OVER THE PRESENT SITUATION.

Li Hung Chang Declares That China and Himself Will Sign the Agreement No Matter What May Be the Consequences.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's Peking cablegram dated January 7, says that in an interview with the Sun correspondent, Li Hung Chang stated that Prince Ching and himself had communicated to the foreign ministers only the most important part of the edict issued by the Emperor and Dowager, in which twelve articles of the preliminary-demand note of the powers were accepted. The edict referred to contained another clause at the end, which ordered the commissioners to arrange certain details with the ministers in an amicable manner. This part had not been communicated to the foreign representatives, but now that the full edict has been received, Li and Ching would also notify the ministers of this section. Li Hung Chang said, however, that this clause would not alter the policy of the Chinese peace envoys. They intended to act upon the original edict and assume all responsibility, and they would ignore the latter decree forbidding them to sign the note.

"In view of this provision," the correspondent asked, "are you justified in signing the treaty?"

Li replied: "We attach much importance to the first part of the edict, approving the twelve articles, and will act upon that, whatever the consequence may be to us."

"But if the ministers should ask whether, in signing the treaty, you had the approval of your government, what would you say?"

"We would refer to the first edict, which we consider justifies us in signing."

The ministers are anxious over the situation. They insist, however, that the notification to Li Hung Chang and Prince Ching of the first edict is equivalent to signing. They do not predict what will happen if the Dowager Empress refuses to withdraw the second decree.

CHING SEES ENVOYS.

POWERS' CONDITIONS ACCEPTED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PARIS, Jan. 9.—[By Atlantic Cable.] The Havas Agency has received the following dispatch from Peking, dated January 5: Prince Ching visited the foreign envoys upon the New Year and accepted the conditions of yesterday's note. Li Hung Chang is still sick."

FUNERAL OF ARMOUR.

Public Services to Be Held in Deference to the Wishes of His Many Admirers at Chicago.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The funeral of Philip D. Armour will take place tomorrow in the Armour mission. The family found it necessary late last night to make a change in the original plan, which contemplated only a private service at the residence, No. 2115 Prairie avenue. So many manifestations of public interest and sympathy were aroused by the death of Mr. Armour that those intrusted with the arrangements quickly perceived that the capacity of the residence would be inadequate.

Late last night the following notice was issued by the family: "The final arrangements regarding the funeral of the late Philip D. Armour provide for private services at the family residence, for relatives and friends at a time not yet fixed. The public service will be held at the Armour Mission, Thirty-third street and Armour avenue, where the body will lie in state from noon until 2 o'clock p.m., Wednesday, January 9."

The honorary pallbearers will be: Roswell Miller, C. H. McCormick, John C. Black, George B. Harris, Jesse Spalding, Frank H. Head, Marshall Field, George H. Webster, C. M. Favorite, A. J. Earling, Otto Young and Samuel Allerton.

EXECUTION PUT OFF.

Cases of Two Convicted Murderers at Salt Lake Will Be Reviewed by the Supreme Court.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SALT LAKE (Utah.) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] James C. Lynch and Robert L. King, convicted of the murder of Col. Prouse in a sheep-ranch gambling-house here, and condemned to be executed next Friday, have been given a new lease of life. This afternoon Deputy County Clerk Fred W. Little served a copy of certificate of probable cause of appeal, signed by Judge Booth, who tried the case, on Sheriff Naylor, commanding him to not execute the men on the day named.

This action will give the attorneys of the convicted men a chance to perfect an appeal, and have the case reviewed by the Supreme Court, and in the mean time the condemned men will continue to live, getting as much enjoyment out of life as their surroundings will permit.

HE WAS NOT DRUNK. BUT HAS SMALLPOX.

JAMES HUGHES KICKS OFFICER SPERRY'S JAW OPEN.

Salt Lake Young Man Made Crazy by Disease—Breaks Out of Quarantine and Rushes Down Town Only to Be Arrested.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SALT LAKE, (Utah.) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch:] James Hughes, a young man, who has been under quarantine at the home of his brother on South Tenth East street on account of smallpox, lost his reason Saturday last, and since that time he has been watched carefully, but this morning, while unguarded, he sprang from his bed, and rushed into the street on his way down town.

He came direct to the business district, shouting and gesticulating wildly en route. A crowd of boys, attracted by his cries, supposing him to be intoxicated, followed him, pelting him with snowballs. He finally wound up at the corner of Main and Temple streets, where Officer Sperry saw him and telephoned for the patrol wagon. When the wagon came, Hughes was placed in it without much difficulty, but insisted on standing up on the way to the station in order that he might harangue the pedestrians who lined the sidewalks on either side of the street.

When in the presence of the desk sergeant, he realized that he was under arrest. A struggle ensued, during which Officer Sperry was so severely kicked in the face by Hughes as to have his left jaw broken. Then it was observed that the upper part of Hughe's face and head were covered with postules. The Health physician was called, and he pronounced the case smallpox.

During his wild scurry through the streets, Hughes came in contact with many persons.

Strauss's Gall-stones.

DENVER, Jan. 8.—A special to the Republican from Albuquerque, N. M., says that Edward Strauss, the noted musician, arrived there from California yesterday, suffering from gall-stones, and was unable to appear with his company last night. After treatment by a local physician, the patient was pronounced much better today, and was able to leave ofr the North.

CITY HOTELS

NATICK HOUSE
HART BROS. Cor. First and Main
Props. XXX
"The Popular Hotel," remodeled, 75 additional rooms, all newly furnished, everything strictly first-class. Elevator. American plan, $1.25 to $2.00; latter includes suites with private baths. European plan, 50 cents up.

LAKE VIEW HOTEL,
Cor. Sixth and Sherman Sts.
Westlake Park, Los Angeles, a new and elegant family hotel, strictly first-class, furnishing entirely new and up-to-date—steam heat, hot and cold water, electric lights in every room, the location overlooking the park and lake is unsurpassed; rates reasonable. A. F. ROBBINS, Prop., and also of Hotel Brunswick, corner Hill and Sixth Streets.

HOTEL ROSSLYN.—Delightfully located on Main Street, opposite Postoffice. Largest and finest appointed hotel at moderate rates in California. Every modern convenience; sunny suites with private bath rooms attached; telephone and steam heat in every room; electric cars to R. R. depots and all points of interest. American plan $2 per day and up; European, $1 per day up. ROSS & WELFER.

THE WESTLAKE HOTEL
J. B. DUKE, Prop.
720 Westlake Avenue.
A select family hotel, delightful residence portion, one block from Westlake Park. Newly furnished. Telephone M 561. Rates $2 and up; special rates to families by the month.

The Hotel Richelieu.
142 South Grand Avenue
P. M. NELSON, Prop.
A select family hotel. Bright, sunny rooms. Finest view of the city and surrounding mountains and the ocean. Telephone Black No. 2291.

HOTEL BALTIMORE,
N. E. Cor. 7th and Olive Sts., City.
European plan, new management, refurnished and renovated; sunny suites with private baths.
HAMILTON JOHNSON.

Bellevue Terrace Hotel—Cor. Sixth and Figueroa streets, Geo. W. Lynch & Co., props. Strictly first-class Family Hotel. Fine cuisine, newly furnished, sunny rooms, steam heat, baths, large play grounds for children, an ideal, picturesque California hotel, rates $2.00 and up. Special terms by the week.

HOTEL LINCOLN...339 SOUTH HILL STREET.
A strictly first-class family hotel. All modern, with first-class table board.
W. J. VERGE, Prop.

The California—Cor. Second and Hill streets, city. A select Family Hotel, conveniently located, having been entirely renovated; under new management.
THOS. PASCOE.

San Ysidro Ranch and Cottages
Near Santa Barbara.
On the foothills overlooking the sea. Ideal climate; orange groves; near golf links. Illustrated booklet.
Harleigh Johnston.

SUPERB ROUTES OF TRAVEL—
SAN DIEGO and CORONADO BEACH
The most beautiful spot in the world, only four hours from Los Angeles. The ride is delightful, carrying you for seventy miles along the Pacific Ocean Beach. Excursion rates. Santa Fe Office, Cor. Second and Spring Streets.

TIMELY SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENTS—
CARBONS—"Every Picture a work of Art." 17—MEDALS—17
Visitors should not miss the opportunity to have photographs taken under the most favorable conditions of atmosphere in the world
STUDIO 120½ S. SPRING ST., Opp. Hollenbeck.
Steckel
KEFFEL'S CONFECTIONERY—321 S. Spring.
Manufacturers of Keffel's celebrated Ice Cream, $1.00 gallon. Telephone Main 97.

GE REVIEWS STATE NEEDS.

...thy Message Sent ... the Legislature.

...omy Strongly Urged ... Appropriations.

...ing Practice Opposed—...stigation of Plague. ...llow Press Scored.

...BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]
...CRAMENTO, Jan. 8.—The mes... of Gov. Gage was today trans... to each House of the Legisla... The document is about 25,000 ... in length, and is an exhaustive ... of all matters of state, with ...mendations for legislation at this ... The Governor places special ... on the need of economy in ...ations and in the control of ...stitutions. The more impor... of the message follow:

...senting to your honorable ... suggestions in this first bi... message of my administration, I ... deeply moved by my sense of ...ty and public responsibility. ... bring in view the public weal, ... your powers are the highest ... extensive under the Constitu... confide in your integrity and ...ot which public duty demands, ...ay receive from your honor... ready and responsive as...

...ent of an individual, as a gen... affects him alone, for his ...t injuring the few around him ...arily restrained; but the ... of a bad law affects the whole ... and its poison may spread ...overy and the injury may ... though afterward an... ...cision of a court or re... ...t act of a future Legisla...

...t becomes your duty not to ... executive, with his lim... ...for a remedy by way of ... should carefully scruti... ...measure introduced both in ... and in the House. Your fa... ...the history of bills and ...y of hearing discussions ... you an advantage, for ...er the executive. Nor ... exclusively upon the ... committees. It often ... the hard-worked mem... ...bers have little or no ... thorough examination ... measure, and only ... courtesy, and the ...ies upon the mere ... of such committee.

...ected by the peo... have never harbored ... of the splendid repre... ported plague bacilli, and that honest people were thereby deluded? I was then investigating the matter, and would report as quickly as possible. Thereafter, upon the 13th of June, 1900, my labors occupying weeks were completed, the different medical views maturely considered, and I was satisfied beyond all reasonable doubt that the bubonic plague had not been in the Chinese quarter of San Francisco, nor in any other part of the city, nor in any part of the State.

"I personally know, with respect to some of the same subjects, officially reported as plague-stricken, that where lymph was taken from such subjects, under my direction, and most carefully watched and handled, no such results were produced under the microscope or upon animals as those reported by Dr. Kinyoun. When this federal quarantine officer reported that his inoculated animals died of plague, those inoculated under my direction fattened and thrived.

"In the glands which were taken during my investigation for experiment and examination, extreme care was taken to guard against tampering, and to prevent them from being mixed with imported slides and cultures.

"Under such circumstances, would it not be fair and just to assume that by accident some one erred in the selection of slides and cultures, if such results as those reported by Dr. Kinyoun were in truth obtained? But at all events it must be remembered that Dr. Kinyoun, who has been so persistently obstinate in his reports of plague, never had any experience with the disease proper, his experience being derived wholly from books and laboratory work, and not from practice among victims of the plague, as was stated in my report above set forth to His Excellency John Hay.

PRECAUTIONARY LAW ASKED.

"The deadly character of the bubonic plague germ is such that medical authorities are agreed that such bacilli are transmissible not only in secretions and excretions, but also from man to man, from animal, insects and from objects, as well as from the soil. The importation and possession of such deadly germs is therefore fraught with danger to the people, and should be prohibited by law.

"The paramount concern of the State of California for the sanitary condition of the people may be observed from the great damage done to the business and industries of the State through the recent false reports of the existence of plague."

The Governor recommends that it be made a felony punishable by life imprisonment for any one to import plague cultures into the State for any purpose, and also the same punishment for any one who develops plague cultures in California without the written permission of the State Board of Health and the approval of the executive. The Governor recommends an extension of the duties and powers of the State Board of Health and the appointment of a State quarantine official. He also wants vessels from foreign ports to be examined by State officials, and that physicians and county officers be required to report suspected cases of plague to the State Board of Health. He continues:

"It is an extremely regrettable fact that the injury to the business and industries of the State was largely increased through false and sensational newspaper organs, managed and edited by those who certainly had not at heart the welfare of the State above their own selfish interests. The circulation of such untrustworthy publications disseminated the plague scare broadcast, and wrought much of the injury which the people of the State have sustained.

TO CENSOR THE PRESS.

"No State should permit such an outrage to be committed against its citizens by any man, set of men, or corporation. I believe in a free, but not in a licentious press. I believe in just public criticism by the press of public officers, and in proper and just warnings by the press of public and private dangers, whether from disease or otherwise. I would not desire, were it possible under our Constitution and laws, for a censorship to be established over the press, notwithstanding some abuses. I am, however, firmly of the opinion that legislation is necessary to protect the people in the conduct of their business and the sale of their products and commodities. Such acts, causing great wrongs to the State by an individual or a corporation, should be declared criminal, and severe punishment should be meted out to such offenders.

"I suggest, therefore, that it should be declared a felony for any person or corporation to publish or procure to be published within this State any false report of the presence of bubonic plague within this State, and that it be likewise declared a felony for any person or corporation within this State to publish or procure to be published without this State the existence within this State of bubonic plague.

"The reputation for public health is a most valuable right of a State and of its people, and the reputation of the State for health should not be destroyed, nor the business nor industries of its citizens interrupted nor impaired through the malicious pen of a scribbler, writing either for profit or sensation. Reputation for public health is connected closely with public safety, and with the enjoyment by the citizens of their private property, and the care and maintenance of that public health are within the sovereign powers of the State.

"The passage of such laws will not be repressive of the liberty of the press. The common law afforded full protection against malicious and seditious libels and publications, and where the public health and public safety are liable to be assailed by evil and designing persons, laws should be passed for the protection of the people in this regard. The people cannot permit their business and industries to be checked, injured or destroyed at the mere whim and caprice of a private person or private corporation, conducting a newspaper, which is capable of disseminating far and wide malicious or false reports respecting the condition of the public health of the State."

NEEDS OF UNIVERSITY.

The Governor calls attention to the needs of the State University and says the officers of the university will seek relief from the present Legislature. Its total income for the last fiscal year aggregated $368,01.64. The recommendation is made that nonresident students be compelled to pay tuition fees. The Governor finds that the State institutions are all well administered with the exception of a few that are not under his control. He refers to the scandals in the State Pharmacy and Dental boards and says he has not the power to correct them. He says the National Guard is in good condition and numbers over four thousand men. He refers to county claims against the State and says:

"The time for the presentation of claims of every nature by counties and persons against the State should be limited by law. No county claim arising more than six months prior to any new administration should be permitted to be paid by such administration. It is impossible to obtain proof of the validity of such claims where years elapse before presentation. It is proper, therefore, that a stringent law should be passed for the protection of the State against claims of whatsoever nature." Speaking of insane asylums, he says:

PRISONS AND ASYLUMS.

"The number of patients in the asylums of this State is 1311, of which 1960 are females. While some abuses remain which require attention at the hands of the Board of Managers (which it is to be hoped will soon be removed) yet, on the whole, the State hospitals for the insane, so far as it has been possible for the present administration to deal with the questions, are much better managed than ever before."

The Governor recommends that the State Lunacy Commission be given the power to liberate competent persons from private and public asylums without resorting to court trials; also that a quarantine against insane people from other States be instituted. The Governor speaks of the pardoning power and gives warning that applications savoring of political influence will result in speedy denials. He recommends the death penalty for life convicts who feloniously assault any person in the State prisons, and that the power of the State prison directors in paroling prisoners should be extended. The Governor warns the Legislature against extravagance, and concludes by saying:

"It is impossible in a message to call attention to all the necessities of the State, and as you are each acquainted with a particular district and with its actual needs, I will be pleased at all times during the session to confer with you as to all such needs, so that the legislative and executive departments may intelligently cooperate in an economic government, by giving the people the lowest rate of taxation in the history of the State.

URGES GREAT CARE.

"I most respectfully again request that a close examination may be made of each measure, both in the House, as well as in the committee, before it receives your final sanction. Perfection in legislation we cannot expect; but if the lawmakers be earnest and active, and if the laws passed be intrinsically just, their object conformable with the prevalent public spirit, and if they be expedient, then will such measures contribute to the public welfare.

"The subordination of self to public obligation is the first duty of the legislator. Good laws are the forceful expressions of the public will. To recognize the equity of the law and to so frame its provisions as to be adapted to the general welfare, the legislator should advise himself of the dominent sense of public right. When the individual conscience of the legislator harmonizes with the public conscience, the unfoldment of law is both easy and reasonable, and the legislation is commensurate with the public good and public demands.

"Obeying the dictates of right conscience and swayed by our sacred official oaths, let us patriotically, zealously and economically labor together, so as to assist in the highest development of the State."

SICKNESS AT NEW YORK.

Two Hundred and Fifty Thousand Cases of Grip, Bronchitis and Pneumonia at the Metropolis.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—It is estimated that there are 250,000 cases of grip, bronchitis and pneumonia in the city. Not only the city hospitals, but private institutions, are full to overflowing, and physicians in many instances are finding it difficult to make their rounds.

It is remarked that while the characteristics of the malady are much the same as in former years, the disease has assumed a catarrhal tendency which is new.

STOPS THE COUGH
and Works Off the Cold.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets cure a cold in one day. No cure, no pay. Price 25 cents.

BRIGHT
Woman
wanted
at Pasadena
(and other towns;)
Steady employment—good wages.
See big ad., page 5, Part II.

SOLONS READY FOR BUSINESS.

Legislature Perfects its Organization.

Measures Introduced in Both Houses.

Governor's Message Late—Additional Employees Named. The Patronage.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SACRAMENTO, January 8.—Both branches of the Legislature have perfected organization, the Governor's message has been filed with the clerk of the Assembly, although the Senate has not yet received it, and the business of the session can be commenced in earnest. Neither house was called to order until 2 o'clock p.m. today, the Senate remaining in session but a few minutes and the Assembly perfecting its organization.

Rev. W. C. Evans opened proceedings in the Senate with prayer.

The Committee on Rules reported, recommending that rule No. 35 be amended so that the standing committees shall be thirty-four in number. The new committees cover no new subjects, and the effect of the increase is to divide the work formerly done by twenty-six committees. The Committee on Public Morals is dropped.

Devlin offered an amendment that the Committee on Rules consist of seven members instead of three.

Cutter objected that it was proposed that the Senate Committee on Rules shall ever have such power as is exercised by the Congress Committee on Rules. The Senate Committee on Rules had little to do, and three members were amply sufficient.

Simpson spoke to the same effect.

The amendment was lost and the report was adopted.

The committees were as follows: Contingent Expenses Apportionment, Banking, Commerce, Constitutional Amendments, Corporations, County Government, Education, Elections, Enrollment and Engrossing Bills, Executive Communications, Federal Relations, Finance, Forestry and Water Storage, Fish and Game, Hospitals, Irrigation, Judiciary, Revision of Codes, Labor and Capital, Drainage and Débris, Mining, Military Affairs, Municipal Corporations, Reformatories, Printing, Revenue and Taxation, Highways, Rules, Prisons, Agriculture, Food Adulteration.

QUARANTINE ON PESTS.

Caldwell offered a joint resolution urging Congress to pass House Bill No. 96, relative to the quarantine measures for the protection of the citrus industry of the United States from importation of insect pests, particularly the orange maggot or Mexican orange worm, which, the Senator said, had ruined the orange industry of Mexico, and threatened to invade California.

The resolution which was adopted under suspension of the rules, is as follows:

"Whereas, the quarantine which this State has maintained against the introduction of insect pests and plant diseases has been of unmeasurable benefit to our horticultural and agricultural interests; and, whereas, there is now before Congress a bill which was introduced by Hon. Mr. Wadsworth and is entitled 'H. R. bill No. 96,' and which bill provides for a national quarantine against such pests and plant diseases; and, whereas, the operation of this bill would be very beneficial to the horticultural interests, and especially to the citrus fruit industry; therefore, be it

"Resolved, by the Senate of the State of California, the Assembly concurring, that we respectfully, but urgently, request the Congress of the United States to enact said bill (H. R. Bill No. 96) at its present session, thereby securing to our horticultural interests immunity from further insect enemies and to the citrus fruit growers freedom from the introduction of the orange fruit maggot.

"Resolved, that the Governor of California is respectfully requested to telegraph these resolutions to the honorable President of the Senate and the honorable Speaker of the House of Representatives."

TO REMOVE KINYOUN.

Cutter offered a joint resolution, requesting President McKinley to relieve Dr. J. J. Kinyoun from further service as quarantine officer at San Francisco and on the Pacific Coast, for the reasons contained in the report of Gov. Gage to the Secretary of State of the United States, in the resolutions passed by the Republican State Central Committee June 18 last; also by the Chamber of Commerce of San Francisco and other public bodies, and in "the universal expression of the press of the State, all of which reasons still exist, and if possible, in greater force."

Further, that the resolution be transmitted to the President of the United States by telegraph. The resolution was referred without debate to the Committee on Federal Relations.

The following additional attachés were appointed to be paid out of the contingent funds of the Senate:

ADDITIONAL ATTACHES.

Bill Filers—John Newford, James Nolan, L. Kirschbaum, Eugene Lynch; each $7 per diem.

Assistant history clerk—Percy Milnes, $6.

Assistant index clerk—Miss Villa Thompson, $4.

Postmasters—Miss M. Hughes and Miss Callie Johnson; each $4.

Assistant file clerk—Patrick Gray, $4.

Assistant sergeant-at-arms—Thomas Yore, $5.

Assistant book-keeper to sergeant-at-arms—W. N. Ent, $5.

Watchmen—E. A. Tibbitts, P. H. Hurley; each $3.

Document clerk—J. McCue, $4.

Assistant clerk of Judiciary Committee—William Archibald, $5.

Clubroom clerk—Bert Sheldon, $4.

Assistant mailing clerk—John Gallagher, $4.

Sergeant-at-arms, Finance Committee—Robert Sullivan, $5.

Watchman—Louis Hoin, $2.

Gate-keeper—William Jennings, $3.

Porter—Arthur Lee, $3.

Assistant sergeants-at-arms—J. C. Tittle, J. P. Fyce, W. I. Burns, I. S. Hawley; each $5; Thomas Sullivan, $4.

Bill clerks—L. Schurteg and Thomas Rea, $4 each.

Doorkeepers—W. H. Riggan, A. D. Burnett, each $3.

Messenger to State Printer—O. R. Morgan, $3.

Assistant document clerk—William Eden, $4.

Bill clerk—John J. Curry, $4.

Pages—E. Feeney and Ralph Schneer, each $2.50.

Assistant file clerk—Romer Ritchie, $4.

Page—W. Lardner, $2.50.

Indexer—A. L. Fisher, $5.

Bill flier—A. M. Martin, $4.

Sergeant-at-arms—R. T. Sepulvida, $3.

Messenger to secretary—Don J. Shields, $3.

The Senate then adjourned until 3 o'clock p.m. tomorrow.

MESSAGE TOO LATE.

As the Senators were filing out of the chamber, W. I. Foley, the Governor's secretary, flushed with his rapid passage up the stairs from the Governor's office, for it had been given out that the Senate was about to adjourn, appeared with the Governor's message. It was to have been delivered at that hour.

A frantic effort was made to reconvene the Senate, but this was impossible, and Foley had to take the message back to the Governor. Later in the day it was filed with the clerk of the Assembly. It will probably be given to the Senate tomorrow. The incident has caused considerable amusement here, as through the action of the Senate in not giving the Governor an opportunity to present his message in a dignified way, it was published in San Francisco before it had been presented in either branch of the Legislature.

When the Assembly was called to order this afternoon, it was found that the Committee on Patronage of the Republican caucus had not completed its labors. Recess was accordingly taken until the caucus could agree upon the basis that patronage should be distributed.

At 3 o'clock the Assembly reconvened and Kelly introduced a resolution appointing the following employés of the House at the per diem named:

EMPLOYEES OF HOUSE.

James Oliver, H. S. Wanzer, Clark Alberti, L. A. Hilborn, assistant clerks, $6; James Meredith, assistant sergeant-at-arms $5; F. McNamara, clerk to sergeant-at-arms, $5; I. Wertheimier, book-keeper to sergeant-at-arms, $5; Amos Broughton, Thomas K. Carr, assistant minute clerks, $6; R. L. Dempsey, journal clerk, $6; J. Lucy, assistant journal clerk, $6; L. F. Stinson, engrossing and enrolling clerk, $6; J. Kuester, Stanley Moorhead, assistant engrossing and enrolling clerks, $5; John Mott, file clerk, $6; James Brady, C. F. Rednall, A. C. Jennings, J. P. Fay, bill filers, each $4; Rev. C. P. Wilson, chapiain, $4; Ida Thomas, postmistress, $4; Alice Burns, assistant postmistress, $4; L. Brady, mail carrier, $3; Eddie Roder, W. J. Evatt, Jr., Emmett Rhoades, James Hourigan, Allan W. Hasson, F. J. Swears, pages, $2.50; Charles Fiske, Thomas P. Stewart, Fred Pierce, gate-keepers, $3; A. Davis doorkeeper, $3; William Barry, gallery doorkeeper, $3; Robert G. Smith, messenger to printer, $3; Percy Beight, history clerk, $6; Rolla Fuller, bill clerk, $4; Walter Robertson, J. Breen, F. B. Grant, F. T. Bartlett, assistant bill clerks, $4; Robert Crowley, John Daley, E. Clark, Charles Klinkner, W. B. Reynolds, S. Tombs, Alex Johnson, J. C. Bates, Jr., Frank Storrer, W. F. Eschbacher, M. Garibaldi, J. S. Chambers, W. S. Hickman, T. Bassety, committee clerks, $4; Joseph Myrick, Ed Skelley, E. J. Shay, W. A. Brown, E. M. Treadwell, E. C. Wallin, C. L. Seavey, Edwin Hahn, Tiram Hopkins, D. M. Noble, David Creemer, J. M. Magee, Thomas Kendrick, committee clerks, $4; E. J. Dwyer, William Zambriski, committee clerks, $3; A. D. Shaw, S. Garrett, F. Bridges, Herman De Laguna, L. O'Neill, stenographers, $5; George Ashley, George Brown, B. R. McDonald, J. H. Howell, — McClellan, porters, $4; William Blakeley, Cornelius Gould, John Costre, watchmen, $3; F. J. Sweaney, sergeants-at-arms to Judiciary Committee, $3; George P. Merritt, sergeant-at-arms to Ways and Means Committee, $3; Fred Moesch, electrician, $4; James Connell, elevator attendant, $3.

Millice introduced a resolution advocating a quarantine against fruit pests, similar to that which Caldwell had introduced in the Senate.

BILLS IN ASSEMBLY.

The following bills were introduced:

Assembly Bill, No. 1, appropriating $500 to pay mileage and per diem of the Presidential electors.

Assembly Bill, No. 2, transferring $50,000 from the general fund to the State printing fund to defray the expenses of legislative printing.

C. W. Kyle was appointed to assist the chief clerk during the coming week.

Adjournment was proposed, but it was understood that inasmuch as the Governor's message was already before the people, the Governor would be placed in an embarrassing position if the Assembly adjourned before it was presented, and a committee of three, consisting of Messrs. Anderson, Ralston and James, was appointed to notify the Governor that the Assembly was ready to commence business. The committee soon returned, closely followed by Secretary Foley, who presented the document. The title was read, and Anderson moved that further reading be dispensed with. The motion was unanimously carried. Adjournment was then taken until 2 o'clock p.m. tomorrow.

The committee appointed by the Senate at its last session to investigate the State Printing Office, has completed its report, which is a very long document, covering sixty-seven typewritten pages of foolscap.

In regard to the State school books, the committee finds that the methods of the State Board of Education in estimating cost are faulty, and that generally the cost is in excess of the prices for which the books are sold. The report says the board has over-estimated the sale of school books annually to the extent of $48,563.

STATE PRINTING OFFICE.

The committee, in summing up their report, find that the charges made by the office are from 15 to 60 per cent. in advance of prices made by commercial houses for similar work; that the machinery of the office is antiquated and should be replaced with modern appliances; that at least seven linotype machines should be purchased; that the conditions are such that at times incompetent workmen are employed, and that the rumors of corruption, inattention to business and general inefficiency are untrue.

The committee recommend that the State printing office be maintained and appropriations be made for the purchase of the new machinery and equipment required to make it a first-class modern office. In regard to wages, it is recommended that a law be passed providing that all operatives be paid the highest ruling rate of union wages now prevailing in California.

It is further recommended that the office of State Printer be made appointive and at the pleasure of the Governor, instead of elective, for a fixed term, as at present.

Chairman Leavitt said today that the committee will introduce bills designed to carry into effect the recommendations of the report. The bill providing for the purchase of new machinery and equipment will carry an appropriation of from 250,000 to $60,000. The committee consists of three hold-over Senators—Leavitt of Alameda; Shortridge of Santa Clara, and Ashe of San Francisco.

NUTT'S FATHER DEAD.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SACRAMENTO, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Senator A. E. Nutt of San Diego received a telegram tonight announcing the death of his father, Dr. J. J. Nutt, at San Diego. He will leave for home early tomorrow morning, and may be away for a week or more, as he may have to accompany the remains to Chicago. Dr. Nutt had been ill for a long time, and was 77 years of age.

SYMPATHY WITH FILIPINOS.

MISSOURI LIKES DARK MEAT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

JEFFERSON (Mo.,) Jan. 8.—A bill was introduced in the Senate today providing for the punishment of kidnaping by hanging, and by a vote of 75 to 47 the House today adopted a resoluton expressng sympathy with the Filipinos in their struggle for liberty.

ELKINS INDORSED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHARLESTON (W. Va.,) Jan. 8.—The Republican legislative caucus tonight unanimously indorsed United States Senator Elkins for Senator to succeed himself.

CONTESTS AT HELENA.

AFFECT SENATE AND HOUSE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

HELENA (Mont.,) Jan. 8.—Contests were filed today involving the seat of one Republican Senator, two Republican members of the House, and tomorrow contests will be filed involving the seats of five independent or Daly Democrats in the House.

COLORADO CANNIBAL RELEASED FROM PRISON.

ALFRED PACKER'S TERM CUT SHORT BY GOV. THOMAS.

Had Served Seventeen Years of a Forty-year Sentence for the Murder of Five Prospectors—Admitted Having Eaten the Dead Men.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

DENVER, Jan. 8.—The last official act of Gov. Thomas today was to grant a pardon to Alfred Packer. Packer has been in prison for over seventeen years. He was sentenced to a forty-year term in the year 1883.

Packer's alleged crime was the murder of a party of five prospectors in the wilds of Colorado. He admitted that he killed one of the men, whom, he said, was insane and had assaulted him after murdering the other four with a hatchet. Packer was 100 miles from civilization at the time, and was compelled, he said, to eat the flesh of the murdered men to keep himself from starving.

DANGERFIELD IN DANGER.

PACIFIC GROVE, Jan. 8.—Former Postmaster E. B. Dangerfield of this city was accidentally shot by Stanley Gosby of Sacramento while they were out pigeon shooting. The shot entered Dangerfield's face and neck, but did not inflict serious wounds.

MEXICAN GOLD MINE SOLD.

ST. LOUIS, Jan. 8.—A special to the Globe-Democrat from Oaxaca, Mex., says the Escuadra gold mine, situated near Oactlan, State of Oaxaca, has just been sold to a New York syndicate for $3,500,000. J. Sloat Fassett is said to be one of the purchasers.

Our Mid-Winter Clean-up Sale.

The biggest bargains being offered that were ever heard of. The biggest crowds in our store we have ever had. You may save the biggest amount of money, in purchasing from this clean-up stock, that you have ever done in similar sales.

Of Interest to Ladies.

Former $10.50 SUITS Clean-up $7.50
All wool storm serge in navy and black, silk serge lined, fly front jackets, bell sleeves, tailor stitched seams and lined skirts.

Former $15.00 SUITS Clean-up $10.50
All wool homespun and venetian cloths, silk serge lined, 6 button dip front jackets, in castor, grey and black, latest cut in skirt styles.

Former $20.00 SUITS Clean-up $15.00
In navy black and gray Eaton jackets, applique collars, revers and skirts, also a sample lot of fine blouse suits under this heading.

Former $25.00 SUITS Clean-up $18.00
All-wool venetian and camel's hair in tan, blue and browns, blouse effects, corded back and fronts, corduroy and taffeta trimmed flare skirts.

Hale's GOOD GOODS
107-109 North Spring Street.

CITY DIRECTORY.

The Los Angeles City Directory Company begs to inform the business public that they have purchased from the Los Angeles Modern Directory Company all their right, title and estate in the publishing of the Los Angeles City Directory, and that the Los Angeles City Directory Company will now be the sole publishers of the City Directory.

Los Angeles City Directory Co.,
215-216 Henne Block.
Telephone Main 1397.

B. GORDON TAILOR
WE
invite examination of our WOOLENS, FASHION PLATES AND PRICES.
104 S. SPRING ST. OPP. NADEAU, LOS ANGELES.

CLEAR YOUR FACE.
The cleanest, smoothest, whitest skin, free from wrinkle, pimple, spot or blemish can be obtained by my special individual treatment. Full information free. Call or address M. ELLA HARRIS, 756 S. Broadway, cor. 8th. Phoenix Block 1050. All letters held strictly confidential.

—MONTEBELLO—
Frostless all the year round. Booklets free.
K. Cohn & Co. 415 N. MAIN.

JEWELRY REPAIRED—
And made to look like new, at moderate prices.
W. J. GETZ, Jeweler,
326 South Broadway

WAR

Cutters? Of course, we're cutters! We'll cut any price on earth—it's nuts for a concern like *"The Owl" to make war on a combination* like the local high priced retailers and jobbers. "The Owl" is doing a war dance on their graves and the outfit is so dead they don't know it. "Who killed the trust?" "I," said The Owl, "with my cut-price thrust I killed the trust."

Kirk's Irish Moss Cough Balsam gives instant relief—Owl's price..... 25c
Thompson's Grippe and Cold Cure cures the severest case at once..... 25c
Old McBrayer or Guckenheimer Whisky, full pint bottles direct from the distillery.. 50c

The Owl Drug Co.
DEPENDABLE DRUGS
320 So. Spring St.
Cut Rate Druggists

[COAST RECORD.]

TWO DROWNED BODIES FOUND.

Mrs. Bennett and Her Boy Discovered.

Visalia Getting Out of Its Shower Bath.

Meeting of Fruit-growers at San Francisco—Vallejo's Charter Assailed.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

JAMESTOWN, Jan. 8.—The bodies of Mrs. J. M. Bennett and one of her two children, who were drowned Sunday while trying to ford Sullivan's Creek, have been found. The searchers first discovered the remains of the mother, embedded in sand, and partly covered with driftwood, about a mile below the point where she had driven her light wagon into the stream. Two miles further down, the body of her boy was found, wedged between some rocks. The remains of the eleven-year-old girl have not yet been recovered. The mother and son were buried at Sonora this afternoon, the attendance being very large.

The fatal accident occurred while the Bennett family was moving into Sonora from a ranch four miles distant. The father drove a team hauling their household effects, while Mrs. Bennett and the children went on ahead. Not heeding a warning, she attempted to cross the creek at a fording place, instead of going on to a bridge, and her team was swept away. When Bennett reached the scene of the disaster his wife's dog was barking wildly on the banks of the stream.

CONDITIONS AROUND MODESTO.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

MODESTO, Jan. 8.—The water in the rivers is subsiding today, and by night it will be back within the river banks. Yesterday and last night the water reached the highest point in the Tuolumne River for twenty years, and all bottom land was submerged. No houses have been washed away, but damage to lowlands and the washing out of fences and cultivated land, will be great. Nine cows were washed from the river ranch of J. J. McMahon out of a band of thirty.

The Paradise orchard of 200 acres, and the largest on the Tuolumne River is completely under water, and the damage will be great. The jetties and bulkheads put in last year are believed to have withstood the flood. All along the river wreckage can be seen, and the damage to alfalfa land by washing out the roots will be heavy.

The San Joaquin and Stanislaus rivers were not unusually high. Railroad travel from the south was stopped yesterday on account of washouts. The rise of water was the most sudden and rapid in the history of the county.

TILLAMOOK ON ICE.

PRISONER IN CALDOVIA BAY.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TACOMA (Wash.) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The steamship Tillamook, six days overdue, and about whose probable fate so much discussion has been aroused, has been located. News which was brought back by the steamship Bertha, says the vessel is in Caldovia Bay, in the Cook's Inlet country, hemmed in by floating ice, and with no chance of escaping until spring.

J. Botkin, of the Black Diamond Coal Company, brought the news from Valdez to Secretary Elmer of the Cook's Inlet Coal Company, who, in turn, notified the steamship company officials. An Indian camper brought the news to Valdez just before the Bertha left the north. Botkin learned tidings just as the Bertha was preparing to leave.

Caldovia Bay is at the mouth of Cook's Inlet, at the southeast end of that body of water. The tides are very strong, and much float-ice accumulates at times at the mouth of the bay. During the summer, steamers running to the westward have always touched at this point, and during the winter the port has been made when passengers or freight were consigned there.

Aboard the Tillamook were fifty passengers, who were supposedly waiting for aid. The steamship Bertha will probably be sent to their relief.

A Dawson dispatch of December 29 in the Skagway papers, says the big commercial companies practically control the prices of all commodities in the interior. This fact is shown by another cut in the price of everything. Merchandise of every description is cheaper in Dawson than ever before. The big companies have just instituted a cut along the entire line, and it is said Skagway prices may prevail before the slaughter is ended. The apparent object of the cut is to freeze out the smaller dealers, who, on account of their numbers, greatly interfere with the business of the big companies.

STEAMERS TO SKAGWAY.

COMPANY LOSES A BONUS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

VANCOUVER, Jan. 8. — [Exclusive Dispatch.] A cablegram has been received here from the officials of the White Pass and Yukon Railway in England that two steamers have been purchased in England by the railroad to put on the run between Vancouver and Skagway direct, next spring, with Vancouver as the home port. The steamers wil be run by the Canadian company, drawing their capital from the American corporation. The steamers will be 225 feet long, will carry 250 passengers and 650 tons of freight.

As there was no line of steamers running to Skagway with Vancouver as their home port, this city was about to grant a heavy bonus to the English corporation to establish the line, when the cablegram arrived. The bonus negotiations are now all off.

CHASED NINE YEARS.

WANDERING HUSBAND FOUND.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] After a chase that lasted nine years, Mrs. Rebecca Steinberg last night found her fleeting husband in this city and today a warrant for his arrest was issued. Failure to provide is the charge. The story of the case is novel.

Mrs. Steinberg says she was married in Russia nine years ago to Samuel Steinberg. Directly after the marriage they came to New York. After three months Steinberg deserted his wife, left New York and became a wanderer. Mrs. Steinberg found work as a tailoress, and in due time gave birth to a daughter, Etta, who is now 8 years old.

Mrs. Steinberg says she commenced a relentless pursuit of her husband. She traced him everywhere and followed him even to the Philippines and then to Gibraltar, but he was restless and never stayed long in one place. Lately she learned he was in San Francisco as a cloakmaker. She hurried from New York and soon verified the report of his whereabouts. Without delay she made a complaint on which the warrant was issued.

CUT OFF HER HUSBAND.

MRS. SCHMALZ WAS BEATEN.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The late Mrs. Miriam Schmalz's will has been filed for probate by ex-Judge D. J. Murphy, the executor. Concerning her husband she said: "My husband is William Schmalz, and I give him by this, my will, the sum of $50. I do not make any other provision for him or give him any more of my property, because during my lifetime and during our married life I have given him over $20,000, and further, because he has most grievously abused, maligned, beaten, hurt and injured me while I lived with him as his wife."

She stated that on account of beatings by him, she had to have a painful surgical operation performed in 1893, and after she left the hospital he again treated her so cruelly she had to leave him.

"I know that he will attempt after my death to get some of my property, as during my life he tried to get it all," she added, "and I make these declarations as to my reasons for not giving him any more."

Schmalz is a pawnbroker, and this is the first intimation his friends have had that he was abusive to his wife.

UNDER SHERIFF MURDERED.

POSSE PURSUING HOBOS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

YUMA (Ariz.) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Matthew B. Devane, under Sheriff, was murdered by hobos tonight. The Sheriff's posse is in hot pursuit some miles east, assisted by experienced Indian trailers.

Devane was a popular young man in the country, and was also a charter member of Elks Lodge, No. 476. Devane merely asked the men if they were the parties accused of taking liquors from Gilroy & Morriett's saloon, and being answered in the negative, told the men that he would have to search, whereupon the tallest one, who seemed to be the leader of the trio, said: "You will never search us."

He drew a gun, fired two shots at Devane, one taking effect in the right side, passing through the liver and lower part of the right lung. Two shots were also fired at Morriett, but missed the target. Devane, after falling, fired one shot, which went astray. There is likely to be a private necktie party tonight or tomorrow.

HONOLULU CAPITAL INVESTED.

DAVIES BUYS IRON WORKS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

VANCOUVER, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] T. H. Davies & Co., owners of extensive iron works in Honolulu and Liverpool, have purchased the iron works of Armstrong & Morrison of Vancouver, B. C., for $250,000. There are now 100 hands employed.

The Davies company will employ 250 men. They will erect a foundry, install new machines and equip the works so they can fill all metal orders from mining camps, and make big steel castings for smelters, bridges, etc., while they will make a specialty of manufacturing stamp mills. The Davies company proposes to expend $100,000 at once in improvement of the plant, and to eventually expend $250,000 in addition to the purchase price.

LI LICK POISONED.

STRYCHNINE IN HIS FOOD.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN JOSE, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] One of the results of the fierce rivalry between the See Yup and Sam Yup tongs was the poisoning of Li Lick at the headquarters of the former tong in Heinlenville today. Strychnine was placed in potatoes, of which the poisoned man partook. Shortly afterward violent symptoms of poisoning appeared.

Physicians were summoned, and everything possible was done to save him, but he will probably die. The police have been so hot on the trail of Mongolian highbinders of late that they seem to have substituted poison for the hatchet and six-shooter.

PAN-AMERICAN EXHIBIT.

BOARD OF TRADE DISCUSSION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The State Board of Trade met today to discuss measures looking to the proper representation of California at the Pan-American Exposition to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., from May 1 to November 1 of the present year.

Secretary Filcher read communications from the Sacramento Valley Development Association, and the San Joaquin Valley Association. Both association will have representatives meet at Sacramento next Monday and discuss the matter of having a joint display at the exposition.

A memorial from the California Water and Forest Association addressed to the State Legislature asked that the State make an appropriation equal to that given by the Federal government to have California properly represented at

The California Fruit Canners Association and A. Repsold, representing the wine men, promised to send displays to the exposition. Arthur R. Briggs of Fresno, representing the raisin-growers, and J. Rowley of the California Packers' Association, promised that the organizations they represented would send displays to the exposition without cost to the Board of Trade.

CONVENTION OF LABORITES.

HOT DEBATE ON EXCLUSION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The State Labor Convention today held a spirited debate upon the subject of excluding foreign labor, some of the delegates going beyond the usual question of Chinese exclusion and demanding that Congress cut off all allen immigration. As finally adopted, the resolutions demand the prohibition of the immigration of all Asiatics except members of the diplomatic corps. A telegram was ordered sent to Washington urging the California Senators to secure the passage of the prison labor and eight-hour laws.

Numerous resolutions were adopted, the most important being the following: Asking the Harbor Commissioners to have street work performed by union labor and under the eight-hour law; requesting that a free ferry for government employés be established between Mare Island and Vallejo; recommending to the lawmaking powers of the cities of California that they abolish contract labor in municipalities and substitute day labor; calling upon Congress to have all work on naval vessels and army transports done by American workmen in American navy yards, and asking for the building and repairing of government vessels in the navy yards instead of contract yards; requesting the abolition of the black list and the classification of the wages of labor in navy yards; indorsing the bill before the Legislature to protect competent barbers.

The report of the Committee on Constitution and Bylaws for a State federation was read. The preamble was a declaration of principles, and called for the complete organization, protection and advancement of labor throughout California. It was adopted. The body is to be known as the "California State Federation of Labor." All labor unions duly affiliated with the American Federation of Labor are eligible to membership. All unions not affiliated with the national organization will be strongly urged to do so, within six months.

A Strong Fortification.

Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles.

"The Fly-Wheel of Life"

Dr. Tutt; Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life.

J. Fairleigh, Platte Cannon, Col.

Tutt's Liver Pills

PACIFIC STOCK MEN.

THEY CHOOSE DELEGATES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The Pacific Stock Men's Association met today at the Palace Hotel. The meeting was opened by F. C. Lusk of Chico, Cal. Mayo Newhall made a motion that the annual meeting of the association be fixed for the second Tuesday in January. A constitution and by-laws similar in nature to those governing all such bodies were adopted.

The following-named were elected as officers of the association: F. C. Lusk, Chico, president; Mayo Newhall, vice-president; T. B. Bishop, treasurer; F. J. Sinclair, secretary; W. L. Vail, Los Angeles; John Sparks, Reno; J. Churchill, Yreka; J. Millay, Phoenix; J. Leroy Nickel, San Francisco; Fred Cox, Sacramento; Henry Miller, San Francisco.

John P. Irish made a motion that the Governor be requested to appoint delegates to the National Live Stock Association, which meets next Monday in Salt Lake City.

Mayo Newhall made a motion that three members of the association be appointed, and that an endeavor be made to have the Governor appoint them as delegates to the Salt Lake convention, and also that one member shall be appointed by the State Department of Agriculture to the convention.

The following were appointed: F. C. Lusk, J. P. Irish and Mayo Newhall. The State Board of Agriculture will be asked to appoint Mr. Gilchrist. Prof. Hilgard will be asked in the name of the association to appear at the Salt Lake convention, and if unable to go, to appoint a representative.

JUSTICES ENJOINED.

VALLEJO'S CHARTER ASSAILED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

VALLEJO, Jan. 8.—Justices of the Peace Genty and Browne today received an order from the Superior Court to refrain from trying any more cases arising from violations of the ordinances of the city of Vallejo, and to appear in the Superior Court Thursday to show why they should not be permanently debarred from trying cases under city ordinances.

The order is the result of a writ of prohibition applied for by W. R. Acock, proprietor of a saloon, against whom there is a charge of conducting and playing gambling games which are prohibited by the city ordinances, but not by the State law. It is contended that the provisions of the charter conferring upon the justices of Vallejo the right to try city cases is unconstitutional.

RE-ESTABLISHED FORT WHIPPLE.

GEN. MERRIAM FAVORS IT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PHOENIX (Ariz.,) Jan. 8.—A dispatch from Prescott says that Gen. H. C. Merriam, commanding the Department of Colorado, who is there investigating the abandoned post at Fort Whipple, will recommend that that post be reëstablished there. The chief obstacle in the way of opening the post was the short water supply, but the city of Prescott has put in a system assuring a plentiful supply.

Whipple was at one time one of the most important forts in the West, and was the chief post in Arizona during the Apache troubles. It was abandoned three years ago.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

New Nicaraguan Consul.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—L. F. Lastreto, a merchant of this city, has received a cablegram from Managua announcing his appointment as Nicaraguan Consul at this port, vice C. A. Lacaya.

Anti-Saloon Movement.

SANTA CRUZ, Jan. 8.—The Anti-Saloon League today presented an ordinance to the Supervisors prohibiting saloons in this county. The matter will be given a hearing February 4.

Treasure and Porto Ricans.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8. — The steamer Gaelic, which arrived from Hongkong and Yokohama today, brought treasure to the amount of $700,000.

Four hundred Porto Rican laborers sailed for Hawaii today on the steamer City of Peking.

Crowd for the Goldfields.

SEATTLE, Jan. 7.—The steamer Excelsior sails for Port Valdez tomorrow with one of the largest crowds bound for the gold fields in the Copper River country, that has gone north since the boom days of 1898. She will have over one hundred passengers, of whom two-thirds will seek fortune in the new Chestochena diggings.

Must Explain the Course.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 7.—Capts. Bolles and Bulger, inspectors of hulls and boilers, next Thursday afternoon will commence an investigation into the stranding of the steamer Iaqua on Duxbury reef Friday night. Capt. Bash will be called upon to explain why he took the north channel when bound south. He and the mates will be the principal witnesses.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

SEE OUR WINDOWS...

We have marked down our Overcoats and Suits to reduce stock. The following price reductions do not look to be much of a cut when you read about HALF PRICE, etc., in some ads. But the wise ones know from experience that a mark down of $1.50 on an Overcoat or Suit means an ACTUAL SAVING of that amount when WE make the reduction.

Overcoats.

FINE BEAVER KERSEY, COVERT AND WHIPCORD OVERCOATS OF THE LATEST STYLE—ALWAYS IN STYLE.

$10.00 Overcoats.....$8.50
$12.00 Overcoats.....$10.00
$15.00 Overcoats.....$13.50
$18.00 Overcoats.....$15.00
$22.00 Overcoats.....$20.00
$25.00 Overcoats.....$22.00

Men's Suits.

THE FINEST SUITS THAT THE MONEY EVER BOUGHT.

$12.00 Men's Suits at.....$10.00
$15.00 Men's Suits at.....$13.50
$18.00 Men's Suits at.....$15.00

You certainly should see these if you think of buying a Suit.

Boys' Suits.

Not very many lines reduced, for the reason that we are sold down close on most every line.

$5.00 Vestee Suits at.....$4.00
$6.50 Vestee Suits at.....$5.00
$6.50 Boys' 2-piece Suits at.....$5.
$10.00 Youths' Suits at.....$8.
$13.50 Youths' Suits at.....$12.

MULLEN & BLUETT CLOTHING CO.

N.W. CORNER FIRST AND SPRING STREETS.

Mayor Phelan's Appointments.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Mayor Phelan has reappointed all the members of municipal commissions whose terms have expired, except three. The changes are: Police Commission, Col. J. R. Howell, to succeed Dr. McNutt; Park Commission, W. S. Martin, to succeed F. W. Zeile; Board of Health, Dr. W. B. Lewitt, to succeed Dr. L. Bazet. The appointees will serve for four years.

Two Brothers in Distress.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The ship Two Brothers, Capt. Wilson, bound from Tacoma to Lahaina, put into port in distress tonight. The Two Brothers left Tacoma December 23. She encountered heavy weather, and sprung a leak when 350 miles from port. She was taking in eighteen inches of water an hour when she entered the harbor tonight. She carries 1900 tons of coal.

Robber in a Restaurant.

BUTTE (Mont.,) Jan. 8.—A masked man entered the Chequamie restaurant this morning and, backed by a big revolver, proceeded to go through the cash register. One of the waiters, coming from a private room, threw a sugar bowl at the robber. It missed him and smashed the glass in the cigar case. The robber shot once, and disappeared, having obtained only about $20 in silver and overlooking in his haste several hundred dollars in bills.

RESPECT FOR ARMOUR TO BE WORLD-WIDE.

TWENTY-EIGHT THOUSAND MEN TO BE IDLE TODAY.

Five Hundred Agencies, Distributed All Over the Globe, Notified of the Death of the Founder of the Great Company—Funeral Arrangements.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It has cost the Armour company nearly $9000 to notify the various agencies of the firm of the death of its founder. There are 500 of these agencies in the UnitedStates and 300 others scattered through every quarter of the globe. Armour's field was the world. Wherever mankind wanted food products, and property rights were protected, there he pushed his wares. Twenty-eight thousand men will be idle in various parts of the world tomorrow out of respect for Armour's memory, and every one of these has secured a field for his abilities through the operations of one man. Every Armour agency is closed. This means that London, Paris, St. Petersburg, Berlin, St. Louis, Madrid and every other capital in Europe pays at least some tribute of respect. In Cape Town and in Manila, in a dozen seaport cities of Japan and China, in Odessa, on the Black Sea, and in every other odd corner of the world where the merchant prince laid his finger and planted his standard, some Armour establishment will be closed and show the Stars and Stripes at half mast.

MEETING OF FRUIT GROWERS.

TALK AGAINST CONSIGNMENTS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Several fruit growers from various parts of the State met at the Palace Hotel and held an informal discusion over the fruit interests. The meeting took place under the presidency of Theodore M. Kearney. The attendance was small. The purpose of the meeting was to take under consideration means to protect and develop the fruit industry of the State.

There were several propositions advanced for the betterment of the fruit-growers. Kearney said that unless the green-fruit men stood together, and absolutely refused to sell their fruit on the consignment principle, he did not see where the relief would come in. This, he thought, was the key of the situation. He was in favor of all the fruit men getting together and forming an organization which the buyer would have to respect.

Another meeting will be called to discuss the question.

LARGEST TUBE PLANT IN THE WIDE WORLD.

CARNEGIE COMPANY WILL ERECT IT ON LAKE ERIE.

Five Thousand Acres of Land Purchased and Twelve Millions of Dollars to Be Expended—System of Operation Continuous.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

PITTSBURGH (Pa.,) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The official announcement was made today by the Carnegie Company that it will engage in the pipe business in opposition to the National Tube Combine. On Lake Erie, near Conneaut Harbor, O., the Carnegie Company will erect the largest tube plant in the world at a cost of $12,000,000. Five thousand acres of land has been purchased there for the new works, which will stretch along the lakeshore for a mile.

President Charles M. Schwab of the Carnegie Company said today: "For over a year the Carnegie Company has contemplated entering into lines of manufacturing other than those in which it has been engaged hitherto. The first step in carrying out this purpose is to be taken at once by the establishment of the largest pipe and tube-manufacturing plant in the world. It will include all the essentials in the scale of pipe and tube-manufacturing from the ore to the finished product. The general system of operation will be continuous, the ore being unloaded from the vessels at one end and being worked through successive stages of iron and steel-making to the finished pipe and tubing at the other end."

EXERCISED TO DEATH.

Father of the Cadet John Breth Says Excessive Hazing Broke His Boy's Health.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 8.—The Congressional committee which is investigating the hazing of fourth-class cadets at West Point Military Academy, resumed the taking of testimony today. Harry Breth of Altoona, an older brother of John Breth, whose death is also under investigation, told of a visit he and his sister paid his brother at West Point in August, 1895, a few months after his admission to the academy. John said he had been exercised until he was rendered unconscious and was revived with whisky. Harry said that hazing had become so severe that extra guards had been put on duty, and John said that such a proceeding was unusual. When the cadet returned home after having been found deficient in certain studies in 1898, he seemed unwell, and never was in good health after that.

Mr. Breth, the father of John, said it was his firm conviction that the excessive hazing his son underwent made him chronically nervous, broke his health and reduced his vitality to such an extent that the young man was unable to fight the typhoid germs.

The committee goes to West Point tomorrow.

PHILIPPINE EVENTS.

Several Insurgent Camps Captured and Destroyed—Many Arrests of Suspicious Characters.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

MANILA, Jan. 8.—[By Manila Cable.] Several insurgent camps have been captured and destroyed recently in various districts of Luson and Larro. One camp was captured in the mountains of Marinduque.

A scouting party of the Forty-sixth Regiment captured a score of ladrones near Silang. Arrests of suspected insurgents continue numerous in Manila and its vicinity.

CREEDE AGREEMENT.

JOHNSON GRANTED AUTHORITY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Roger Johnson, as guardian of Edith Dorothy Creede's estate, has been granted authority by Superior Judge Trout to enter into an agreement with the other legatees named in N. C. Creede's will for the settlement of the dispute over the estate. The terms of the proposed compromise have already been published.

Liquidation Sale.

Thousands come every and they find things as vertised.

Women's Shoes.

$2 Women's Shoes

Genuine kidskin button shoes. Spring heels, sizes 2½ to 6. Coin toes and patent leather tips, tourist heal foxing. Reduced from $3 to..... $1.39

$3 Women's Shoes

Patent leather, lace with cloth tops. Black kid button and lace and kid or patent leather tips in lace. Spring heels and heels in all styles but one. No spring heels in patent leather shoes. All sizes and widths in every style. Reduced from $3 to..... $1.97

$3.50 Women's Shoes

Patent leather with kid and cloth tops, with heels, laced. Velour and box calf laced. Fine kidskin in lace and button with kid or patent tips, with heels or spring heels in all styles. Welted or flexible sewed soles. All sizes and widths in every style. Reduced from $3.50 to..... $2.47

$5 Women's Shoes.

Goodyear welt and hand-turned soles, lace and button with kid tops and kid or patent leather tips. Cloth tops in lace only. Corona patent leather (colt skin with patent leather finish) whole foxed vamp, kid tops, extension Goodyear welt soles, military heels. All sizes and widths in every style. Reduced from $5 to..... $3.00

Men's Shoes.

$3 Shoes for Men at $1.97

And a thousand pairs of

$5 Shoes for Men at $3.00.

The Men's $3 shoes will be close, too, but not quite as low as a dollar.

Girls' Shoes.

90c Children's Shoes

shoes Black kidskin button toes with kid tips. Spring heels, sizes 5 to 8. Reduced from 90c to.....

$1.25 Children's Shoes

Box calf and black kid shoes with patent leather tips. Sizes 5 to 8. Reduced from $1.85 to.....

$1.50 Children's Shoes

patent leather tips, Hand soles. Sizes 5 to 8. A to EE. Reduced from $1.80 to.....

$1.25 Children's Shoes

Coin toes with kid tips. Flexible heel button shoes. Solid leather. Sizes 8½ to 11½. Reduced from $1.25 to.....

$1.50 Children's Shoes

Black kid coin toe button with patent leather tips, spring heels. Sizes 8½ to 11½. Reduced from $1.80 to.....

$1.25 Girls' Shoes

Lace and button spring heels. Sizes 12 to 2, with leather tips, coin toes. Reduced from $1.25 to.....

$1.50 Girls' Shoes.

Black kidskin button shoes, toe shapes and kid tips, leather soles. Sizes 11½ to 2. Reduced from $1.80 to.....

$2.00 Girls' Shoes.

Foerderer's vici kid, lace and button, coin toes, patent tips, spring heels, sizes 12 to 2; reduced from $2.50 to.....

Boys' Shoes.

$1.75 Boys' Shoes.

Sizes 2½ to 5½; reduced to.....

$1.50 Youths' Shoes.

Sizes 12 to 2; reduced to.....

Jacoby Bros.

OUTFITTERS FOR ALL MANKIND

331 · 333 · 335 · S. BROADWAY

Real Cheapness.

Of nothing else is it more surely true that the best is cheapest than of dental work. It costs more than an experiment. There is time, trouble and much else, at par if you get anything short of the best work. I give the best work always—and the records of my rooms of late ought to give you confidence.

Dr. A. E. Spinks THE DENTIST

Corner Fifth and Hill Streets, Los Angeles, Cal. Tel. 1

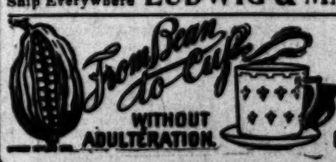
"THE TASTE TELLS."

If there's more than that discr

our products from the ordinary specimen it's their superior It comes from a knowledge of places peculiarly adapted to ticle that we carry. Try our apples.

Tel. 550
Ship Everywhere

LUDWIG & MATTHEWS, Mott M



Hayden's COCOA & CHOCO PURE! HEALTHFUL! GROCERS EVERYWH

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

A Wholesome tonic and nerve food. Enriches the blood and creates a good appetite.

[COAST RECORD.]

TWO DROWNED BODIES FOUND.

Mrs. Bennett and Her Boy Discovered.

Visalia Getting Out of Its Shower Bath.

Meeting of Fruit-growers at San Francisco—Vallejo's Charter Assailed.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

JAMESTOWN, Jan. 8.—The bodies of Mrs. J. M. Bennett and one of her two children, who were drowned Sunday while trying to ford Sullivan's Creek, have been found. The searchers first discovered the remains of the mother, embedded in sand, and partly covered with driftwood, about a mile below the point where she had driven her light wagon into the stream. Two miles further down, the body of her boy was found, wedged between some rocks. The remains of the eleven-year-old girl have not yet been recovered. The mother and son were buried at Sonora this afternoon, the attendance being very large.

The fatal accident occurred while the Bennett family was moving into Sonora from a ranch four miles distant. The father drove a team hauling their household effects, while Mrs. Bennett and the children went on ahead. Not heeding a warning, she attempted to cross the creek at a fording place, instead of going on to a bridge, and her team was swept away. When Bennett reached the scene of the disaster his wife's dog was barking wildly on the banks of the stream.

CONDITIONS AROUND DESTO.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

MODESTO, Jan. 8.—The water in the rivers is subsiding today, and by night it will be back within the river banks. Yesterday and last night the water reached the highest point in the Tuolumne River for twenty years, and all bottom land was submerged. No houses have been washed away, but damage to lowlands and the washing out of fences and cultivated land, will be great. Nine cows were washed from the river ranch of J. J. McMahon out of a band of thirty.

The Paradise orchard of 200 acres, and the largest on the Tuolumne River is completely under water, and the damage will be great. The jetties and bulkheads put in last year are believed to have withstood the flood. All along the river wreckage can be seen, and the damage to alfalfa land by washing out the roots will be heavy.

The San Joaquin and Stanislaus rivers were not unusually high. Railroad travel from the south was stopped yesterday on account of washouts. The rise of water was the most sudden and rapid in the history of the county.

TILLAMOOK ON ICE.

PRISONER IN CALDOVIA BAY.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

TACOMA (Wash.) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The steamship Tillamook, six days overdue, and about whose probable fate so much discussion has been aroused, has been located. News which was brought back by the steamship Bertha, says the vessel is in Caldovia Bay, in the Cook's Inlet country, hemmed in by floating ice, and with no chance of escaping until spring.

J. Botkin, of the Black Diamond Coal Company, brought the news from Valdez to Secretary Elmer of the Cook's Inlet Coal Company, who, in turn, notified the steamship company officials. An Indian camper brought the news to Valdez just before the Bertha left the north. Botkin learned tidings just as the Bertha was preparing to leave.

Caldovia Bay is at the mouth of Cook's Inlet, at the southeast end of that body of water. The tides are very strong, and much float-ice accumulates at times at the mouth of the bay. During the summer, steamers running to the westward have always touched at this point, and during the winter the port has been made when passengers or freight were consigned there.

Aboard the Tillamook were fifty passengers, who were supposedly waiting for aid. The steamship Bertha will probably be sent to their relief.

A Dawson dispatch of December 29 in the Skagway papers, says the big commercial companies practically control the prices of all commodities in the interior. This fact is shown by another cut in the price of everything. Merchandise of every description is cheaper in Dawson than ever before. The big companies have just instituted a cut along the entire line, and it is said Skagway prices may prevail before the slaughter is ended. The apparent object of the cut is to freeze out the smaller dealers, who, on account of their numbers, greatly interfere with the business of the big companies.

STEAMERS TO SKAGWAY.

COMPANY LOSES A BONUS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

VANCOUVER, Jan. 8. — [Exclusive Dispatch.] A cablegram has been received here from the officials of the White Pass and Yukon Railway in England that two steamers have been purchased in England by the railroad to put on the run between Vancouver and Skagway direct, next spring, with Vancouver as the home port. The steamers wil be run by the Canadian company, drawing their capital from the American corporation. The steamers will be 225 feet long, will carry 250 passengers and 450 tons of freight.

As there was no line of steamers running to Skagway with Vancouver as their home port, this city was about to grant a heavy bonus to the English corporation to establish the line, when the cablegram arrived. The bonus negotiations are now all off.

CHASED NINE YEARS.

WANDERING HUSBAND FOUND.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] After a chase that lasted nine years, Mrs. Rebecca Steinberg last night found her fleeting husband in this city and today a warrant for his arrest was issued. Failure to provide is the charge. The story of the case is novel.

Mrs. Steinberg says she was married in Russia nine years ago to Samuel Steinberg. Directly after the marriage they came to New York. After three months Steinberg deserted his wife, left New York and became a wanderer. Mrs. Steinberg found work as a tailoress, and in due time gave birth to a daughter, Etta, who is now 8 years old.

Mrs. Steinberg says she commenced a relentless pursuit of her husband. She traced him everywhere and followed him even to the Philippines and then to Gibraltar, but he was restless and never stayed long in one place. Lately she learned he was in San Francisco as a cloakmaker. She hurried from New York and soon verified the report of his whereabouts. Without delay she made a complaint on which the warrant was issued.

CUT OFF HER HUSBAND.

MRS. SCHMALZ WAS BEATEN.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The late Mrs. Miriam Schmalz's will has been filed for probate by ex-Judge D. J. Murphy, the executor. Concerning her husband she said: "My husband is William Schmalz, and I give him by this, my will, the sum of $50. I do not make any other provision for him or give him any more of my property, because during my lifetime and during our married life I have given him over $30,000, and further, because he has most grievously abused, maligned, beaten, hurt and injured me while I lived with him as his wife."

She stated that on account of beatings by him, she had to have a painful surgical operation performed in 1892, and after she left the hospital he again treated her so cruelly she had to leave him.

"I know that he will attempt after my death to get some of my property, as during my life he tried to get it all," she added, "and I make these declarations as to my reasons for not giving him any more."

Schmalz is a pawnbroker, and this is the first intimation his friends have had that he was abusive to his wife.

UNDER SHERIFF MURDERED.

POSSE PURSUING HOBOS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

YUMA (Ariz.) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Matthew B. Devane, under Sheriff, was murdered by hobos tonight. The Sheriff's posse is in hot pursuit some miles east, assisted by experienced Indian trailers.

Devane was a popular young man in the country, and was also a charter member of Elks Lodge, No. 476. Devane merely asked the men if they were the parties accused of taking liquors from Gilroy & Morrett's saloon, and being answered in the negative, told the men that he would have to search, whereupon the tallest one, who seemed to be the leader of the trio, said: "You will never search us."

He drew a gun, fired two shots at Devane, one taking effect in the right side, passing through the liver and lower part of the right lung. Two shots were also fired at Merriett, but missed the target. Devane, after falling, fired one shot, which went astray. There is likely to be a private necktie party tonight or tomorrow.

HONOLULU CAPITAL INVESTED.

DAVIES BUYS IRON WORKS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

VANCOUVER, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] T. H. Davies & Co., owners of extensive iron works in Honolulu and Liverpool, have purchased the iron works of Armstrong & Morrison of Vancouver, B. C., for $250,000. There are now 100 hands employed.

The Davies company will employ 250 men. They will erect a foundry, install new machines and equip the works so they can fill all metal orders from mining camps, and make big steel castings for smelters, bridges, etc., while they will make a specialty of manufacturing stamp mills. The Davies company proposes to expend $100,000 at once in improvement of the plant, and to eventually expend $250,000 in addition to the purchase price.

LI LICK POISONED.

STRYCHNINE IN HIS FOOD.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

SAN JOSE, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] One of the results of the fierce rivalry between the See Yup and Sam Yup tongs was the poisoning of Li Lick at the headquarters of the former tong in Heinlenville today. Strychnine was placed in potatoes, of which the poisoned man partook. Shortly afterward violent symptoms of poisoning appeared.

Physicians were summoned, and everything possible was done to save him, but he will probably die. The police have been so hot on the trail of Mongolian highbinders of late that they seem to have substituted poison for the hatchet and six-shooter.

PAN-AMERICAN EXHIBIT.

BOARD OF TRADE DISCUSSION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The State Board of Trade met today to discuss measures looking to the proper representation of California at the Pan-American Exposition to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., from May 1 to November 1 of the present year.

Secretary Filcher read communications from the Sacramento Valley Development Association, and the San Joaquin Valley Association. Both association will have representatives meet at Sacramento next Monday and discuss the matter of having a joint display at the exposition.

A memorial from the California Water and Forest Association addressed to the State Legislature asked that the State make an appropriation equal to that given by the Federal government to have California properly represented at

The California Fruit Canners Association and A. Repsold, representing the wine men, promised to send displays to the exposition. Arthur R. Briggs of Fresno, representing the raisin-growers, and J. Rowley of the California Packers' Association, promised that the organizations they represented would send displays to the exposition without cost to the Board of Trade.

CONVENTION OF LABORITES.

HOT DEBATE ON EXCLUSION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The State Labor Convention today held a spirited debate upon the subject of excluding foreign labor, some of the delegates going beyond the usual question of Chinese exclusion and demanding that Congress cut off all alien immigration. As finally adopted, the resolutions demand the prohibition of the immigration of all Asiatics except members of the diplomatic corps. A telegram was ordered sent to Washington urging the California Senators to secure the passage of the prison labor and eight-hour laws.

Numerous resolutions were adopted, the most important being the following: Asking the Harbor Commissioners to have street work performed by union labor and under the eight-hour law; requesting that a free ferry for government employés be established between Mare Island and Vallejo; recommending to the lawmaking powers of the cities of California that they abolish contract labor in municipalities and substitute day labor; calling upon Congress to have all work on naval vessels and army transports done by American workmen in American navy yards, and asking for the building and repairing of government vessels in the navy yards instead of contract yards; requesting the abolition of the black list and the classification of the wages of labor in navy yards; indorsing the bill before the Legislature to protect competent barbers.

The report of the Committee on Constitution and Bylaws for a State federation was read. The preamble was a declaration of principles, and called for the complete organization, protection and advancement of labor throughout California. It was adopted. The body is to be known as the "California State Federation of Labor." All labor unions duly affiliated with the American Federation of Labor are eligible to membership. All unions not affiliated with the national organization will be strongly urged to do so, within six months.

A Strong Fortification.

Fortify the body against disease by Tutt's Liver Pills, an absolute cure for sick headache, dyspepsia, sour stomach, malaria, constipation, jaundice, biliousness and all kindred troubles.

"The Fly-Wheel of Life"

Dr. Tutt; Your Liver Pills are the fly-wheel of life. I shall ever be grateful for the accident that brought them to my notice. I feel as if I had a new lease of life.

J. Fairleigh, Platte Cannon, Col.

Tutt's Liver Pills

PACIFIC STOCK MEN.

THEY CHOOSE DELEGATES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The Pacific Stock Men's Association met today at the Palace Hotel. The meeting was opened by F. C. Lusk of Chico, Cal. Mayo Newhall made a motion that the annual meeting of the association be fixed for the second Tuesday in January. A constitution and by-laws similar in nature to those governing all such bodies were adopted.

The following-named were elected as officers of the association: F. C. Lusk, Chico, president; Mayo Newhall, vice-president; T. B. Bishop, treasurer; F. J. Sinclair, secretary; W. L. Vail, Los Angeles; John Sparks, Reno; J. Churchill, Yreka; J. Millay, Phoenix; J. Leroy Nickel, San Francisco; Fred Cox, Sacramento; Henry Miller, San Francisco.

John P. Irish made a motion that the Governor be requested to appoint delegates to the National Live Stock Association, which meets next Monday in Salt Lake City.

Mayo Newhall made a motion that three members of the association be appointed, and that an endeavor be made to have the Governor appoint them as delegates to the Salt Lake convention, and also that one member shall be appointed by the State Department of Agriculture to the convention.

The following were appointed: F. C. Lusk, J. P. Irish and Mayo Newhall. The State Board of Agriculture will be asked to appoint Mr. Gilchrist. Prof. Hilgard will be asked in the name of the association to appear at the Salt Lake convention, and if unable to so, to appoint a representative.

JUSTICES ENJOINED.

VALLEJO'S CHARTER ASSAILED.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

VALLEJO, Jan. 8.—Justices of the Peace Genty and Brownell today received an order from the Superior Court to refrain from trying any more cases arising from violations of the ordinances of the city of Vallejo, and to appear in the Superior Court Thursday to show why they should not be permanently debarred from trying cases under city ordinances.

The order is the result of a writ of prohibition applied for by W. R. Acock, proprietor of a saloon, against whom there is a charge of conducting and playing gambling games which are prohibited by the city ordinances, but not by the State law. It is contended that the provisions of the charter conferring upon the justices of Vallejo the right to try city cases is unconstitutional.

RE-ESTABLISHED FORT WHIPPLE.

GEN. MERRIAM FAVORS IT.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PHOENIX (Ariz.,) Jan. 8.—A dispatch from Prescott says that Gen. H. C. Merriam, commanding the Department of Colorado, who is there investigating the abandoned post at Fort Whipple, will recommend that that post be reëstablished there. The chief obstacle in the way of opening the post was the short water supply, but the city of Prescott has put in a system assuring a plentiful supply.

Whipple was at one time one of the most important forts in the West, and was the chief post in Arizona during the Apache troubles. It was abandoned three years ago.

BRIEF COAST DISPATCHES.

New Nicaraguan Consul.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—L. F. Lestreto, a merchant of this city, has received a cablegram from Managua announcing his appointment as Nicaraguan Consul at this port, vice C. A. Lacaya.

Anti-Saloon Movement.

SANTA CRUZ, Jan. 8.—The Anti-Saloon League today presented an ordinance to the Supervisors prohibiting saloons in this county. The matter will be given a hearing February 4.

Treasure and Porto Ricans.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8. — The steamer Gaelic, which arrived from Hongkong and Yokohama today, brought treasure to the amount of $700,000.

Four hundred Porto Rican laborers sailed for Hawaii today on the steamer City of Peking.

Crowd for the Goldfields.

SEATTLE, Jan. 7.—The steamer Excelsior sails for Port Valdez tomorrow with one of the largest crowds bound for the gold fields in the Copper River country, that has gone north since the boom days of 1898. She will have over one hundred passengers, of whom two-thirds will seek fortune in the new Chestochena diggings.

Must Explain the Course.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Capts. Bolles and Bulger, inspectors of hulls and boilers, next Thursday afternoon will commence an investigation into the stranding of the steamer Iaqua on Duxbury reef Friday night. Capt. Bash will be called upon to explain why he took the north channel when bound south. He and the mates will be the principal witnesses.

Mayor Phelan's Appointments.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Mayor Phelan has reappointed all the members of municipal commissions whose terms have expired, except three. The changes are: Police Commission, Col. J. R. Howell, to succeed Dr. McNutt; Park Commission, W. S. Martin, to succeed F. W. Zeile; Board of Health, Dr. W. B. Lewitt, to succeed Dr. L. Baset. The appointees will serve for four years.

Two Brothers in Distress.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—The ship Two Brothers, Capt. Wilson, bound from Tacoma to Lahaina, put into port in distress tonight. The Two Brothers left Tacoma December 23. She encountered heavy weather, and sprung a leak when 350 miles from port. She was taking in eighteen inches of water an hour when she entered the harbor tonight. She carries 1900 tons of coal.

Robber in a Restaurant.

BUTTE (Mont.,) Jan. 8.—A masked man entered the Chequamite restaurant this morning and, backed by a big revolver, proceeded to go through the cash register. One of the waiters, coming from a private room, threw a sugar bowl at the robber. It missed him and smashed the glass in the cigar case. The robber shot once, and disappeared, having obtained only about $20 in silver and overlooking in his haste several hundred dollars in bills.

RESPECT FOR ARMOUR TO BE WORLD-WIDE.

TWENTY-EIGHT THOUSAND MEN TO BE IDLE TODAY.

Five Hundred Agencies, Distributed All Over the Globe, Notified of the Death of the Founder of the Great Company—Funeral Arrangements.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] It has cost the Armour company nearly $9000 to notify the various agencies of the firm of the death of its founder. There are 500 of these agencies in the United States and 300 others scattered through every quarter of the globe. Armour's field was the world. Wherever mankind wanted food products, and property rights were protected, there he pushed his wares. Twenty-eight thousand men will be idle in various parts of the world tomorrow out of respect for Armour's memory, and every one of these has secured a field for his abilities through the operations of one man. Every Armour agency is closed. This means that London, Paris, St. Petersburg, Berlin, St. Louis, Madrid and every other capital in Europe pays at least some tribute of respect. In Cape Town and in Manila, in a dozen seaport cities of Japan and China, in Odessa, on the Black Sea, and in every other odd corner of the world where the merchant prince laid his finger and planted his standard, some Armour establishment will be closed and show the Stars and Stripes at half mast.

MEETING OF FRUIT GROWERS.

TALK AGAINST CONSIGNMENTS.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Several fruit growers from various parts of the State met at the Palace Hotel and held an informal discussion over the fruit interests. The meeting took place under the presidency of Theodore M. Kearney. The attendance was small. The purpose of the meeting was to take under consideration means to protect and develop the fruit industry of the State.

There were several propositions advanced for the betterment of the fruit-growers. Kearney said that unless the green-fruit men stood together, and absolutely refused to sell their fruit on the consignment principle, he did not see where the relief would come in. This, he thought, was the key of the situation. He was in favor of all the fruit men getting together and forming an organization which the buyer would have to respect.

Another meeting will be called to discuss the question.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

SEE OUR WINDOWS

We have marked down our Overcoats and Suits to reduce stock. The following price reductions do not look to be much of a cut when you read about HALF PRICE, etc., in some ads. But the wise ones know from experience that a mark down of $1.50 on an Overcoat or Suit means an ACTUAL SAVING of that amount when WE make the reduction.

Overcoats.

FINE BEAVER, KERSEY, COVERT AND WHIPCORD OVERCOATS OF THE LATEST STYLE—ALWAYS IN STYLE.

$10.00 Overcoats.....$8.50
$12.00 Overcoats.....$10.00
$15.00 Overcoats.....$13.50
$18.00 Overcoats.....$15.00
$22.00 Overcoats.....$20.00
$25.00 Overcoats.....$22.00

Men's Suits.

THE FINEST SUITS THAT THE MONEY EVER BOUGHT.

$12.00 Men's Suits at.....$10.00
$15.00 Men's Suits at.....$13.50
$18.00 Men's Suits at.....$15.00

You certainly should see these if you think of buying a Suit.

Boys' Suits.

Not very many lines reduced, for the reason that we are mid down three on most every line.

$5.00 Vestee Suits at.....$4.00
$6.50 Vestee Suits at.....$5.00
$6.50 Boys' 2-piece Suits at.....$5.00
$10.00 Youths' Suits at.....$8.00
$13.50 Youths' Suits at.....$12.00

MULLEN & BLUETT CLOTHING CO.

N.W. CORNER FIRST AND SPRING STREETS.

LARGEST TUBE PLANT IN THE WIDE WORLD.

CARNEGIE COMPANY WILL ERECT IT ON LAKE ERIE.

Five Thousand Acres of Land Purchased and Twelve Millions of Dollars to Be Expended—System of Operation Continuous.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

PITTSBURGH (Pa.,) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The official announcement was made today by the Carnegie Company that it will engage in the pipe business in opposition to the National Tube Combine. On Lake Erie, near Conneaut Harbor, O., the Carnegie Company will erect the largest tube plant in the world at a cost of $12,000,000. Five thousand acres of land has been purchased there for the new works, which will stretch along the lakeshore for a mile.

President Charles M. Schwab of the Carnegie Company said today: "For over a year the Carnegie Company has contemplated entering into lines of manufacturing other than those in which it has been engaged hitherto. The first step in carrying out this purpose is to be taken at once by the establishment of the largest pipe and tube-manufacturing plant in the world. It will include all the essentials in the scale of pipe and tube-manufacturing from the ore to the finished product. The general system of operation will be continuous, the ore being unloaded from the vessels at one end and being worked through successive stages of iron and steel-making to the finished pipe and tubing at the other end."

EXERCISED TO DEATH.

Father of the Cadet John Breth Says Excessive Hazing Broke His Boy's Health.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 8.—The Congressional committee which is investigating the hazing of fourth-class cadets at West Point Military Academy, resumed the taking of testimony today. Harry Breth of Altoona, an older brother of John Breth, whose death is also under investigation, told of a visit he and his sister paid his brother at West Point in August, 1895, a few months after his admission to the academy. John said he had been exercised until he was rendered unconscious and was revived with whisky. Harry said that hazing had become so severe that extra guards had been put on duty, and John said that such a proceeding was unusual. When the cadet returned home after having been found deficient in certain studies in 1895, he seemed unwell, and never was in good health after that.

Mr. Breth, the father of John, said it was his firm conviction that the excessive hazing his son underwent made him chronically nervous, broke his health and reduced his vitality to such an extent that the young man was unable to fight the typhoid germs.

The committee goes to West Point tomorrow.

PHILIPPINE EVENTS.

Several Insurgent Camps Captured and Destroyed—Many Arrests of Suspicious Characters.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

MANILA, Jan. 8.—[By Manila Cable.] Several insurgent camps have been captured and destroyed recently in various districts of Luson and Larro. One camp was captured in the mountains of Marinduque.

A scouting party of the Forty-sixth Regiment captured a score of ladrones near Silang. Arrests of suspected insurgents continue numerous in Manila and its vicinity.

CREEDE AGREEMENT.

JOHNSON GRANTED AUTHORITY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Roger Johnson, as guardian of Edith Dorothy Creede's estate, has been granted authority by Superior Judge Trout to enter into an agreement with the other legatees named in N. C. Creede's will for the settlement of the dispute over the estate. The terms of the proposed compromise have already been published.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

A Wholesome tonic and nerve food. Enriches the blood and creates a good appetite.

Liquidation Sale.

Thousands come every day and they find things as advertised.

Women's Shoes.

$2 Women's Shoes

Genuine kidskin button shoes. Spring heels, sizes 2½ to 6. Coin toes and patent leather tips, tourist heel fining. Reduced from $3 to..... $1.39

$3 Women's Shoes

Patent leather, lace with cloth tops. Black kid button and lace and kid or patent leather tips in lace. Spring heels and heels in all styles but one. No spring heels in patent leather shoes. All sizes and widths in every style. Reduced from $5 to..... $1.97

$3.50 Women's Shoes

Patent leather with kid and cloth tops, with heels, laced. Velour and box calf laced. Fine kidskin in lace and button with kid or patent tips, with heels or spring heels in all styles. Welted or flexible sewed soles. All sizes and widths in every style. Reduced from $3.50 to..... $2.47

$5 Women's Shoes.

Goodyear welt and hand-turned soles, lace and button with kid tops and kid or patent leather tips. Cloth tops in lace only. Corona patent leather (colt skin with patent leather finish) whole foxed vamp, kid tops, extension Goodyear welt soles, military heels. All sizes and widths in every style. Reduced from $5 to..... $3.00

Men's Shoes.

$3 Shoes for Men at $1.97

And a thousand pairs of

$5 Shoes for Men at $3.00.

The Men's $2 shoes will be close, too, but not quite as low as a dollar.

Girls' Shoes.

90c Children's Shoes

Black kidskin button shoes, coin toes with kid tips. Spring heels, sizes 5 to 8. Reduced from 90c to.....

$1.25 Children's Shoes

Box calf and black kidskin shoes with patent leather tips, sizes 5 to 8. Reduced from $1.85 to.....

$1.50 Children's Shoes

Coin toes with kid tips, heel button shoes. Flexible soles. Sizes 5 to 8. Reduced from $1.50 to.....

$1.25 Children's Shoes

Coin toes with kid tips, heel button shoes. Flexible Solid leather. Sizes 8½ to 11½. Reduced from $1.75 to.....

$1.50 Children's Shoes

Black kid coin toe shoes with patent leather tips, spring heels. Sizes 8½ to 11½. Reduced from $1.50 to.....

$1.25 Girls' Shoes

Lace and button spring heel shoes. Sizes 12 to 2, with patent leather tips, coin toes. Reduced from $1.75 to.....

$1.50 Girls' Shoes

Black kidskin button shoes, coin toe shapes and kid tips, spring heel leather soles. Sizes 11½ to 2. Reduced from $2.00 to.....

$2.00 Girls' Shoes.

Foerderer's vici kid, lace or button, coin toes, patent tips, spring heels, sizes 12 to 2; reduced from $2.50 to.....

Boys' Shoes

$1.75 Boys' Shoes

Sizes 2½ to 5½; reduced to.....

$1.50 Youths' Shoes

Sizes 12 to 2; reduced to.....

Jacoby Bros.

OUTFITTERS FOR ALL MANKIND

331 333 335 S. BROADWAY

Real Cheapness.

Of nothing else is it more surely true that the cheapest than of dental work. It costs more than experiment. There is time, trouble and money par if you get anything short of the best work always—and the records of my ties ought to give you confidence.

Dr. A. O. Spinks THE DENTIST

Corner Fifth and Hill Streets, Los Angeles, Cal. Tel.

"THE TASTE TELLS."

If there's more that our products from the ordinary specimen it's their superior It comes from a knowledge of places peculiarly adapted ticle that we carry. Try our apples.

Tel. 880
Ship Everywhere

LUDWIG & MATTHEWS.

From Bean to Cup WITHOUT ADULTERATION

Huyler's COCOA & CHOCOLATE PURE! GROCERS EVERYWHERE

RACING RECORD.

AND GUS LEAVE BEACH.

...ber at Seashore ...Raw for Work.

...day Will Finish Up ...Los Angeles.

...ed to Ride at New ...ns—Long Shots ...at Oakland.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

...RIZ, Jan. 8.—One day's ...at the seashore was enough ...g and Jeffries. The weather ...y and cold and neither men ...ould outside to do any ...ning, who had planned to ...Bath Beach until ten days ...fight, which is to take ...Cincinnati February 15, has ...his mind, and will leave for ...Ky., on Sunday.

...experience with the sea- ...ds at Loch Arbor convinced ...a warmer climate would be ...desirable, and he will move to ...Palm, Ind., within a few days ...cold weather continues.

...ter of his health, Jeffries said ...was all that could be desired ...was never really so anxious ...hard for a battle. He said he ...30 pounds in fighting costume ...owed to this fact as an indi- ...of his good condition at the ...time.

...Jeffries, who will meet "Kid ...a twenty-round bout be- ...Twentieth Century Athletic ...San Francisco, February 28, ...Pat Brien last night. The ...will train at the In- ...resort until February 13 ...then up at Los Angeles.

...RACE SEASON.

...TO CUT IT SHORT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

...CITY, Jan. 8.—[Exclu- ...a petition to limit the rac- ...San Mateo county came ...Supervisors, but after ...the matter was ...next meeting, which ...tion that it will die ...that Tanforan, which ...of being one of ...centers in this ...unmolested.

...DISCOVERING.

...D A SCARE.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] ...Visalia is rapidly ...the effects of the flood. ...runs through the ...reached its highest ...o'clock this morning. ...the eastern suburbs ...Collars in Chinatown ...Many citizens re- ...of the night fearing ...Southern Pacific trains ...on account of a wrecked ...John's River crossing. ...one of the longest ...section, was washed ...Santa Fé officials an- ...repairs cannot possibly ...of twenty-four hours. ...Pacific officials say their ...running by tonight. ...is generally regarded as ...to the country, despite ...heavy losses and incun- ...of gophers, squir- ...rabbits have been ...city has been without ...and power since midnight ...manager of the electric ...current will be turned on ...

...OVERFLOW SUBSIDES.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.] ...Jan. 8.—Merced's flood, ...of the overflow of Bear ...last night. The city ...in normal condition. Both ...Pacific and Santa Fé ...repaired last evening. ...were enabled to pro- ...long tied up here all day. ...turned cold last night, ...the melting of the snow ...and the creek fell ...

...visitation of a flood ...Bear Creek within ...weeks has caused the ...a means of curbing ...stream, and matters ...and will probably soon ...shape.

...WON AT FIFTY TO ONE.

...FIRST OAKLAND ...RIDDEN.

...Lou Rey Secures ...and is Afterward ...Simons—Results of ...

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.] ...CO, Jan. 8.—Ring- ...50 to 1 in some ...opening event at Oak- ...easily from the ...Birdie Stone and ...favorite. Lou ..., won the fourth ..., backed from 7 ...the last. Hermoso ...both strongly ...race, but the lat- ...place was the best ...do. Albert Simons ...$200 and secured ...purse: Ringmaster, ... to 1, won; Birdie ..., Woods,) 9 to 2, sec- ...(N. Turner,) 7 to ...1:22. Phil Archibald, ...Imperial II and Evirato ...

...half furlongs, purse: ...(Buchanan,) 1 to 2, ...(J. Ranch,) 30 ..., 100 (Mounce,) 10 ...1:16. Gold Baron, ...Summer, Sarsfield, J. ...Gwynne also ran. ...Galanthus, 91 (J. ...Screenwell Lake, ...to 1, second; Litmus, ..., third; time 1:46. ...Jones and Alnder ..., selling: Lou Rey, 105 (Enos,) 10 to 1, won; Malay, 105 (O'Connor,) 3 to 5, second; Locochee, 103 (Buchanan,) 5 to 1, third; time 2:09¾. Ulm, Topmast and Mary Kinsella also ran.

Six furlongs, selling: Ordnung, 99 (Buchanan,) 11 to 2, won; Anjou, 101 (Mounce,) 12 to 1, second; Hermoso, 110 (O'Connor,) 7 to 5, third; time 1:15¾. Maggie Davis, Gibraltar and Florinel also ran.

Seven furlongs, selling: Esptrando, 107 (Bassinger,) 6 to 1, won; Alicia, 105 (O'Connor,) 5 to 1, second; Torsida, 105 (Buchanan,) 3 to 5, third; time 1:29¾. Urchin, St. Wood, Gusto, Lough Derg and Jack McCabe also ran.

FOOD RAN SHORT.

Two Spokane Men Suffer Great Hardships on Trip from Moscow Bar to Orofino.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

OROFINO (Ida.,) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] C. A. Jones and Robert Watts of Spokane are here, recuperating from the effects of a trip from Moscow Bar to Orofino, 120 miles, which was made late in December under great difficulties. They left Moscow Bar expecting to get out to the settlements in five days, and started with food for only that period. They encountered four feet of soft snow, and they found the streams swollen to their greatest capacity.

Their food supply gave out before they had made half the distance, and they lived two days without food. On the fifth day they crawled one and a half miles on their hands and knees. They finally reached a cabin, twenty-five miles above the mouth of the North Fork of the Clearwater, where they found food.

In coming out, they forded streams up to their chins, and on one occasion Jones slipped on a ledge of rock and shot down a bluff into the Clearwater River, 150 feet below.

FATALLY SLASHED FOR EXPOSING A PLOT.

CONSPIRACY TO BLOW UP COLORADO PRISON FAILS.

Trusty Informs the Warden and is Later Wounded by the Convict Barber While Being Shaved—Crude Weapons are Discovered.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CANYON CITY (Colo.,) Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The convicts in the penitentiary here recently formed a plot with friends outside to place dynamite under the stone walls inclosing the grounds and blow them down. The explosion was to occur at breakfast time last Sunday morning, and was to be the signal for a general attack upon the guards who, with the warden and his deputies, were to be murdered.

A trusty who had been taken into the confidence of the conspirators weakened at the last moment, and Saturday night revealed the matter to the warden. Instead of being given breakfast Sunday morning the convicts were kept in their cells and a vigorous search throughout the prison was made, several crude weapons being found.

The informer was spotted, and Monday, while being shaved, the convict barber suddenly slashed the trusty's throat with a razor, inflicting a probably fatal wound.

ROOSEVELT EN ROUTE TO HUNTING GROUNDS.

COLONEL IS AFTER MUSCLE AND MOUNTAIN LION.

Will Remain in the West Until the Last Week in February When He Will Return for Inauguration—Private Secretary Named.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Vice-President-elect Theodore Roosevelt passed through Chicago this evening. He is bound for the wild game hunting grounds of the West, where he hopes to find mountain lion and bear. He is not going so much for rest as for physical exercise, and a last plunge into mountain life before becoming Vice-President. He will remain West until the last week in February, then return to Oyster Bay, and from there go direct to Washington.

The colonel announced he had selected his private secretary for his Vice-Presidential term. He will be William Loeb, who has been connected with him during his term as Governor. Loeb accompanied the colonel on his campaign trip of last fall, and is an affable, bright New Yorker, well fitted for his new position. The next Vice-President has no other appointment that he can make except that of messenger. This will go to a colored man named Pinckney, an old attendant.

Roosevelt said: "A mountain lion I would like to bag. The guide we are to have possesses a fine pack of hounds, and if we can get into the mountains far enough, I hope to reach the prize desired. I feel in prime condition, except that I am a trifle too soft. I think the trip will get me rid of that."

CABLE-CAR ACCIDENT.

George Riedrich, a locator of oil and water, who lives at the western end of the Temple-street cable road, was thrown from a cable car at Olive street Monday morning and severely injured about the head. Riedrich was sitting on the dummy, when the car stopped to let off a passenger. As it started up again, the trucks struck an obstruction on the track, bounded back, and then suddenly darted forward again. The sudden jerk threw Riedrich off the seat and he fell into the street, his head striking on a rail of the adjacent track. He sustained an ugly scalp wound, and was injured about the neck, and one of his fingers. He thinks a defective track was the cause of the accident and will endeavor to hold the company responsible.

BANK CLOSES DOORS.

PARAGOULD (Ark.) Jan. 8.—The Green County Bank closed its doors today. No statement has been issued and no cause is assigned.

THE TIMES offers work to women, and good money, for getting subscribers for it. See big ad., page 8, Part II.

A SOUR STOMACH

Is Often the Real Cause of a Sour Temper.

That the condition of the digestive organs has a marked effect upon the character or disposition is a truism as old as the hills. Old Ben Johnson wisely said, "The pleasure of living depends upon the liver," and it is a fact which none may dispute that a sunny disposition more often results from a healthy digestion than from any other cause.

Acid dyspepsia, commonly called sour stomach or heartburn, is caused by slow digestion of food; instead of being promptly digested and converted into blood, bone and muscle, it lies in the stomach for hours, fermenting and decaying, creating gases which cause pressure on the lungs and heart, short breath and general discomfort and irritation.

Such half-digested food is indeed poor nourishment for the body, brain and nerves, and the result is shown in irritable tempers, unaccountable headaches and that depressing condition usually called the "blues," but how quickly all these disappear when appetite and digestion are restored.

Laxative medicines only irritate the already irritated stomach and bowels and have no effect upon actual digestion of food.

The sensible course to follow is to make use of simple natural digestives like Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals until the stomach has a chance to recuperate.

The natural digestives which every healthy stomach contains are pepsones, diastase and Hydrochloric and lactic acids and when any of them are lacking the trouble begins; the reason Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are so valuable and successful in curing stomach troubles is because they contain, in a pleasant, concentrated tablet form, all these absolutely-necessary essentials for perfect digestion and assimilation of food.

Henry Kirkpatrick of Lawrence, Mass., says: "Men and women whose occupation precludes an active outdoor life should make it a daily practice to use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after meals; I have done so myself and I know positively that I owe my present health and vigor to their daily use.

"From the time I was 22, when I graduated from school with broken health from overwork, until I was 34, I scarcely knew what it was to be free from stomach weakness. I had no appetite whatever for breakfast and very little for any other meal.

"I had acidity and heartburn nearly every day and sometimes was alarmed by irregularity and palpitation of the heart, but all this gradually disappeared after I began using Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, and I can eat my meals with relish and satisfaction which I had not known since I was a growing boy."

The success and popularity of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is enormous, but it is deserved, and every druggist in the United States, Canada and Great Britain has a good word for this meritorious preparation.

The Broadway Department Store

Rummage Sale

Is a money-losing sale. We're straightening up stocks—getting in shape for another year. We've found entire lines of gloves (dollar and dollar and a quarter ones now 79c,) dress goods and wraps which we've decided to discontinue carrying. These together with what we have too much or too little of **we are rummaging out at profitless prices—Read!**

Rummage Sale Today of
Silkoline Today 4⅞c
In a full assortment of patterns and colors, a grade that sells every day for 7c; will be Rummaged out this sale at 4¾c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Shelf Oilcloth 2½c
Colors, scalloped edges, the same for which you pay 5c usually; here this Rummage Sale 2½c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Cotton Batts for 4½c
Half-pound ones, a good quality of cotton; buy today at this Rummage price 4½c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Our 12 1-2c Light Percales for - - 6⅞c
More than 500 yards, in all sorts of stripes and figures, also dots, full 36 inches wide and good 12½c quality; buy today at Rummage price 6¾c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Toilet Soaps Worth up to 10c 3½c
From best makers—Kirk's, Peet Bros., Jergen's, etc., such as White Oat Meal, Elderflower and Castile Soap, with wash rag thrown in; choice today only, one Rummage price 3½c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Our 10c Canton Flannel 6⅞c
Unbleached, heavy and nappy. It's a big fine bargain that ought to fetch a host of women here today; instead of 10c, Rummage price 6¾c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Waist Lengths Best French Flannel 98c
2¼ yards each, about every shade and pattern you can think of is there; quality? none better; every yard bears guarantee of either Atlantic or Botany Mills; almost a full dollar saved; price about town 75c a yard.

Rummage Sale Today of
What's Left of Our 75c Flannel Skirts 39c
Blues, pinks and creams, made full and brier length, with muslin bands and wide hem. Quick, now!

Rummage Sale Today of
Ingrain Carpets 35c
A granite ingrain carpet that sells at all furniture stores for 50c, reversible, yard wide and in 11 patterns; here today, Rummage price, 35c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Sofa Pillows 18½c
Covered with cretonne and fancy denim, 14 inches square, filled with pure, snowy cotton, 35c pillows; going today at the Rummage price, 18½c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Our 7 1-2c Bleached Muslin, yard wide 4½c
Close to a half off. My, how you shrewd, alert women will come! We can only give 20 yards to a buyer—want it to last all day.

Rummage Sale Today of
All this Sheeting Worth up to 30c for 14c
Bleached Pequot, Pepperill, Dallas, etc., in 5-4, 6-4, 7-4, 8-4, 9-4 and 10-4 widths, some 75 pieces, no more when they are gone, and we must ask you to buy by the piece, one price, though, 14c.

Rummage Sale Today of
48c and 59c Suitings, One Price 39c
All wool, Venetians, Homespuns, Shaggy Camel's-hair stuffs and beautiful Zibelines, goods 38 and 40 inches broad; some 20 pieces of them in greys, reds, castors, cadets, three shades of oxfords, seals, mode and navy. Splendid choosing now, grows less every hour; 39c a yard.

Rummage Sale Today of
Men's $1.50 Underwear 95c
High-grade garment of purest wool, natural or camel's hair, mohair bound; ribbed skirt and ankles; heavy and medium weight, all sizes. Regular $1.50 values; will be Rummaged out today for 95c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Ladies' $12.50 Jackets $7.39
Washington Mills Kersey, double-breasted fronts, tailor-stitched revers, velvet collars and lined with the best quality of Skinner's satin, 30 inches long, castors, blues, tans, and black; Rummage Price, $7.39.

For 1-2 Day Only.
These two bargains till noon. Don't come in the afternoon.

Our 10c Robe Flannels 3⅞c
Fleece-backed goods, used so much for wrappers and house dresses, dark colors in all sorts of patterns, half-day only 3¾c yd.

Amoskeag Ginghams for 4⅞c
Standard every-day goods in staple checks and colors. Most folks ask 7c, our usual price 6¼c, Rummage price ½ day 4¾c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Flannelette Gowns worth 75c 47c
75c ones, Mother Hubbard style, double yokes, lay-down collars, light colors; Rummage price 47c.
81 ones 75c—heavy flannelette, pretty checks, trimmed cuffs and collars; Rummage price 75c
$1.25 ones for 89c—flannelette, light colors or cream, neatly trimmed with embroidery and fin. braid; Rummage price 89c
$1.50 ones 98c—Best outing flannel, light colors, trimmed with lace, tucks and fancy braid, extra long and wide; Rummage Price 98c

Rummage Sale Today of
2 1-2c Corset Laces - - 1c
Linen ones in black, drab or white, regular 2½c values; Rummage Sale only 1c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Package Assorted Hairpins 1c
Card Fast Black Darning Cotton 1c
Card Safety Pins 1c
Button Hooks 1c

Rummage Sale Today of
Yvette Gilbert Face Powder for 5c
Always 25c, but we're only white left, so out it'll all go today at the Rummage price, 5c.

Rummage Sale Today of
All $1.50 Comforts 99c
Silkoline covered, stitched, in dainty shades of pink, blue and gold; a special value for two days if they last that long, 99c.

Rummage Sale Today of
$1.50 Spun Glass Petticoats - - 94c
Full width, made with a double knee flounce, trimmed with three ruffles and finished with colored braid; cut from $1.50 for Rummage Sale, at 94c.

Rummage Sale Today of
Our Dollar Mercerized Waists 45c
Plain fronts and backs with newest bell cuff sleeves, detachable stock collars, colors, cerise, garnet, blue, purple, black and all sizes, 45c.

The Busy Store---Fourth and Broadway.

[SOUTH AFRICA.]

BRABANT ASKS FOR TROOPS.

Appeals to Employers to be Patriotic.

Peace Committee Sends Out Manifesto.

The Boers Within Twenty Miles of Piquetburg—Looting Around Kimberley.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The Sun's Cape Town special says that Gen. Brabant has issued an appeal for more troops. He asks employers to give employés leave to join the mounted forces. Recruiting for the town guards is satisfactory, but Brabant particularly desires men who will go anywhere in the colony to meet invaders.

The Argus says that the proposal to appoint a delegation from the Afrikanderbund, consisting of Sauer, Merriman and Hofmeyer, to represent to Great Britain the true state of affairs in South Africa is mischievous, almost to the point of criminality. It declares that the motive of the bund is really to urge a continuance of the war.

The Central Peace Committee, established at Kroonstadt, has published an open letter to the inhabitants of Cape Colony, appealing for help to terminate the unhappy condition of affairs, which is plunging everybody into poverty and despair.

BOERS NEAR PIQUETBURG.

LOOTING AROUND KIMBERLEY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CAPE TOWN, Jan. 8.—[By South African Cable.] It is reported that the Boers have reached Sutherland, and are within twenty miles of the village of Piquetburg.

The country around Kimberley is being cleared of people, live stock and food stuffs. A commando of 150 looted a cattle farm seven miles from Kimberley. It is reported that all residents of Vryburg who are unable to supply themselves with provisions for two months must be brought south.

CURTAINS DOWN.

Death and Funeral of Frank W. Conant, Former Treasurer of Two Local Playhouses.

The remains of Frank W. Conant, a mere shadow of his former self, were laid in the grave at Evergreen Cemetery yesterday afternoon.

Conant died at the residence of his uncle, Dr. E. M. Griffith, No. 1457 Valencia street, last Saturday afternoon. He was formerly one of the best-known young men about town, being for several years treasurer of the old Grand Operahouse, now the Orpheum, and afterward of the Los Angeles Theater, under the management of Harry C. Wyatt.

Although a helpless invalid when he came to this city for his health in 1883, the change of climate so benefited him that he became strong and robust, and an active man in the theatrical business.

Tiring of life in the box office, he went on the road five or six years ago as an advance agent. Then he secured the management of the Bostonian Company No. 2, and later of James Herne's "Shore Acres" company. His health, however, broke down again, and about six months ago he returned to Los Angeles, a hopeless physical wreck from consumption. He spent his declining days quietly at the home of his relatives until death summoned him.

The funeral took place yesterday at 3 o'clock. Brief services were held at Bresee Bros.' funeral parlors, Rev. M. H. Plumb officiating. Maj. Wyatt and a number of other old-time theatrical friends paid their last respects by attending the obsequies and lading the casket with floral tributes.

Mr. Conant was born in Ohio thirty-five years ago. He was of a genial disposition, and had many friends. His only surviving relatives are a brother, W. W. Conant, who succeeded him as treasurer of the Los Angeles Theater, but who now resides in St. Louis; an aunt, Mrs. Aurelia Griffith, and cousin, Dr. E. M. Griffith, of this city.

BRYAN REJOICES THAT HE IS YOUNG.

EX-CANDIDATE ADDRESSES THE FAITHFUL AT CHICAGO.

Says the Democratic Party Was Never in Better Condition Than at Present. Reorganization Must Come from Within—An Unselfish Journalist.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—William J. Bryan was the guest of honor at the annual banquet of the Chicago Bryan League, which was held tonight. It was after midnight when Bryan, who had the last place upon the programme, rose to make his address. He said, in part:

"I take this opportunity to express the hope that this club and others which have borne my name will substitute for my name the name of some Democratic saint, or a name descriptive of principle, rather than of men.

"I am now a private citizen, with excellent prospects of remaining such. I intend to continue actively in the discussion of public questions, and do not desire to be embarrassed by being placed in the attitude of a candidate for any office.

"In selecting journalism as the best field for usefulness, I am aware that I am placing myself in the position where I can give more aid to others than to myself, but the field is chosen deliberately, because I am more interested in the promulgation of Democratic principles than I am in enjoying any honors which my countrymen can bestow.

"The Democratic party was never in better fighting condition than it is today, and I rejoice that in the course of nature I have many years in which to participate in the unending struggle between human rights and the usurpations of greed:

"It is not necessary to discuss the subject of reorganization further than to say that reorganization is an internal remedy, and that it cannot be applied externally. A person must be inside the party before he can participate in the party management. Some seem to think that they can be outside for voting purposes and inside for purposes of reorganization.

"Whether the money question will figure prominently in future campaigns will depend upon circumstances which no one can measure with certainty. What is desired is a sufficient quantity of money to keep pace with the demand for money. If an unexpected and unpromised increase in the output of gold restores the level of prices and protects the producers of wealth from the evils of an appreciating dollar, those who have labored for bimetallism will rejoice more heartily than the financiers who advocated the gold standard at a time when gold was scarcer and the dollar was becoming dearer.

"Monopolies will ultimately become so hurtful that the Republicans will no longer be able to defend them. Even today their defense is more secret than open. A colonial policy when put into full operation will prove so repugnant to American principles, that it must finally be repudiated by the American people. If, in the case now pending, the court holds that the Constitution follows the flag, a large portion of the Republican party will oppose the retention of the Philippine Islands. If, on the contrary, the court holds that the President and Congress can govern colonies without regard to restrictions of the Constitution, many Republicans will be able to realise what imperialism means."

RAILROAD COMBINE.

Consolidation of Northern Roads Responsible for Rise in Price of St. Paul Stock.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—The Tribune tomorrow will say the facts that formed the basis for the recent advance in the price of Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul stock have been learned from an authoritative source. There will be no lease of the road to the Great Northern, but close relations, practically amounting to consolidation, will be established between the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railroads, and these roads will make a strong traffic contract with the St. Paul similar to the one now in existence between the Chicago and Northwestern and the Union Pacific.

The financial combine which is bringing about an amalgamation of all the great railway systems in the country concluded that the Northwestern with its ironclad contract with the Union Pacific, had too great an advantage over the Milwaukee and St. Paul on North Pacific Coast business, as the Union Pacific is competing in that field through the Oregon Short Line and Oregon Railway and Navigation Company. It was, therefore, deemed judicious in order to prevent undue competition to even things up by bringing about an arrangement or legal contract for the interchange of through traffic.

The Canadian Pacific is understood to be interested in this deal, having been guaranteed a fair share of the business from both the Milwaukee and St. Paul, and Chicago and Northwestern roads, in order to stop the rate cutting which has heretofore been practiced by the Canadian road.

The intention of the financial combine, it is said, is gradually to get control of the Chicago, Great Western and Wisconsin Central railroads, the latter being now controlled by the Rockefellers, and divide the properties up between the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul, and the Chicago and Northwestern. These two systems, one controlled by J. P. Morgan and the other by the Vanderbilts, will then control the railroad situation between Chicago and St. Paul, and the rate wars which have so seriously affected the revenues of the lines between Chicago and St. Paul will become a thing of the past. It is this prospect that has caused the rise in Milwaukee and St. Paul stock.

DEATHS IN ARMY.

Gen. MacArthur Sends List of Fatalities from Various Causes in the Philippines.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Gen. MacArthur, at Manila, transmits the following list of deaths:

Dysentery—December 1, Thirty-fourth Infantry, Frank B. Huff; December 15, Eighteenth Infantry, Fred J. Wilson; December 25, Twenty-fifth Infantry, Samuel A. Nelson; December 19, Sixteenth Infantry, George W. Eder; January 3, Forty-sixth Infantry, Hans Gofford; December 29, Third Cavalry, George T. Butter.

Malarial fever—January 1, Thirty-seventh Infantry, Patrick W. Fitzgerald; December 26, Thirty-sixth Infantry, Allen Westfall; December 24, Twenty-fifth Infantry, Lawrence T. Grey.

All other causes—November 27, Twenty-fourth Infantry, unassigned, Charles G. Yelser; December 21, Thirty-first Infantry, Daniel F. Griffin; January 3, Twenty-first Infantry, Thomas Fonton; December 30, Twenty-fifth Infantry, unassigned recruit, George W. Whalen; December 23, Twelfth Infantry, Rutledge Harden; December 30, Thirty-fourth Infantry, D. W. Barnard; December 28, Thirty-seventh Infantry, First Sergt. Robert Anderson; December 24, Sixteenth Infantry, Joe Sommers; December 29, Fourth Infantry, Louis E. Silverside; December 27, Thirty-seventh Infantry, C. F. Kayser; January 3, Sergt. John Goffey.

READ THE PARTICULARS: The information may be useful to you—is sure to be—on page 8, Part II. It's about Women.

FIGHTING FOR LIFE ON A STRANDED VESSEL.

NINETY PEOPLE IN PERIL ON THE MAIL STEAMER RUSSIE.

Desperate Attempts at Rescue by Life Boats and Steam Tugs Made Without Success—Great Crowd Assembles Along the Shores.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

MARSEILLES, Jan. 8.—[By Atlantic Cable.] A terrible disaster threatens the mail steamer Russia, from Oran, which stranded yesterday upon the coast near the village of Faraman during a violent storm, with fifty passengers and a crew of forty on board.

She was headed to the starboard, and the waves are sweeping over her. Desperate attempts to rescue her company by lifeboats and steam tugs were made yesterday, and have been repeated today, but thus far the rough seas have prevented every effort to approach her.

The wind is still blowing a hurricane, with no sign of abatement. A great crowd is assembled along the shores, excitedly watching the endeavors to communicate with those on board the ship.

COMFORT FOR "JOINT WRECKER."

WICHITA (Kan.,) Jan. 8.—David Nation, husband of Mrs. Carrie Nation, who sought to demolish a saloon in this city with rocks in the interest of temperance, announced tonight that he will ask the Supreme Court of the State to release his wife from the quarantined jail in Sedgwick county on a writ of habeas corpus.

DISEASES OF MEN.

No one man is great enough to master the entire field of medicine and surgery. For this reason I determined early in my professional career to confine my practice strictly to a single line of diseases. I therefore treat only what I am absolutely certain that I can positively cure to stay cured—varicocele, stricture, contagious blood poison, nerve-sexual debility and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men.

CONSULTATION AND ADVICE FREE.

I make a specialty of contracted disorders of MEN which have become chronic from neglect or improper treatment. Address O. C. JOSLEN, M. D., or

DR. JOSLEN & CO.
Corner Third and Main Streets.
Over Wells-Fargo Express Office.

O. C. JOSLEN, M.D.

New York Dental Parlors.
DR. C. W. SYLVESTER, Prop.
Gold Crowns, $3.00; Bridge Work or Teeth Without Plates, $3.00 per Tooth; Silver Fillings, 50c; Cement Fillings, 50c; Rubber Plates, $5; Painless Extraction, 50c. All work guaranteed. We positively have the newest scientific discovery in Painless Extraction. Consultation free. Open Sundays 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. Phone Brown 1358. 321½ S. Spring St.

BLUE SERGE SUITS 114½ S. Main. We are making them to order in Winter weight, color and fit guaranteed, for $17.50. **Brauer & Krohn, Tailors.** Next to the Orpheum.

TRUSSES AND **Elastic Hosiery Made to Fit**
W. W. SWEENEY, 211 West Fourth Street. (Removed from Spring.)

CONSUMPTION CURED
By DR. W. HARRISON BALLARD, 415½ S. Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal. Sanatorium at Pasadena for throat and lung trouble exclusively. Write for literature.

Try a pair of our REST Lenses.
DR. C. B. ELLIOTT, THE OPTICIAN.
All Work Guaranteed. Open Saturday Evenings. 319 South Spring Street.

THE WEATHER.

COMPARATIVE TEMPERATURES.*

	Max.	Min.	Mean.		Max.	Min.	Mean.
Boston	42	26	34	New York	42	28	35
Washington	52	36	44	Buffalo	34	28	31
Pittsburgh	42	27	34	Cincinnati	42	24	33
Chicago	40	32	36	St. Paul	32	24	28
St. Louis	46	42	44	Kansas City	54	32	43
Los Angeles	61	43	52	Jacksonville	80	64	67

[*The maximum is for January 7; the minimum for January 8. The mean is the average temperature for the two days.]

Yesterday's Report and Forecast.

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, Los Angeles, Jan. 8.—[Reported by George E. Franklin, Local Forecast Official.] At 5 o'clock a.m. the barometer registered 30.00; at 5 p.m., 29.90. Thermometer for the corresponding hours showed 44 deg. and 53 deg. Relative humidity, 5 a.m., 78 per cent.; 5 p.m., 66 per cent. Wind, 5 a.m., north, velocity 1 miles; 5 p.m., west, velocity 6 miles. Maximum temperature, 58 deg.; minimum, 43 deg. Barometer reduced to sea level.

Weather Conditions.—Fair weather prevails this morning south of Cape Mendocino, accompanied by northerly winds and cooler weather from the San Joaquin Valley south. Stormy weather continues on the North Pacific Slope. Rain is falling at Eureka and snow at Roseburg. The State forecast indicates heavy frost tonight in Southern California, and the Chief of the Weather Bureau states that a cold wave is indicated for Colorado, Kansas and Nebraska, where the temperature will fall before zero within the next twenty-four hours.

Forecasts.—Local forecast for Los Angeles and vicinity: Fair tonight and Wednesday, with northerly winds; frost in low grounds.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—Weather conditions and general forecast. The following are the seasonal rainfalls to date, as compared with those of same date last season, and rainfall in the last twenty-four hours:

Stations—	Last twenty-four hours.	This season.	Last season.
Eureka	.....	.....	30.32
Red Bluff	Trace	12.62	16.69
Sacramento	.....	10.60	15.13
San Francisco	.07	10.91	14.75
Fresno	.....	6.05	8.21
Independence	.....	4.56	5.01
San Luis Obispo	.06	20.78	13.50
Los Angeles	.....	7.85	4.37
San Diego	.....	2.45	2.60

San Francisco data: Maximum temperature, 59 deg.; minimum, 41 deg.; mean, 46 deg.

The pressure has risen rapidly over the Pacific Slope. During the past twenty-four hours there has been a rise of more than two-tenths of an inch over Northern Oregon and Washington. Over Eastern Arizona and New Mexico there is a pressure minimum. The temperature has fallen over the entire country west of the Rocky Mountains. At Yuma, there has been a fall of 14 deg. Rain has fallen in Arizona and snow in the mountains.

Forecast made at San Francisco for thirty hours, ending at midnight, January 9:

Northern California: Fair Wednesday, with heavy frosts in the valleys; light northerly winds.

Southern California: Fair Wednesday; heavy frosts in the interior Wednesday morning; light northerly winds.

Arizona: Snow in the mountains Wednesday, with light rain in the southeastern portion; continued cold weather, with heavy frosts in southern portion Wednesday morning.

San Francisco and vicinity: Fair Wednesday; possibly light frosts in the morning; light westerly winds.

Sacramento and vicinity: Fair Wednesday; probably heavy frost Wednesday morning; light winds.

RECORD OF OBSERVATIONS, 5 P.M.

Stations—	Max. Temp.	State of weather.
Baker City	30	Cloudy
Astoria	38	Clear
Carson City	34	Clear
Fresno	60	Clear
Flagstaff	32	Cloudy
Pocatello	32	Cloudy
Independence	42	Clear
Los Angeles	58	Clear
Phoenix	62	Cloudy
Portland	36	Cloudy
Red Bluff	48	Part cloudy
Roseburg	42	Part cloudy
Sacramento	52	Part cloudy
Salt Lake City	34	Clear
San Francisco	52	Clear
San Luis Obispo	60	Clear
San Diego	58	Clear
Seattle	34	Cloudy
Spokane	32	Part cloudy
Neah Bay	32	Cloudy
Walla Walla	40	Snow
Winnemucca	32	Cloudy
Yuma	70	Clear

The Times' Weather Record.—Observations made at 5 p.m. and midnight, daily:

January 8—	1 p.m.	Midnight.
Barometer	29.78	29.75
Thermometer	53	46
Humidity	65	56
Weather	Clear	Clear
Maximum temperature, past 24 hours		62
Minimum temperature, past 24 hours		44
Rainfall for season, inches		7.69

Liners.

PARTICULAR NOTICE—

THE TIMES WILL NOT PUBLISH questionable massage, clairvoyant or other objectionable medical and personal advertisements at any price. Frauds and fakes must go elsewhere for publicity.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

ACCIDENT AND HEALTH INSURANCE IN the largest, strongest association in the United States. THE FIDELITY MUTUAL AID ASSOCIATION of San Francisco, Cal., pays from $5 to $25 a week for accident, $100 to $500 for accidentally killed, $10 a week for sickness, $100 for funeral expenses, $1000 to $5000 if permanently disabled. It has cash deposited with the State of California, perfect reserve, small assessments, and its policies cost from $1.25 to $2.25 per month. Prompt settlement of its contracts. For particulars, apply or write to HENRY J. SCHMIDT, general agent, 510 S. Main st., Los Angeles, Cal.

TELEPHONE IN TWO MINUTES. YOUR "want" ads. to The Times any time you wish to advertise, no matter what it's for. Call up THE TIMES, Press 1. This convenience will save you time and trouble. You can telephone as late as 1 a.m.

L. STOCKWELL CARPET CLEANING CO. WILL clean and lay carpets, 2c yard; window washing, house cleaning, furniture polished; we guarantee work; refitting specialty. 228 E. second. Tel. Main 1067. Prop. Bennett, Prop.

LOLETA CURES BLACKHEADS, COARSE pores and oily skins; does not show, or dry the skin like powder; creates a perfect complexion. MRS. WEAVER JACKSON, 319 S. Spring.

SUCCESS, HEALTH, HAPPINESS YOURS; join class in hypnotism and autosuggestion; consultation free. PROF. EARLEY, 421½ S. Spring.

GREAT EASTERN STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS, cor. Tenth and Grand. Tel. white 5151. Carpets cleaned and laid, 4c yard.

THE ORIGINAL L. A. RUBBISH CO. WILL clean your yard, store or basement; on short notice. Tel. Main 1147. 126 SAN PEDRO ST.

LACE CURTAINS LAUNDERED BY HAND, 40c pair; MRS. GRACE HEATH, 212 S. Broadway. Tel. 621 brown. Goods called for.

WINDOW SHADES—ELKELESS MAKES them. Factory, 522 W. 6TH. 'Phone James 2452.

SAVE YOUR PAINTING AND PAPERING done by recommended parties. Walter, 427 Spring.

JOSEPH'S PIONEER CARPET-CLEANING WORKS, 417 S. Broadway. Tel. Main 917.

REPAIRS MADE FOR ANY STOVE OR range. 529 N. MAIN. Tel. James 2621.

S. P. DREW, REAL ESTATE, LOANS AND insurance. 404 DOUGLAS BLDG.

WANTED—
Help, Male.

WANTED—TRAVELING SALESMAN; TRAVeling representative; restaurant cook as partner; kitchen steward; book-keepers and stenographers; pantry for store; shoe clerks; jewelry salesman; managing clerk for Riverside business; bright boy about 16 for office; education. Apply 218 S. BROADWAY, room 213.

WANTED—TELEPHONE IN TWO MINUTES your "want" ads. to The Times any time you wish to advertise, no matter what it's for. Call up THE TIMES, Press 1. This convenience will save you time and trouble. You can telephone as late as 1 a.m.

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade; only eight weeks required; fare paid; tools donated; catalogue free. We have no school in Los Angeles. The only one on the coast is MOLER'S BARBER COLLEGE, San Francisco.

WANTED—MEN AND WOMEN TO LEARN barber trade; complete from 6 to 8 weeks; tools donated; situations guaranteed; special school this month. Particulars, call, address GORDON'S BARBER COLLEGE, 417 N. Main. 13

HUMMEL BROS. & CO. EMPLOYMENT AGENTS.

A Strictly First-class, Reliable Agency. All kinds of help promptly furnished. Your orders solicited.

253-255 W. Second st., basement California Bank Building. Telephone 669.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

MEN'S DEPARTMENT.

Coachman, $30 etc. and $25 etc.; butler, washer, $25 etc.; another, $45 month; 2 carpenters, $2.50; ranch hands, $25 etc.; coachman, married, $40 and house; boy, factory, $4.50; orange packers, 2c; driver for dairy, $20 etc.; plow teamsters, $26 etc.; herder, $15 etc.; mill bench hand or cabinet-maker, $2; woodworkers, $2, stove rims; orchard hand, $25 etc.; barber, $12; dry-goods salesman, $100 month; man and wife, $40; lemon packers, 6c; man and wife, coachman and cook, $60 etc.; shoe repair man, $9 per day; 2 pruner, etc., $20 etc.; etc., etc.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Restaurant cook, country, $35 etc.; second cook, $60 etc., fare paid; head waiter, $30 etc.; porter and runner, $25 etc.; second cook, $30 etc.; elevator boy, $25 etc.; restaurant waiter, $7 etc., and $25 etc. and room; baker's helper, $6 and meals; man and wife, cooks, $60 etc., employer here; dishwasher, $15 etc., vegetable man, $15 etc.; colored waiter, $7 etc.; bell hops, $20 etc.; washer and engineer, $75.

HOUSE DEPARTMENT.

Nurse girl, $12; cooks, $25 and $30; colored housegirls, $20 and $25; one country, $30 and fare; ranch cooks, $25 and $30; housegirls for city and country at the highest wages.

HOTEL DEPARTMENT.

Chambermaid, half day, $2.50 week; pastry cook, $8 week; cooks, $50 and $25; waitresses, city, country and Arizona, $20 and $25; lunch waitress, $6; extra waitress, $1 day; second girl, small boarding-house, country, $25 and fare; pantry woman, $4 week; dishwasher, $5 week.

HUMMEL BROS. & CO.

WANTED—A POPULAR MAN, EMPLOYED amongst fruit packers, iron workers, railroad shops and other industries; can make $100 a month without interfering with his busine s occupation. Address E. box 4, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED CLEANERS for dye works; also a young man to learn; good salary and steady employment to right party. AMERICAN DYE WORKS, office 324 S. Spring st.

WANTED — DRAPERY MAN, BURLEIGH driller, book-keeper, florist, hotel head waiter, elevator man, porter, shoveler, man, wife, teamster. EDWARD NITTINGER. 228 S. Spring.

WANTED—PARTY TO COMPLETE MINING company, controlling 2 mines and mill; investments $20; miner's wages and share profits. Address T, box 27, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency. Carefully selected help of all kinds promptly furnished; labor furnished by day or hour. 642 S. SPRING ST. Tel. brown 1522.

WANTED — SELL YOUR OLD JEWELRY and silverware at mint prices to WM. T. SMITH & CO., the gold refiners and assayers, 114 N. Main st.

WANTED—MAN WHO CAN TAKE PART IN management of restaurant; $400 for half interest; profitable trade. 218 S. BROADWAY, room 213.

WANTED—A STRONG YOUNG MAN WITH experience in wholesale grocery or liquor house. Address V, box 16, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN TO DO JANITOR work at the Los Angeles Business College in exchange for tuition. APPLY AT COLLEGE.

WANTED—MAN FAMILIAR WITH ECONomics and sociology; good salary. Inquire at office ALDINE HOTEL, 228 S. Hill.

WANTED — A LICENSED ENGINEER TO run a steam boiler in a cannery, 42 day. Call early, 7:30, 1420 E. 4TH ST.

WANTED—SMART BOY, 15 OR 16 YEARS old; must have wheel. J. M. HALE CO., 117 N. Spring.

WANTED — A FIRST-CLASS SOLICITOR. Apply HOME STUDY CIRCLE DEPT., Times office.

WANTED—CARPENTERS TO TRIM A house. Cor. W. NINTH and GARLAND AVE.

WANTED—A MAN FOR LAUNDRY ROUTE; $150 required. E. H. RYDALL, 218 S. Broadway.

WANTED—MEN'S SOLES 35c; LADIES', 30c; good leather. 127 W. FOURTH ST.

WANTED—LIVE YOUNG MAN IN FURNIture store. 141 W. FIFTH ST.

WANTED—CARPENTER. 2104½ N. BROADway. 2 to 4 p.m. TODAY.

WANTED—BOY AT ARCADE DRUG STORE, cor. Fifth and Central ave.

WANTED—A BOY WITH A WHEEL. Apply 216 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED—A BOY AT 402 STIMSON BLDG. Call at 9.

WANTED—
Help, Female.

WANTED—CASHIER FOR RESTAURANT, $9 week; second girl, Santa Barbara, $25; family cook, Redlands, $30; pastry cook, country, $40; parlor maid, $25; family cook for short time, $1.25 per day; cook for small boarding-house, Redlands, $35; housework in family, city, $25; many young girls to assist; young colored girl to assist, $15. MRS. HAWLEY, 114 N. Broadway.

WANTED — SHORT-ORDER COOKS, $12; cooks, hotels, ranches, $30, $20; second girls, $25; home girls, $25; chambermaids city, Mojave $20, fare; girls for offices; dishwashers, waitresses, Palm Springs, Pasadena, city, $20, $20; restaurant, $7; many others. REID & CO., room 125, Wilson Block. Tel. James 6321.

WANTED—GIRLS FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork, $25, $20, $15; no heavy washing; chamber girls for half day; particularly want a nice girl for general housework and cooking, no heavy washing, $20, nice place. Call early this morning. 2024½ S. BROADWAY, room 2.

WANTED—TELEPHONE IN TWO MINUTES your "want" ads. to The Times any time you wish to advertise, no matter what it's for. Call up THE TIMES, Press 1. This convenience will save you time and trouble. You can telephone as late as 1 a.m.

WANTED — COPYIST, FORELADY, WAITresses, tailoress, bath attendant, dressmaker, cloak maker, manicure; restaurant cook, $30; housework; information headquarters. MITTINGER, 230 S. Spring.

WANTED — LADY REPRESENTATIVE TO travel for Los Angeles firm and appoint agents; only capable ladies need apply; salary and expenses paid. 218 S. BROADWAY, room 213.

WANTED—GIRL OF 12 OR 14 TO ASSIST IN light housework; small family; good home; fair wages. Apply 1274 COURT ST., opposite Edgeware Road. Take Temple-st. car line.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE FOR child 8 years old; German preferred. Write, giving experience and reference. Box 17, TIMES OFFICE, Pasadena.

WANTED—SELL YOUR OLD JEWELRY and silverware at mint prices to WM. T. SMITH & CO., the gold refiners and assayers, 114 N. Main st.

WANTED — NEAT, RELIABLE GIRL FOR general housework; small family and good wages. Take University Traction car. 3717 MENLO AVE.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork in Pasadena, $25 per month. Apply 311 DOUGLAS BLOCK, Third and Spring, Los Angeles.

WANTED—LADY MANAGER FOR RESTAUrant; $200 required for half interest; a good opportunity. E. H. RYDALL, 218 S. Broadway.

WANTED—BRIGHT GIRL AS AN APPRENtice to learn saleslady ship; no pay for four weeks. MAGNIN & CO., 251 S. Broadway.

WANTED — A COLORED GIRL FOR GENeral housework; must be neat and reliable; references. 740 S. FLOWER st., room 6.

WANTED — WILL THE YOUNG LADY trained nurse from the East, who lives on Wall st., call at 509½ S. SPRING ST.?

WANTED—3 LADIES TO DO LIGHT WORK at $1.25 per day. Call at 1747 N. SARATOGA ST. Take Boyle Heights car.

WANTED — AN ALL-ROUND COOK FOR small sanita rium; wages $30. DR. R. M. SMITH, La Crescenta.

WANTED—GIRL TO HELP WITH HOUSEwork in small family; reasonable wages. Call 1213 CALIFORNIA ST.

WANTED — GIRL WITH REST OF REFERence for second work. Apply after 2 p.m., 23 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEkeeping; plain cooking; no children. Call 120 W. 18TH ST.

WANTED—WOMAN FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; wages $15 per month. 1254 CONSTANCE ST.

WANTED—GIRL AS COOK AND FOR GENeral housework. Apply mornings, 2222 S. HOPE ST.

WANTED—A MIDDLE-AGED WOMAN OR A girl to be a girl to care child afternoons. 1331 S. GRAND.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork; wages $25, without washing. 2401 W. 23D ST.

WANTED — A YOUNG, NEAT GIRL FOR light chamberwork. CASA BLANCA, 850 S. Olive.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEwork. Call Thursday, 2027 BURLINGTON AVE.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK IN small family; good home, $20 st. NOPS ST. 9

WANTED—GIRL FROM 12 TO 4 P.M. EACH day; roll baby carriage. 728 W. 18TH ST. 9

WANTED—GOOD, TRUSTWORTHY GIRL TO take care of baby. 1234 ORANGE ST.

WANTED—A WOMAN FOR HOUSEWORK. Call at 618 S. LOS ANGELES ST. 11

WANTED—WET NURSE TO COME TO 729 E. 27TH ST. May bring baby.

WANTED—
Situations, Male.

WANTED—BY YOUNG MAN, POSITION IN any line of business with some outdoor work; first-class reference, including bank reference; state wages and particulars. Address R, box 15, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — BY RELIABLE YOUNG MAN, position in any respectable line of business offering chances of advancement; can furnish best of references. Address R, box 12, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND WIFE, man as coachman and gardener; wife is expert cook, or second work; first-class references. Address F, box 20, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION IN CANDY STORE by a candy-maker; well up in creams, chocolates and latest novelties; references given. Address "A," SANTA BARBARA, Cal.

WANTED — A POSITION AS MANAGER OF lumber yard; can give the reference required; had 15 years' experience. Address T, box 63, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — A THOROUGH BOOK-KEEPER, temperate and accurate (German), desires any kind of office work. Address O, box 64, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY JAPANESE, KIND AND HONest cook, position in family or boarding-house. Please address V, box 11, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — SITUATION, YOUNG GERMAN man, to take care of horses and cows and work in the garden. V, box 13, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED JAPANESE cook, situation in a high-toned private family. Address R, box 8, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — A SITUATION BY JAPANESE, good cook, in family; speaks English well. Address R, box 11, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — BY EXPERIENCED DENTIST, all-around job in easy-going office. Address R, box 5, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—
Situations, Female.

WANTED — LAUNDRY WORK BY DAY; want clerking in book and stationery store; understand book-keeping; want position as cashier in restaurant. Experienced. 2004½ S. BROADWAY, room 22.

WANTED — A COMPETENT DRESSMAKER and ladies' tailoress wishes customers at rooms or out by day; dresses made from $2 up. 448 S. OLIVE, room 12.

WANTED—A YOUNG GIRL AS NURSE TO invalid; hospital experience in mental and physical cases; best references. Address T, box 66, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY EXPERIENCED YOUNG WOman with good references, position as cashier or book-keeper. Address care MRS. HAWLEY, 254 S. Broadway.

WANTED—BY LADY, SITUATION AS COMpanion to lady traveling, in return for expenses. Address V, box 9, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED LADY, POSition of responsibility; experienced; best references. Address R, box 1, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY YOUNG WOMAN, EXPERIenced, waiting at dinner; first-class restaurant or boarding-house. Address R, box 10, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY A SCANDINAVIAN WOMAN; work by the day, washing, house cleaning. T, box 69, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—
To Purchase.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE, LIST YOUR real estate for sale or exchange with us. We have calls for houses, lots and country property. DYAS-GERMAN REAL ESTATE CO., 117 Henne Block.

WANTED — TO BUY ANYTHING AND EVerything in the furniture line. We will certainly pay you one-third more than other dealers. COLTER'S, 222-224 S. Main. 'Phone Red 3111.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE FOR CASH, CHOICE CITY PROPERTY. CALIFORNIA REALTY CO. TEL. JAMES 2921. 123 STIMSON BLOCK.

WANTED — TO PURCHASE A ROOMING-house; will pay cash if price and location suit. J. C. FLOYD, room 204, Copp Bldg., 218 S. Broadway.

WANTED — HIGHEST PRICES PAID FOR furniture, carpets and miscellaneous goods. MATTHEWS, 254 S. Main. 'Phone green 1281.

WANTED—THE BEST LOT, SOUTHWEST, 54 feet, $700 cash will buy. Call or address F. H. COLES, The Carling.

WANTED — A CHOICE RESIDENCE LOT; will pay cash; must be a bargain. F. H. COLES, The Carling.

WANTED—
Agents and Solicitors.

WANTED—AGENTS. THE GREATEST DISplay of fine books and artistic bindings ever made; was that at the Spanish Exposition, where there were over a thousand exhibitors from America and Europe. In this class there were 946 entries for the United States alone. Appleton, Scribner, Geowge Barrie & Son received the grand prize and a gold medal (the highest award,) and the credit of producing the finest books in the world. Dercum the least that this firm had engaged in Paris a large corps of literateurs and artists on a work which the New York Times has pronounced the new standard in the publishing line. Printing and binding are second for the sale of this work. For particulars, address 1213 WALNUT ST., Philadelphia.

WANTED—WHY BE HARD UP OR OUT OF business? We have a cure road to wealth. One coin-controlled machines are the best made and are quick sellers, or can be placed on the percentage plan. Write for part.culars. The best chance ever offered to make big money on a small investment. Address THE CAILLE-SCHEIMER CO., cor. Woodward and Baltimore ave., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — WORK BY A PLANING-MILL man; 11 years' experience; 2 years at bench work; have tools; can go to city. Address R, box 21, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — AGENTS WITH HORSE AND cart make big money selling our novelty machines to farmers. THOS. FOOTE CO., 127 Bauchet st.

WANTED — WINDSOR RUBBER COLLARS, cuffs, shirt fronts, etc.; wholesale, retail; liberal terms to agents. 422 S. BROADWAY.

WANTED—RUNNING BOOK AGENTS; NEW and taking publications. Address or call after 4 p.m., 631 CENTENNIAL ST.

WANTED—
Rooms with Board.

WANTED — PART OF MY BOARD IN EXchange for elocution and physical culture lessons; reference. V, box 12, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—
Rooms.

WANTED—A NICELY FURNISHED SUNNY room, with private bath, close to Second and Spring. Address V, box 23, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — 2 OR 3 PARTLY FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping, close in; no adults. Address R, box 3, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—
To Rent.

WANTED — A YOUNG COUPLE, NO CHILdren, want small furnished cottage or flat, or 2 furnished rooms, reasonable; must be clean and respectable neighborhood. Address "J," P. O. BOX 96.

WANTED—A SUNNY COTTAGE OF ABOUT 5 or 6 rooms, unfurnished, between Fourth and Sixth sts. Address V, box 10, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—
Partners.

WANTED—I AM HERE FROM THE EAST and want a partner to go in business with me; I am posted on what I want to do, and found where we can have a large and quick income. You will have to talk with me to appreciate the proposition. I propose to put money in it, and you must have $1500 or $2500. Answer V, box 18, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SILENT OR ACTIVE PARTNER in piano business; great opportunity for right party with some money; spring st. near Second; very small rent. Address today, V, box 24, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — PARTNER WITH HORSE AND spring wagon; money-making; Arizona. 129 E. FIFTH, room 29.

WANTED—LADY TO JOIN ADVERTISER in a lodging-house business. Address L, box 24, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — A PARTNER IN AN ESTABlished grain furnishing business. V, box 28, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—
Work by the Day.

WANTED — JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT Agency. Carefully selected help of all kinds promptly furnished; labor furnished by day or hour. 642 S. SPRING ST. Tel. brown 1522.

WANTED—JAPANESE HOUSE-CLEANING, any work. 668 W. SIXTH. Tel. green 964.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY. CALL AT 114 E. SEVENTH ST., room 3.

WANTED—THE JAPANESE HOUSE-CLEANING CO., 304 E. First.

WANTED—
Miscellaneous.

WANTED — IMMEDIATELY, TO LEASE A complete No. 3 or No. 4 Star drilling rig; answer with full information. DRILLER, 228 Laughlin Bldg.

WANTED—TO SELL SOME COAL. GET IN line at 129 S. Broadway. Only 5 sacks to one person. MORRIS JONES OIL CO. Tel. M. 36.

WANTED — BUY CHEAP OR RENT GOOD light modern road cart. 1907 W. ADAMS ST.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND SAFE, 24 to 30 inches high, 18 to 24 inches wide, 18 to 24 inches deep; must be cheap for cash. Address V, box 22, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND horse, weight 1000 to 1100 pounds; must be sound and gentle. Address V, box 19, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND buggy, cheap for cash. Address V, box 25, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND top buggy, cheap for cash. Address V, box 26, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND surrey, cheap for cash. Address V, box 27, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND phaeton, cheap for cash. Address V, box 29, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND delivery wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 30, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND spring wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 31, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND express wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 32, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND milk wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 33, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND grocery wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 34, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND meat wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 35, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 36, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND coal wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 37, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND laundry wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 38, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND bakery wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 39, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND fruit wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 40, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND vegetable wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 41, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND fish wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 42, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND poultry wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 43, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND flower wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 44, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 45, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 46, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 47, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 48, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 49, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 50, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 51, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 52, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 53, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 54, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 55, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 56, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 57, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 58, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 59, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 60, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 61, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 62, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 63, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 64, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 65, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 66, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 67, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 68, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 69, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 70, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 71, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 72, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 73, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 74, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 75, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 76, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 77, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 78, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 79, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 80, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 81, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 82, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 83, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 84, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 85, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 86, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 87, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 88, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 89, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 90, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 91, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 92, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 93, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 94, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 95, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 96, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 97, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 98, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 99, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 100, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND candy wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 101, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND peanut wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 102, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND popcorn wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 103, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND soda water wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 104, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOOD SECOND-HAND ice cream wagon, cheap for cash. Address V, box 105, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED — TO BUY A GOO

Liners.

LET—
Rooms.

STOCK FOR SALE—

LET—
Rooms.

MONEY TO LOAN—

IOWA LOAN AND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION, incorporated, loans their own money on all kinds of collateral security, county and school warrants, personal notes without indorser, jewelry, diamonds, pianos without removal; also first-mortgage loans on real estate; loans removed any time by payment of late; loans renewed strictly confidential; lowest interest. Ladies' entrance, room 312, Gentlemen's entrance, 214 STIMSON BLOCK.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, pianos, carriages, bicycles, all kinds of collateral security. Will loan you more money, less interest, hold your goods longer, than any one; no commission, appraisers, solicitors, call of sale; tickets issued; attorney free in our warehouse. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE OR SMALL amounts at lower rates of interest than others charge, on diamonds, jewelry, pianos, furniture, life insurance and all good collateral; money loaned can be repaid in easy monthly installments; private office for ladies. C. M. JONES, rooms 1-2, 254 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN FOR BUILDING, OR ON improved, city property, or in good outside towns, AT LOW RATES on a "NEW PLAN." Interest decreases as you pay. PACIFIC MUTUAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N, 161 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

$750,000 TO LOAN—
LOWEST RATES.
R. G. Lunt, agent the German Savings and Loan Society, San Francisco.
140 S. BROADWAY, Hellman Block.

LOANS MADE TO SALARIED PEOPLE holding permanent position, without security or indorsers; no publicity. TRADERS' EXCHANGE, room 23, Bryson Blk. Tel. red 2083.

MONEY TO LOAN IN LARGE OR SMALL sums at low rate of interest. Call or address DYAS-GERMAN REAL ESTATE CO., 313 Hamm Block.

R. W. POINDEXTER, 208 WILCOX BLOCK, confidential agent for investors or borrowers; loans made on real estate or gilt-edge stocks or bonds.

$500,000 TO LOAN AT 5 TO 7 PER CENT. net on choice city residence or business property. F. Q. STORY, 339 Henne Block, 113 W. Third st.

SELL YOUR OLD JEWELRY AND SILVER. Have at mint prices to WM. T. SMITH & CO., the gold refiners and assayers, 114 N. Main st.

QUICK ACTION, LOWEST RATE, NO PUBlicity; any good security. CALIFORNIA BUSINESS EXCHANGE, 412 Stimson Block.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE ON their notes without indorser; 9 a.m. to 5 p.m.; evenings, 7 to 8. TOUSLEY, 220 Wilcox Bldg.

MONEY AT 6% TO 7 PER CENT. NET. According to size and character of loan. EDWARD D. SILENT & CO., 216 W. Second st.

MERCANTILE LOAN CO. CASH ADVANCED salaried people. Room 113, HELLMAN BLK., 128 W. Second, 9 a.m., 2 p.m. 'Phone main 1267.

PRIVATE MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTate, furniture, diamonds. CALIFORNIA REALTY CO., 122 Stimson Block. James Bell.

IF YOUR SECURITY IS GOOD, YOU CAN get large or small amounts at current rates. of H. KENNEDY & CO., 134 S. Broadway.

$10,000 TO $50,000—REASONABLE RATES; NO commission charged. ALLISON BARLOW & CO., 123 S. Broadway.

PRIVATE MONEY TO LOAN ON IMPROVED city property. C. U. Brundage, 206 W. Adams.

$2000 TO $10,000, PRIVATE MONEY, 6 PER cent. LOCKHART & CO., 117 S. Broadway.

MONEY TO LOAN—LOWEST RATES; ANY sum. T. FERGUSON, 232 Douglas Bldg.

CHEAP MONEY, 5 TO 7 PER CENT. ERNEST G. TAYLOR, 117 S. Broadway.

$10,000 TO $50,000, 6% TO 7 PER CENT. WM. R. BURKE, 212½ N. Spring.

MONEY WANTED—

WANTED—$50,000; FINE CITY LOAN ON business property, 7 per cent.; also several good city and country loans in smaller sums. THOMAS S. WADSWORTH, 205 W. Second st.

WANTED—PRIVATE MONEY—
THE BEST OF SECURITIES OFFERED.
THE CALIFORNIA REALTY CO.,
TEL. JAMES 981. 122 STIMSON BLOCK.

WANTED—PRIVATE MONEY. WE NET you 7% per cent.; no risk, publicity or bother; investigate our plan. CALIFORNIA BUSINESS EXCHANGE, 422 Stimson Block.

WANTED—FROM PRIVATE PARTY, $250 ON notes, 4 to 6 months; interest 1 per cent. per month; A1 indorsers. Address Y. box 4, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—PRIVATE PARTY TO LOAN $150 on fine diamonds, worth double amount, for short time. Address R box 4, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—$600, 6 PER CENT.; GILT-EDGE loan. THOMAS S. WADSWORTH, 205 W. Second.

STOCKS AND BONDS—

FOR SALE — $100,000 BLOCK OF GOLD bonds. We own and offer the above in sums to suit investors. For perfect safety we know of no local bond offered on this market more attractive. Particulars upon application.

ALSO:
$50,000, 6-per-cent. power bonds; very choice.
$25,000, 6-per-cent. water bonds.
All of above bonds are exempt from taxation, and in denominations of $500 and $1000.
ADAMS-PHILLIPS COMPANY,
Room 1, Laughlin Bldg.,
'Phone main 967. 218 S. Broadway.

E. W. POINDEXTER, BROKER, 208 WILCOX Block. I buy and sell stocks, bonds and other securities, and lend money for investors. Eighteen years' experience in Los Angeles. Let me to act as business manager and adviser for any one needing a confidential agent. Correspondence invited.

WANTED—BANK STOCKS OF LOCAL banks. W. G. YOUNG, stock broker, member Los Angeles Stock Exchange, 325 Laughlin Bldg.

PHYSICIANS—

DR. FITZGIB TREATS ALL KINDS OF DISease by suggestion alone and without medicine; consultation and correspondence free. Hours: 9 to 12, 2 to 4. Residence, 1024 S. Figueroa, 10 to 12. Prompt, reliable information. Special treatment for ladies. This institute is one of the finest single establishments of its kind in the United States. All sick people should read this "booklet." DR. G. FITZGIB, M.D., C. PITZER, M.D.
325 W. Washington st., Los Angeles, Cal.

PROPOSAL—DR. MINNIE WELLS, BLOCK 2, E. Tabor st., 2 to 4. Residence, 1024 S. Figueroa, 10 to 12. Prompt, reliable information. Special treatment for ladies. This institute is one of the finest single establishments of its kind in the United States. All sick people should read this "booklet."

DR. E. NEWLAND'S PRIVATE HOME FOR ladies during confinement; everything first-class; special attention paid to all female irregularities. Office, 313 W. SEVENTH. Hours, 9-10, 1-3, 7-8.

DR. SOMERS TREATS SUCCESSFULLY ALL female diseases and irregularities, and all nervous and chronic diseases of either sex; 25 years' experience. 213-214 CURRIER BLDG., 313 W. Third st.

DR. VAN LANDINGHEM, RES., HOTEL NADEAU; office 129½ S. Spring. Cures Rheumatism, Nervous and Mental Diseases through Magnetism.

DR. GARRISON, CANCER, TUMOR AND malignant diseases; hypodermic treatment. 128 S. MAIN, room 11.

DR. C. EDGAR SMITH—FEMALE RECTAL and stomach diseases. 404 S. BROADWAY.

DR. J. ADAMS'S OFFICE IS NOW LOCATED room 8 and 9, EATON BLOCK.

J. MACRAE, ELECTRICIAN, FEMALE SPECialist, 1020 W. EIGHTH ST.

DENTISTS—
And Dental Rooms.

SCHIFFMAN DENTAL CO.—
207 N. Spring st. Painless extracting, filling, crown and bridge work, flexible rubber plates. Pure gold fillings, 75c up; all other fillings, 50c up; cleaning teeth, 50c up; solid 22-k. gold crowns and bridge work, $3.50 up; plates, $3 up; full set, $5 to $25. Open evenings till 8. and Sunday forenoons.

DR. URMY, DENTIST, FINE GOLD CROWNS and bridge work; teeth without plates; all kinds of dental work guaranteed; the best at lowest prices. 324½ S. SPRING.

DR. FRANK STEVENS, CROWN AND bridge work a specialty. 324½ S. SPRING.

ADAMS BROS.' DENTAL PARLORS, 324½ S. SPRING ST. Est. 16 years. Tel. brown 1051.

A. J. STEVENS, 233 S. BROADWAY. FILLing, crown and bridge work; 16 years in city.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW—

H. H. ROWE, 18 YEARS' EXPERIENCE, ALL classes of cases taken on contingency. Wills and probate business. Oil and mining laws. 114-115-116 POTOMAC BLOCK. Tel. John 1381.

ADVICE FREE—NO FEE WITHOUT SUCcess; divorce laws a specialty; damages. J. H. SMITH, 325 Byers Block.

DIVORCE LAWS A SPECIALTY. ADVICE free. HOLCOMB, Atty., R. 5-10, 121 W. First.

MACHINERY—
And Mechanical Arts.

FULTON ENGINE WORKS, FOUNDERS and machinists, Cor. Chavez and Ash sts.

IRON WORKS—BAKER IRON WORKS, 955 to 965 BUENA VISTA ST.

Los Angeles Business College
212 W. Third St. Tel. Black 2681.
Oldest, Largest, Best. Thorough. Practical courses of study in Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Telegraphy and Assaying. College trained and experienced teachers. Best equipped Business College rooms west of Chicago. This school has the exclusive use of the Voucher or Budget system of book-keeping. It is taught in no other school in this city. Spanish, and Lou V. Chapin's course of lectures each week on "Current Events" are included free of charge and see us. Good telegraph operators are now in great demand and our night school affords an opportunity to those who can not take up telegraphy or any other course in the Day School.

Brownsburg Business College
328 SOUTH SPRING ST. (STOWELL BLOCK.)
'PHONE GREEN 1561. In session all the year. Pupils enter any day. The oldest, largest and most amply capitalized business college of the Southwest. A broad and liberal business training school. Free, to-day. Not tied to any narrow-gauged, unpractical system, but covers the commercial field as it now exists in business men. The science of accounts, including gas-and voucher book-keeping, business practice, banking and all commercial and English branches. Thorough departments in telegraphy and penmanship. Shorthand and typewriting departments unsurpassed. It does the best for the graduate. Catalogue on application. H. G. BROWNSBURG, President; J. W. WOOD, Vice-President; C. LACTEUX, Secretary.

The Brownsberger
Home School of Shorthand and Typewriting.
328 SOUTH BROADWAY. Tel. blue 2021. Only individual work. Machine at home free. Hours 9:30 to 12:30. The only school on the Coast doing practical office work. Evening school every evening on a new plan.
This school has more demand for young men graduates than it can supply. Send for handsome new catalogue.

St. Matthew's Military School
San Mateo, Cal.
Next term begins THURSDAY, JANUARY 10, 1901. For catalogue and illustrated circular address
REV. W. A. BREWER, A. B.,
Rector and Head Master.

LOS ANGELES MILITARY ACADEMY.
In the healthful Westlake district. Prepares for all colleges. Manual training. Systematic physical culture. Catalogue on application. H. HOOPER, A.M., Head Master. David Peacock, Lieut. U. S. N., Commandant. City office, 309 Laughlin Building.

GIRL'S COLLEGIATE SCHOOL.
CASA DE ROSAS.
Corner Adams and Hoover Streets. Information at 207 W. Third Street.
MISS PARSONS and MISS DENNEN,
Tel White 7171. Principals.

Throop Polytechnic Institute,
Pasadena, has a finely equipped Commercial Department, for up-to-date instruction in Book-keeping, Typewriting, Stenography, Commercial Law, etc. Write for particulars.

HARVARD SCHOOL (Military.)
Western Ave., Los Angeles. Catalogues on application. Information at 207 W. Third St. Tel. West 201. Mrs. Lee V. Chapin, Lecturer. GRENVILLE C. EMERY, A.B., Head Master.

BOYNTON NORMAL.
Prepares for county teachers' examinations. Term begins Monday, Jan. 14, 1:30 p.m. 325 Stimson Block.

Eton Boarding and Day School
for Boys. Thorough Preparatory Courses for College. 909 West Pico Street.
HORACE A. BROWN, Principal.

PASADENA.—124 N. Euclid Ave. Classical School for Girls. Boarding and day school. Certificate admits to eastern colleges.

For School of Suggestive Therapeutics
Read Dr. Pitzer's advertisement in Sunday Times Magazine.

PATENTS—
And Patent Agents.
DAY & DAY, REGISTERED PATENT ATtorneys and registrars of trademarks, copyrights. Estab. over 50 years. STIMSON BLDG.
PIONEER PATENT AGENCY—25 YEARS 302 Douglas Block. HAZARD & HAMPHAM.

MUSICAL INSTRUCTION

HARMONY AND MUSICAL THEORY BY mail. For information, address Y. box 5, TIMES OFFICE.

We have recently returned from an extended trip through the East and have brought back many new ideas in photographs, among which is the steel engraving effects, made only by Schuniacher, 107 North Spring St.

ORANGE COUNTY.

ANTI-SALOON MOVEMENT.

SANTA ANA, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] Matters are apparently shaping in this city for the question of saloons or no saloons, to be settled by a vote of the people at the spring election.

The Orange County Anti-Saloon League, of which James McFadden is president and Charles F. Heil secretary, has issued a notice that a mass meeting will be held in the Opera-house Sunday afternoon, the 20th inst., to consider and decide upon measures of temperance reform. Dr. Chapman, superintendent of the State Anti-Saloon League, will deliver an address. This meeting, it is claimed, is called at the request of many prominent citizens of Santa Ana, and it will be open for discussion to all who are interested in the reform movement.

SANTA ANA BREVITIES.

The hobo strike in this city is ended, the jailer coming out victorious. All the hobos went to work yesterday morning. The diet of bread and water, and sleeping on the soft side of a board, "brought 'em to."

Bishop Hamilton of Los Angeles delivered a lecture in the new First Methodist Episcopal Church Monday evening on "Placed and Displaced People."

Co. L, N.G.C., of this city gave a ball Monday evening in Armory Hall. About two hundred were present.

The Board of City Trustees have appointed Austin Ellis poundmaster of this city, to fill the vacancy made by the resignation of J. W. Silkwood.

J. J. Graham has purchased a ranch of forty acres in the Stearns rancho grant for $4000.

The Immanuel Baptist Church of this city has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: R. Moyer, S. C. Marchant, Will C. Crawford, G. V. Dawson, J. H. Mills, trustees; Jacob Fisher, treasurer; E. A. Bell, collector; Miss Laura Warner, chorister and organist; A. S. Dunham, S. A. Marchant, Jacob Fisher, deacons.

The Times' Home Study Circle

DIRECTED BY PROF. SEYMOUR EATON.

[Copyright, 1900, by Seymour Eaton.]

LAW LESSONS: EMPLOYERS AND EMPLOYEES.

XIII.—WHEN BOTH PARTIES ARE NEGLIGENT.

(Second Paper.)

BY ALBERT S. BOLLES, LL.D.

IN SOME States an attempt has been made to measure or compare the negligence on both sides and then award judgment in favor of the least culpable. This doctrine has been derided by some courts; it has been adopted in Illinois and Georgia, and is gaining ground. Such a strong principle of justice underlies it that it commends itself to many. On the other hand, a principle of this nature that is to be administered or applied by an untrained jury is apt to be abused. Such a body of men, without training, with strong likes and dislikes, sympathies and prejudices, are quite unable, in many cases at least, to weigh and compare the evidence relating to such a question. Doubtless, if judges alone were to apply the rule the courts would regard it with more favor.

COURTS FEAR JURIES.

And here we stop to remark that one of the reasons why the courts have been so busy in building up a fortress of law for the protection of employers is their fear of the action of juries, if they were left with power to decide more questions, to roam over a wider plain. Their inclination to give verdicts in favor of employés is proverbial, and also large damages. On the other hand, is it not true that the narrowing of their functions leads directly to this result—that whenever they can get a chance they are bent on improving it? We have no doubt that if juries had been more considerate and impartial, courts would have been more inclined to keep a wider field open for their inquiry and decision.

THE PROPORTIONING OF NEGLIGENCE.

Let us then turn to the rule of measuring the negligence of both parties. In the trial of the Jacobs case by the Supreme Court of Illinois in 1858, Justice Breese, after reviewing many cases on the question, concludes thus: "It will be seen from these cases that the question of liability does not depend absolutely on the absence of all negligence on the part of the injured person, but upon the relative degree of care or want of care, as manifested by both parties, for all care or negligence is at best relative, the absence of the highest possible degree of care showing the presence of some negligence, slight as it may be. The true doctrine, therefore, we think, is that in proportion to the negligence of the employer should be measured the degree of care required of the employé—that is to say, the more gross the negligence manifested by the employer the less degree of care will be required of the employé to enable him to recover."

THE CALIFORNIA RULE.

The rule in California is worthy of note. If the negligence of the employé amounts to the absence of ordinary care, if it shall contribute proximately or principally to the injury, he cannot recover. The rule was applied in the following case: A man was driving his wagon slowly toward a railroad crossing. A locomotive came along, frightened his horses and they ran away. Lumber was piled up on either side of the street, so that a driver could not see an engine until he was very near the track. Furthermore, the engine bell was not rung, as the law required. The Supreme Court, in reviewing the case, said: "A very timid or cautious person would not, perhaps, have driven in the direction of the railroad, knowing that a train might pass along the track, and that the warning bell might not be sounded. But the question is, did the traveler exercise ordinary care and prudence in doing what he did? The degree of caution required is relative to the rest, but no person is bound to assume that another will abandon any reasonable precaution. He would have had no right to close his eyes had he been in a position to see the track, but this he could not do until he reached a point very near it." Of course, this principle applies to employers and employés, as well as others.

THE ILLINOIS RULE IN OTHER STATES.

The Illinois rule has not found favor in Pennsylvania. A person was in the employ of a contractor of a railroad company and fastened a machine for sawing wood to the railroad track in such a manner as to be injured. He was there, however, by the authority of the superintendent. The defense was that he himself was negligent, but he contended that if he was, the company was more so. The court of review made short work of his claim. "The parties being mutually in fault, there can be no apportionment of the damages. The law has no scales to determine in such cases whose wrong-doing weighed most in the compound that caused the mischief."

In another case of an injured employé, the judge charged the jury that if his negligence contributed in any material degree toward the injury, he could not recover. The Supreme Court declared that the charge was wrong, and that he should have said that if his negligence contributed in any degree to cause the accident, he could not recover. In other words, the negligence could not be measured, weighed or apportioned between the parties. Justice Paxson said that this had always been the rule in Pennsylvania. "This is a safe rule, easily understood, and cannot well be frittered away by the jury. But if we substitute the word 'material' for the word 'any,' we practically abolish the rule, for a jury can always find a way to avoid it. We are not disposed to allow it to be undermined."

In one other case against a railroad in which both parties were negligent, the judge attempted to leave the question of comparative negligence to the jury. But the Supreme Court said he did wrong. "We have repudiated oftentimes attempts to draw the line between contributing acts of negligence in fixing their consequences, and have always held that in such cases neither party can recover from the other. This is the rule of the common law, as old as the common law itself, and rests on the solid reason that one man has no right to recover from another for consequences attributable in part to his own wrong."

CONSEQUENCES OF USING DEFECTIVE MACHINERY.

Passing from the consideration of this principle, another will be mentioned relating to the working of defective and dangerous machinery. There may be gross negligence on the part of the employer in having it, but the courts everywhere hold that an employé ought not to use it, and if he does is guilty of such negligence as prevents him from recovering from his employer. This defense was made by a railroad in Missouri to an action brought against it by the wife of an employé who was killed in its service. The court remarked that "there may be cases where a servant would be wanting in due care by incurring the risk of injury in the use of defective or imperfect machinery or apparatus after he knew it might cause him bodily harm, but we do not think this case is one of that class."

Another case has been decided in the same State in which the principle was again declared, but the employé failed chiefly because he was the most negligent. The cross-beams in a building were insecure and the employé assisted in propping them up. After making them as secure as he could they were still dangerous, and no one had better knowledge of this than himself. Nevertheless he continued to work in the building, moving barrels until it gave way and injured him. It was shown that had he taken more pains in rolling barrels the accident would not have happened. He was therefore regarded as the chief author of his injury, and could get nothing from his employer.

AN EMPLOYEE CAN RECOVER FOR THE COMBINED NEGLIGENCE OF THE EMPLOYER AND ANOTHER EMPLOYEE.

When the negligence of the employer and that of one of the employés produce an injury to another servant, the employer is liable therefor. The injured servant assumes the risk of negligence of his fellow-servant, but not the negligence of his master. This rule was applied to the Grand Trunk Railway by the Supreme Court of the United States. An engineer on one of its trains was injured in a collision with another train of the same company. Its defense was that the injured engineer was a fellow-servant of the other engineer, and consequently that the company was not liable. He, on the other hand, contended that he was injured by the company through the negligence of one of its servants, and that it was liable. The court held that he was right in his contention.

The case of Sherman vs. Menominee River Lumber Company is an interesting one. The saws were in a bad and dangerous condition. An employé who was not engaged in sawing lumber was injured through the negligence of one who was attending the machine. If the operator himself had been injured the question would have been very different, for, then, the employer would have contended that he knew of the defective condition of the machine and assumed the risk of using it. Had this been the case, the defense would have been complete. But it was not the case. Another employé sued the employer, who knew nothing about the machine, and was ignorant of its condition. As he was not engaged in operating the saws, there was no reason for his knowing anything about them. The principle, therefore, that applies to one who is using a defective machine and knows of its condition, does not apply to another who is doing something else, though it may be he is at work near by. The employer, therefore, was held liable, for the injury was regarded as caused by the company itself. The court said: "We are of the opinion that the negligence of the coemployé of the plaintiff under such circumstances, would not excuse the defendant but would simply be negligence contributing to the injury caused by the negligence of the defendant, and both the coemployé and the defendant would be liable to the plaintiff. The culpability of the defendant lies in the fact that it permitted the use of a machine in doing its work which by reason of its defects was unnecessarily dangerous to its employés."

THE RULE APPLIED TO A RAILROAD.

In the case of Booth vs. Boston and Albany Railroad, a train started without enough trainmen, and in consequence an injury happened to one of the employés on the train. The court held the company liable.

For his own negligence, the master is responsible to his servants equally as to any other person. The servant on entering the employment of the master does not assume the risks of the master's negligence. He assumes the risk of the negligence of a co-servant, but the reason of the rule which exempts the master from liability to one servant for the negligence of another does not exist, and has no application when the master's own negligence caused the injury.

The rule that the master is not liable for the negligence of a co-servant does not, however, go to the extent of exonerating him from liability in every case where it appears that he did not himself do or direct the doing of the negligent act, or even when the immediate negligence is that of a person who in some sense was the co-servant of the person injured. There are certain duties which concern the safety of the servant which belong to the master to perform, and he cannot rid himself of responsibility to his servant for not performing them by showing that he delegated the performance to another servant, who neglected to follow his instruction or omitted to do the duty intrusted to him. The duty of the master to select competent servants and to provide safe implements and machinery for the use of his servants belongs to this class.

APPLICATION OF THE RULE IN NEW JERSEY.

A case in New Jersey may be mentioned in which the court again repeated the rule that the servant does not agree to take the chance of any negligence on the part of his employer, and that no court had gone so far as to hold that where such negligence contributed to the injury the servant could not recover. This was true in a case against a railroad company that had a defective bridge of which its employés had not knowledge. A fireman was killed by its giving way when his engine was crossing. The engineer had had orders not to go over the bridge with his engine, but the fireman did not know of the order. His death, therefore, was regarded as the act of the company.

An employer cannot escape, therefore, when he employs an incompetent servant or uses an unfit appliance, from recompensing an employé on the ground that he has been injured through the negligence of another who is a coemployé. In other words, to use the brief words of the Supreme Court of Indiana: "A master is liable to his servant for injuries resulting from his defective machinery, although the negligence of a fellow-servant contributed to the accident."

Haverford College.

HOME STUDY CIRCLE QUERIES.

(166.) What was the riddle of the sphinx?

(167.) What American statesman was called "Ichabod" by Whittier?

(168.) What Englishman is called, on his monument in Westminster Abbey, "The Prince of Poets?"

(169.) What corpulent English poet was called "Poet Bluenf"

(170.) After the siege of what city did the women carry their husbands on their backs through the city gates?

(171.) For how many years was England governed without king, queen or House of Lords?

(172.) What living Southern novelist began writing for the New Orleans Picayune as "Drop Shot?"

(173.) What is the stage name of the English actor, Henry Brodribb?

(174.) Who first called the Boston Statehouse "the hub of the solar system?"

(175.) What happy-go-lucky author was dubbed by Horace Walpole "The Inspired Idiot?"

(176.) What national constitution is bound in the skins of the leaders of the preceding régime?

(177.) What English poem is founded on recollections of the dream?

(178.) Who wrote the music of the English national anthem, "God Save the Queen?"

ANSWERS.

152, Attila; 153, Beethoven; 154, Napoleon Bonaparte; 155, Henry I of England; 156, Josephus; 157, Marshal Ney; 158, Charles V; 159, William IV of England; 160, Charles Dickens's father; 161, Charles Kingsley; 162, Attila; 163, Addison; 164, Belgium; 165, Ralph Waldo Emerson.

[OUR DAILY STORY.]

COUNTERFEITS.

BY LYNN ROBY MEEKINS.

DURING the past decade strange people have moved to some of the quiet places of the far South, and Brandle county had its share of them. As a rule they brought northern energy into lazy neighborhoods, and they prospered accordingly, getting good livings where nature was kind, and laying up something for rainy days.

Brandle is also the name of the county seat, one of those delightful old towns where it is always afternoon, except when asleep at night.

But for a whole hour one day it woke up.

John Heath was the State's attorney. He was a young man who had inherited the office and the wealth of his uncle, old Judge Bodge. Years before the office had been new and clean, but now heaven's first law was lost in the riot of old statutes and government reports that leaned irregularly against one another like staid citizens the worse for drink, or fell disgracefully in a heap, as if utterly lost to all decency. A breath of April had opened the windows and let in a draught that disturbed the cobwebs. Heath was looking at the world, American fashion, over the toes of his boots, and Sheriff Tom Price came in and asked if there was anything new.

"Now, Sheriff," was the reply. "Why ask that? You know the only thing that goes on in this office is the clock."

"Same down my way, I'm thinking of hiring somebody to commit a crime, so as to have company."

Just then a curious-looking person, medium in height, shoulders bent, hair gray almost to whiteness, face wrinkled and yellowish, entered almost on a run.

"My name is Faith—William Faith," he said. "Used to live in Wisconsin, but daughter's health was bad, and I looked for a warmer climate, and moved down here. You're the law of-

"NOW, SHERIFF. . . . WHY ASK THAT?"

ficers, ain't you? Yes. They told me so. Well, I bought a small place about five miles out of town for $2000; paid a thousand down and gave a mortgage. A month ago I got the rest of my money from Wisconsin and I put it in the bank here. Day before yesterday three men came along and wanted to buy the place—offered me $3000 if I could show I was able to pay the mortgage off. So I came to town yesterday and got the money, and this morning we struck the bargain, and they counted out their cash, and I counted out mine, and they put it all in a box and sealed it, and gave it to my daughter, Matilda, to keep until tomorrow, but after they left we got kinder curious and——"

"You opened the box and found nothing but paper," interrupted Heath. "Old man, you have been buncoed—swindled."

Mr. Faith fell back in the chair as if in a faint, but suddenly he jumped up, exclaiming, "There they go now! There they go now!" and tore out of the office after them, the Sheriff and Heath following, and all shouting at three men in a wagon.

The men evidently did not know exactly what to do. Apparently they first meditated flight, but when they saw Sheriff Price draw from the recesses of his wardrobe an ugly-looking gun, discretion made them halt, and where the team stopped was almost in front of the Brandle bank.

At that moment the excitement was greatly intensified by the appearance of a flaxen-haired, blue-eyed and altogether attractive young woman, who was crying hysterically, and asking her father if they would get back their money.

One of the three men in the wagon jumped down and asked Mr. Faith if he would talk the matter over privately. He was cool and calm, and he told the people around that there was certainly a misunderstanding, and that an interview would soon straighten it out. He invited Mr. Faith into the bank, and with perfect sangfroid asked the cashier if they might use the private room for a few minutes. Miss Faith insisted on accompanying her father, and when he said it was not necessary she replied, with great temper: "You've made a fool of yourself once today, and you shan't do it again, if I can help it."

By this time most of the Brandle population had congregated, and when the young woman's remark was repeated it met with much applause.

After the interview, which lasted less than ten minutes, Mr. Faith came out with his daughter close behind him. When he started for the door she grabbed him by the coat and said: "No you don't. Put the money back in bank—every cent of it. Don't go out with it, or you'll lose it again."

The old man acted as if dazed, but did as he was bid and shoved through the grating ten new one-hundred-dollar notes. The cashier looked at them sharply, then put them under a microscope and finally said: "I don't like this new money; it may be counterfeit."

"They're the bills we got from you,"

"CAN YOU SWEAR THAT THESE NOTES ARE COUNTERFEIT."

said the well-dressed man, speaking to Mr. Faith.

"That's a lie," was the response, "I gave you the ones I got from the bank, and you know these weren't the ones," addressing the cashier.

The cashier corroborated him.

The well-dressed man seemed knocked out and called his associates in. There was a hurried conference and they asked to have another conference with Mr. Faith. It was granted and the young lady again stood by her father, to the manifest admiration of the gathered population.

She came out with him and steered him straight to the cashier's desk, and another pile of notes was pushed through the grating.

"This is the money I paid out to you yesterday," was the comment of the cashier, whom the excitement was making so nervous that he had to say something or faint.

"That's right," said Mr. Faith. "And you can give that other stuff back to the man. I only want my own and I feel pretty low down ashamed for making such a fool of myself."

Here Heath and the Sheriff, who had been watching the proceedings and had kept a faithful eye upon the three men, came forward.

"You are ready now to swear out a warrant against these men," said Heath to Mr. Faith.

"Father," said the girl, "don't you do anything, but come right home with me."

"But," said Heath, "we must have something to arrest these men for—we must have his complaint."

"I don't want nothing else to do with 'em," replied Mr. Faith with emphasis. "I'm going home, and if any strangers ever come up my way again I'll set the dogs on 'em. All right, dear——" this to the girl, who was tugging at his coat—"I'll go with you and glad enough to go. Good-by everybody."

In vain did Heath and the Sheriff try to stop him. He had had all he wanted; his money was safe in the bank, and he was not going to bother with anything or anybody any longer. Matters had gone in such a whirl that it took Heath a little time to appreciate the question of the counterfeits, or what the cashier suspected were counterfeits.

He told the Sheriff to watch the men while he had a talk with the cashier.

"Can you swear that these notes are counterfeits?" he asked.

The cashier paused, looked, flushed and stammered. His self-possession was gone. "I suspect they are," he said, "but I couldn't swear to it. I really don't know. I—I——" and he broke down.

"Then you don't know whether they are or not?"

And to this he gave a reluctant "No." Poor fellow! He had been a cashier only a year, and you cannot expect expert knowledge on a $450 salary.

When the spokesman found how things were going he simply walked to the cashier and asked for the return of the money, and no one could keep him from getting it. Then with a bow to the attorney and the Sheriff, he said: "Gentlemen, as you have nothing against us, I trust you will permit us to resume our journey," and with set faces they drove off.

Heath and the Sheriff held many quiet conferences in the old office, still bemoaning the quietude of the county, but finding material for endless speculation in Mr. Faith's experience, and they wondered what had become of the Faiths, for the old man sold out and moved away soon after the affair. But a month later an unsigned letter came to Heath from New York City. The writing was evidently disguised, and there was nothing on it that could possibly lead to the identity of the writer. It ran:

"My Dear Sir: Some things are too good to keep. We got busted in Florida, having run up against it too hard down there, and we started on a buncoing expedition toward New York, living off the country, like soldiers, as we traveled, and we had mighty good luck until we reached your heathenish land. There we found William Faith—the saints protect that name!—and he seemed about the easiest thing we had ever run across. We did him up in our best manner, and that yellow-haired angel beamed upon us like a heavenly vision. But, oh, what a difference in the morning! That old sinner can give us all cards and then beat the band. He shoved those counterfeits on us, and he had us. It took all we had gathered from the whole trip to make up the thousand, and even then if that cashier had known beans from watermelons, we would have been your guests on the charge of counterfeiting. But the slickest trick of all was the way he flimflammed the thousand we handed over, and then handed into the bank the thousand he had drawn the day before. Oh, he is a jewel!

"It took us some time to get home, for the team did not bring enough to pay for the railroad tickets. If we ever wander from our own fireside again, your district will not be on our route. Give to Brother Faith the assurance of our distinguished admiration."

But of course this was not evidence, and even if it were, nobody to this day knows where the alleged William Faith and the flaxen-haired daughter have gone.

[Copyright, 1900, Daily Story Pub. Co.]

MONROVIA.

FLOOD IN A CANYON.

MONROVIA, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The recent storm amounted to a cloudburst in Class Shell Cañon, and a roaring wall of water, fifteen feet high, swept down with tremendous force. Above high-water mark in the cañon a number of Italian woodchoppers are encamped, and some of their tents and all their provisions were carried away by the flood. Last summer when the mountain fires raged this same camp was totally destroyed by the flames.

In Santa Anita Cañon there was also a rushing flood, and hundreds of wagonloads of wood were borne down from the district swept by the fires last summer.

The rain on the mountains was exceedingly heavy. In Monrovia the precipitation for the storm was 1.87 inches.

POOR TIGERS NOT TO BLAME.

Moss Talks of Misrule of New York.

Anti-Vice Agitation is but a Cloak.

Buyers of Special Privileges the Real Criminals—Denial from Tammanyites.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Frank Moss, ex-president of the Board of Police Commissioners, speaking last night at the Universal Thought Salon at Winterburn Hall, on the topic, "Things in General," blamed the men who buy special privileges for municipal misrule in New York. He said, among other things:

"This unanimous pointing to poor Senator Sullivan, Martin Engel, Percy Negie and Devery is suspicious. It is suspicious that all the newspapers agree in attacking vice. It is suspicious that Tammany itself points to the particular vices of gambling and disorderly houses. I am inclined to look behind and see what greater evil is shielded. The men who might start an organization to overthrow Tammany are themselves guilty of doing practically the same thing. The men who have been building up this system of corruption know that the men who were in control in New York life were buying privileges and were fattening upon the fruits of special-purchase privileges.

"Devery is bad enough, but he is a mere creature, a mere product. The commissioners are as guilty as Devery, yet they talk of taking one of them to be the single head of the department. He is the very man who broke his faith with a Chief with whom he had no fault to find, to put Mr. Devery where he is at the behest of politicians and gamblers. There has been all this discussion about vice, but he has done nothing. There has not been a single trial, but he is not the ultimate criminal. He is the creature of a system.

"Croker is certainly an object against which we have to turn our batteries, but I don't know that he is the worst one. There are men in New York who are great financial powers and who have been furnishing the brains for Tammany Hall for years and profiting by it, and they have been using the rough man, who is the nominal head, to control the masses and they have given him the rough man's price."

SUBWAY MONOPOLY.

Moss described the enormous value of the subways as an illustration of the special privileges which he said a certain few men were interested in, and he said that it was to protect them in the enjoyment of that monopoly that they maintained Tammany and through Tammany prevented a construction of the pipe galleries which would carry wires in competition with the subways.

"This is the condition, yet the miserable public is amused over dives and gambling dens, and the holders of special privileges slyly say: 'We'll see if we can get the reformers to put in nomination for Mayor some men who won't interfere with our special privileges.'

"One of the biggest builders in New York said to me: 'If I were to tell you some of my experiences, it would turn the city upside down.'

"'Why don't you tell me?' I said.

"'Oh, it would end me,' was the reply.

"What white-livered men we are in New York. I have seen men turn pale when I suggested that they speak out. Though vice is bad, it is not the worst thing. If it was not for corruption in business life there would not be so much in politics. One can be a railroad wrecker or an absorber of corporations and be considered respectable. The strife that is now on will go on until a force of men who have patriotism and civic pride will redeem the city."

TAMMANYITES' DENIAL.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The charges that members of Tammany Hall and New York City officials have been collecting "blood money" from gambling houses and other disreputable places in the city is officially denied by the Tammany Committee of Five.

Lewis Nixon, who is chairman of the committee, has made public a statement in which he says: "There is an organization of men known as the 'combine' that is organized for systematic blackmail, and they cloak their dealings by pretending to be paying Tammany Hall the money they collect for the protection they are supposed to furnish in its name."

AN AFTER SONG.

I.

Out of the storm and strife of it—
The rude, the reckless life of it—
One song to Thee!
A song from one who in the glare
Saw beautifully outlined there
A holy hill called Calvary!

II.

A song from one who knelt afar,
Beholding in high heaven a star—
Of stars the gem!
Who, lost in lonely lands of Night,
Was lost, as by its perfect light,
Where dreamed the babe in Bethlehem.

III.

What gifts were Thine in that bright day
Are sweet to dream of far away
Where strange gifts throng;
But mine is that Thou gavest me—
Laid at Thy footstool reverently—
The simple, grief-born gift of song.

IV.

Now, as Thy day in clamor dies,
Look pityingly from the skies
Upon Thine own;
Even with that love that ever lives,
That, being wounded, still forgives,
Comfort the broken hearts and lone!

V.

Where earthly love forgot to lay
The hand of healing, on Thy day,
Speak Thou some word!
Some word that shall the blind restore
And bid the weary weep no more—
In silences of Darkness heard!

VI.

Speak to the wandering souls that need
The light of Thy great love to lead
To perfect day!
Where any falter on Thy sod
Lift them like broken reeds to God—
Be thou their wisdom and their way!

VII.

Out of life's storm and bitter strife
Be still the sweetest song of life
One song to Thee!
Until we see, o'er earth's despair,
All beautifully outlined there,
A holy hill called Calvary!

—[Frank Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA CORRUPTION.

Bishop Potter May Assist in Launching an Anti-Vice Crusade in the City of Brotherly Love.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—If local leaders can be found to carry on the fight, Bishop Potter will assist in launching an anti-vice crusade in Philadelphia, and will speak at a mass meeting at the Academy of Music in that city to be held tomorrow night.

"I understand that Philadelphia is in as deplorable a condition in regard to its municipal government as is the city of New York," said the bishop, "and what is more, Philadelphia is a Republican city. It would seem therefore that municipal corruption may flourish under the auspices of either party. This is a truth which both Republicans and Democrats are bound to admit.

"A delegation of prominent citizens from Philadelphia called on me some days ago and asked me to speak in that city. They told me that the city was in sad need of an awakening of popular sentiment and of reform in municipal affairs. I said that I would gladly assist in any movement which had for its end the extermination of vice and corruption, but I declined to take an active part until I knew that there would be local leaders to carry on the fight. I expect to hear tomorrow if satisfactory arrangements have been made."

MOTHER EARTH IS NOT VERY OLD.

MRS. PROCTOR'S LECTURE ON LIFE AND DEATH OF WORLDS.

Widow of Great Astronomer Gives Interesting Data Regarding This and Other Planets—Splendid Photographic Exhibition of Stellar Bodies.

This is not such a very old world after all, judged from an astronomical standpoint. It will not be a dead one for millions of years to come, according to the calculations of the scientists. So don't worry about Mother Earth becoming uninhabitable in the present generation. The world is young, comparatively speaking. Only man and his fellow-creatures are transitory things.

"Life and Death of Worlds" was the subject of a lecture delivered last evening by Mrs. Richard A. Proctor, under the auspices of the local Academy of Sciences. If there were any of her hearers who were oppressed with the fear that the earth was nearing the end of its existence as a habitable planet, she reassured them, by giving this mundane sphere a lease of at least several million years more of life.

Mrs. Proctor is the widow of the late Prof. Richard A. Proctor, the English astronomer, who awakened such great popular interest in the science of astronomy by his lectures and writings throughout the English-speaking world. Prof. Proctor died in New York City in September, 1888, in the prime of life and at the zenith of his fame. His death was particularly sad, as the doctors took him out of a New York hotel upon a stormy night on suspicion of being a yellow fever patient. He was simply suffering from malarial fever, and the exposure incident to his removal to the pesthouse is alleged to have brought on his untimely death. He had just arrived in New York from Florida, en route to England, with good health papers, when he became ill with malaria and was hurried to a detention hospital on suspicion of having yellow fever.

The world lost one of its greatest scientists in Prof. Proctor's untimely taking off. But his achievements were not lost to the world through his death. Fortunately he was blessed with a wife, who was indeed a helpmeet, and who was familiar with his work and has done much to perpetuate it. Mrs. Proctor entered the lecture field about one year after her husband's death, and has since traveled extensively and contributed much toward the advancement of the science of which her husband was one of the greatest exponents.

Mrs. Proctor is an American woman, and is no stranger in Southern California, although this is the first time she has lectured in Los Angeles. She is a native of St. Joseph, Mo. Her father, Capt. Charles Thompson, is at present a resident of Encinitas, San Diego county, where she has been visiting for the last six months. She is now en route East with her daughter, to deliver several lectures, after which she will proceed to Europe. For eight years past she has made her home in Belfast, Ireland, but upon returning to Europe she expects to reside in Liverpool, Eng., when not traveling.

Mrs. Proctor is a matronly-looking lady of middle age. She was a widow and the mother of two children when she married the astronomer. They first met on a steamer coming over from Australia, where her first husband had died. Previous to her second marriage she had taken little interest in astronomy, but she at once interested herself in her husband's work and soon became of great assistance to him. She was for several years the sub-editor of Knowledge, a science monthly magazine founded by Prof. Proctor in England, and which is still being published.

Since her husband's death Mrs. Proctor has kept up her astronomical studies. She keeps in touch with the leading astronomers of the world, some of whom have rendered her great assistance, and thus her lectures are quite up to date, instead of being mere repetitions of the lectures delivered by Prof. Proctor twelve or fifteen years ago.

Ebell Hall was entirely too small to accommodate the large audience which assembled to hear Mrs. Proctor last night. Every seat in the house was filled, and many persons stood in the ants-rooms and aisles. Some even sat on the floor, so eager were they to hear what she had to say. The management was quite surprised by so large an attendance. It was withal a cultured and appreciative audience.

The lecture was illustrated with stereoptican slides, the very best and latest made. Mrs. Proctor claims to have the best collection of such slides in the world. Prof. Barnard of the Yerkes Observatory, and several other expert photographers of stellar phenomena, never fail to send her copies of their latest and best plates. Only a few days ago she received three slides showing some wonderful photographs of prominences on the surface of the sun. These, together with many others, were exhibited last night. Her photographic slides of the surface of the moon, showing the craters, mountains and shadows, are especially interesting, and are said to be the best in existence. Various views of the planets of the solar system were shown during the course of the lecture. Those of Jupiter and Saturn were especially fine, and those of Mars and Venus were no less interesting.

The lecturer told in a general way about the growth and development of planetary worlds; about their various stages of existence from the nebulous period until they pass through the molten state, cool off and become instinct with life, and finally change to cold and lifeless bodies, each transition covering a period of aeons of years.

In order to prevent her lectures from becoming prosy, she avoids figures which are apt to confuse those who are not in the habit of delving in mathematics. She conveys her ideas of size and distance chiefly by comparison. For instance, to give an idea of the distance from the earth to the sun, she said that if a man touches a red-hot stove with the tip of his fingers, the knowledge that he has been burned will be conveyed to the brain by the nerves in so small a fraction of a second of time that the man will practically know instantly that he has been burned. But if a man were to have an arm long enough to reach to the sun, and he were to put his finger against it, he would not feel the pain of the burn for 133 years, at the same rate of nervous transmission.

In order to give an idea of the comparative size of the earth and sun, she said if the sun were a hollow sphere and the earth were placed in the center of it, there would be room enough and to spare for the moon to revolve around the earth inside the sun in its natural orbit.

Mrs. Proctor closed her lecture by reciting a poem written by her husband, entitled, "Voices of the Suns." It is a sublime composition, and was eloquently delivered, making a fitting finale for the evening's entertainment.

Prof. W. H. Knight, who presided during the evening, called for a vote of thanks to the lecturer, which was heartily given.

Among those who went forward to shake the hand of Mrs. Proctor at the close of the meeting was W. J. Washburn, president of the Board of Education.

"Will you shake hands with an old schoolmate?" asked Mr. Washburn, as he was introduced.

"What, is this Willie Washburn, who used to carry my books to and from school in St. Joe?" asked Mrs. Proctor.

They had been schoolmates and neighbors when they were children in "St. Joe," Mo., and had not seen each other for years.

Mrs. Proctor and daughter will start East in a day or two. She may possibly accept an invitation to visit the Mt. Lowe observatory before going.

Just before last night's lecture, Prof. E. W. Claypole of Tiroop Institute, Pasadena, who is an authority on the ice age, was elected an honorary member of the Academy of Sciences. He will read a paper on the "Sierra Madre Mountains" before the geological section of the academy at room 229 Douglas Building tomorrow (Thursday) evening.

FIVE MEN KILLED.

Light Engine Strikes a Freight Train on the Monongahela Line—Two More Persons Badly Injured.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

MORGANTOWN (W. Va.) Jan 8.—An engine running light struck a freight train on the Monongahela division of the Baltimore and Ohio at Anderson this morning, and the collision resulted in the death of five men. Another body is thought to be in the wreck. Two more persons are badly injured and may die. All were railroad employés except one tramp.

It is supposed that a misunderstanding of orders was the cause of the accident.

Free to the Ruptured.

Dr. W. S. Rice, the Well Known Authority, Sends a Trial of His Famous Method Free to All.

Dr. W. S. Rice, 471 W. Main st., Adams, N. Y., will send free to any one who is ruptured or knows of any person ruptured, whether a man, woman or child, a free trial of his famous home cure. It is a marvelous method, curing cases that defied hospitals, doctors, trusses, electricity and all else. Merely send your name and address and the free trial will be sent without any cost to you whatever. R. W. Yourex, a well-known commercial traveler, was ruptured ten years, tried every truss on the market, partly made up his mind to undergo the danger of an operation, when by the greatest of good luck, he tried the Dr. Rice method. He is now cured.

MR. R. W. YOUREX.

Mr. Yourex says: "I tried Dr. Rice's method and it cured me. I did not lose a day on the road. Hundreds of merchants and friends in Illinois, Wisconsin, Minnesota and Iowa know the wonderful fact that this remarkable method cured me, and I certainly feel thankful enough to tell other ruptured people how they may profit by my experience." Mr. Yourex lives in Cedar Rapids, Iowa, at 2214 First avenue.

Every ruptured person ought to send at once and make a trial of this method that cures without pain, danger, operation of an hour's loss of time. Begin now, and by spring you will never know you had been ruptured. Write today sure.

HOPS

Have that peculiar soothing effect that strengthens and quiets the nerves when scientifically combined with malt as in the wonderful . . . . . .

MISSION MALT TONIC.

You have the most effective natural remedy for a weak, run down system that the world of science knows.

Doctors Recommend It.

The following, from one of the best-known physicians in Los Angeles, speaks for itself:

"I can cheerfully recommend your Mission Malt Tonic as an excellent nutrient and tonic. I have taken it freely myself and recommend it from experience."

J. H. BULLARD, M.D.

Twelve Bottles of Mission Malt with four Souvenir Mission Glasses only $2.00. Ask your dealer, or send direct to

LOS ANGELES BREWING CO., Los Angeles, Cal.

EDUCATION BY MAIL.

Ten Free Scholarships in the International Correspondence Schools to Be Given Away by The Times.

Don't neglect the opportunity to get a free scholarship in the International Correspondence Schools of Scranton, Pa.

The standing of the various candidates thus far entered in the race will be announced tomorrow.

Write the name and address of your candidate for a Free Scholarship in the coupon printed below, and send it to the Scholarship Manager of The Times.

In addition to the published coupons, credits will also be allowed for subscriptions to The Times. For one month's subscription, paid in advance, 40 coupons will be allowed; two months in advance, 80 coupons; three months in advance, 125 coupons; six months in advance, 250 coupons; one year in advance, 600 coupons.

Credits will be given on old subscriptions renewed, same as on new ones.

The contest will remain open at least six weeks.

For detailed information concerning the International Correspondence Schools of Scranton, Pa., apply to J. W. Henderson, supervisor Southern California agency, room 456 Laughlin Block.

DIRECTIONS.—Cut this Coupon out, fill in name of person whom you favor for a free scholarship, and send to Scholarship Manager, Times Office, Los Angeles, Cal.

THE TIMES

FREE SCHOLARSHIP COUPON.

Name.....

Address.....

De Ford's

Advanced Homeopathic Remedies

as are the electric light to the tallow dip.

No Experiment, No Nauseating Doses

With DeFord's 45 Remedies tried and proven by thousands of cases cured.

EXAMINATION FREE.

A physician of broad experience may be consulted free by patients of De Ford's Remedy Co., at their office, 175 North Spring Street.

De Ford's Remedies Relieve With One Dose, They Act at Once

DR. DE FORD'S COUGH CURE—Promptly cures all inflammation of the pulmonary air passages. When all others fail, this remedy is a cure in the best sense of the word. Price, 25 cents.

DR. DE FORD'S DYSPEPSIA AND INDIGESTION CURE—Will cure acute or chronic, stomach or intestinal indigestion or dyspepsia. The first dose relieves. Price, 25 cents.

DR. DE FORD'S RHEUMATIC CURE—Will relieve in a few hours and cure in a day or two all rheumatic, joint and muscular affections, sprains, lame joints, hips and back. Price, 25 cents.

DR. DE FORD'S SKIN REMEDIES—"$500 for every case of true eczema my Skin Remedies fail to cure," says Dr. De Ford. If you have itched and scratched, even ten years, Dr. De Ford's Skin Ointment will stop it in three minutes. Dr. De Ford's Blood and Skin Cure will promptly and forever rid the blood of eczema. These remedies are 25 cents each.

DR. DE FORD'S KIDNEY CURE—"My remedy will arrest and cure any form of Bright's Disease, provided there is not advanced destruction of the kidney structure," says Dr. De Ford. No matter in what condition your kidneys, take this remedy today, for you have ninety-six chances out of 100 for a complete cure. Send or bring a sample of your urine to Dr. De Ford; he will examine it chemically and microscopically without charge, and advise you. Kidney Cure, price, 50c.

DR. DE FORD'S NERVE CURE—Thousands have found a cure in this remedy when all hope had gone. Will cure nerve exhaustion, nerve starvation, nerve bankruptcy, inability to concentrate the mind, despondent, morbid fears, cannot sleep. Price, 25 cents.

DR. DE FORD'S REGENERATOR—Why not be young again? Are you prematurely old? This remedy stops degeneration of the vital nerve cells (vital powers), makes weak men strong again. Price, 50 cents.

DR. DE FORD says: "I prepare no cures for incurable diseases, no impossible remedies; my remedies are not 'cure-alls,' but a separate cure for each disease." Forty-five different remedies for forty-five different diseases, mostly 25 cents a bottle.

CAUTION TO THE PUBLIC—Due to the large sale and increasing demand for Dr. De Ford's remedies, unscrupulous dealers are offering what they call "just as good." Be sure to get De Ford's, and refuse all others.

No matter what your disease may be—
No matter how many doctors have treated you—
No matter how much medicine you have taken—
No matter how hopeless your condition may seem—

See or Write **De Ford Remedy Co.**

FOR FREE MEDICAL ADVICE

175 North Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Personal letters receive confidential attention. Remedies mailed to any address postpaid, on receipt of price.

Hunyadi János

IS THE BEST NATURAL APERIENT WATER KNOWN.

One Thousand prominent physicians have testified to this fact. Read what Professor Picot of Bordeaux, France (Professor of Clinical Medicine at the University) writes: "Hunyadi Janos is indisputably the best of laxatives, it is admirably tolerated by the stomach, it acts without giving rise to intestinal irritation, and it, therefore, deserves its universal popularity."

Nature's Remedy for the Cure of

CONSTIPATION,

Disordered Stomach, Biliousness and Liver Complaints.

ASK For the Full Name, "HUNYADI-JANOS." | LABEL on bottle is BLUE with RED Centre Panel.

Stricture

"URAM-SOLVENT" Dissolves Stricture like sugar. Quest Enlarged Prostate, stopping Drains in Five days. Restores the stomach, but a dozen local and positive cures. Urethral track. "Gem-Solvent" is not a liquid. It is a powder. Cures in one application. Absolutely and forever. Free Book of Questions or Pamphlets, sent in plain sealed envelope. Every Man Should Have One. Stricture.

ST. JAMES ASSN., 223 ST. JAMES BUILDING, C

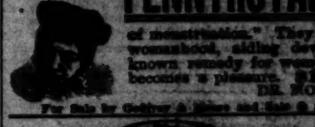
VIM, VIGOR, VITALITY

MORROW MEMORY PILLS have been in use as a specific for all of the Nervous Diseases and their followers. Positively cure old and wrong system from effects of dissipation, overwork, etc. CURES LOST VITALITY, INSOMNIA, PAINS IN BACK, SIDES, HEAD, BACK, KIDNEYS, DEBILITY, NERVOUSNESS, BLOOD DISEASES, CONSTIPATION, BLOOD POISON, LOSS OF MANHOOD, END OF HAIR AND BEARD. Effects are immediate. Impart vim, vigor and vitality to every function. Don't pay extravagant prices for worthless imitations. One box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee to cure or refund money with 6 boxes. Circulars free. MORROW MEMORY PILL CO., Los Angeles, Cal. WADDEN DRUG CO., L.A. Cal. 4th and Spring Sts., Los Angeles, Cal.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS

of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to every suffering womanhood, aiding development of young girls. Well known remedy for women equals them. Pain becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO.

For Sale by Gottlieb & Bloom and Hale & Son, Drug Co., Los Angeles.



Always Cool

That is the kind of [illegible] 20 years' experience specialty. Painless charges. Office hours 9 to 1. 217½ S. Spring

Dr. Cicero Sto

GEO. A. RALPHS 601

Fresh Elgin Tub Butter, per lb	30c	3 lbs. Dry Apricots	25c
Santa Ana or Gardena Butter, per lb	30c	3 lbs. Dry Almonds	25c
Anchor Cheese, per lb	17½c	3 lbs. Dry peaches	25c
Eastern Cheese, per lb	20c	3 lbs. Raisins	25c

House Work is Hard Work without Gold

A Common Cause of Sickness.

When the liver is sluggish and inactive the stomach will not digest food, and constipation, headaches and a general state of ill health result. In this condition use nothing but Wells' English Pills. They regulate the stomach and give vital force and energy; they drive away disordered, tired feelings and all troubles caused by an inactive liver.

STOR Central W 251 San F

$3.00 Welted Sole Shoes for Women

At L. W. Godin, Mgr.

137 South Spring Street.

DR. FENIMORE

Makes a special study of LAME HORSES and their cure.

Tel. Main 966. 122 S. Broadway

PAY WHEN

BRING YOUR SHOES

To us to be repaired. First-class shoemakers.

Hamilton & Baker, 239 S. Spring

BEKINS CUT RAT

Shell Novelties

Souvenirs in Shells and Novelties.

WINKLER'S CURIO, 345 SOUTH BROADWAY.

ADOLF

DR. KING & CO

Specialists for Men.

Varicocele, Hydrocele, piles and fistula, kidney, bladder and private diseases speedily cured. Call or write.

128 N. MAIN STREET, Los Angeles.

TROLLEY
CAR ON RECORD.

THE SPEED EXCEEDS A MILE A MINUTE.

...r is Philadelphia, in Part to Be a Study of High Speed —Average Rate of Speed Is ...ften Miles an Hour.

...Sun:] In whatever other ...Philadelphia may be slow, ... trolley car which sweeps ... city in the gray hours of ... which, taken day by day, is ... anything else of its kind ... the world. It starts from ... of the city just after the ... are out of press and tears ... the silent streets in a ... and westerly direction, up ... and along valleys, with ... stops to throw out bundles ...enty-seven minutes later it ... northern summit of Chest... ...ertsan and three-quarter ... This is at the average ...enty-five miles an hour in... ...least one stop every three... ...a mile. Sometimes on its ... has run a mile in a minute ...onds and it has made the ... in twenty-five minutes, in... ...stops, which is just sched... ...of the steam express trains ...ually the same distance be... ...the same places, though on ... Reading nor the Pennsyl... ...ways do the trains make any ...sometimes, as on market day, ...interruptions when sleepy ...on the lines of metals, and ...another trolley car gets ...and doesn't give right of ..., but despite the occa... ...for two years, in all ...of weather, facing rain or ...mechanical incidents ad... ...ever, it has made on an ...-five trips out of thirty-... ...and only once has it been ...forty-five minutes in cov... ...stance. On that occasion ...a hay wagon was on the ...this the Eagle Flight ...responsible.

...that this car carries ...papers for distribution it ...ed to be a journalistic ...Philadelphia, but this is ... It is an experiment by ...traction Company to test ...of high speed and the ...schedule time under con... ...favorable for secur... ...for all the problems ...to solve. Every trip is ...electrical experts, the ...estimated, the power ...state of the metal, the ...and barometrical con... ...as well as the humidity ...different elevations ...and when 1000 trips ...the data thus gathered ...ered, with a view of ...result to be applied in ...of economy and ac... ...as may be opened up. ...conditions attending ...so varying that this ...when there is little or ...the streets, offers pe... ...The length of the ...and varying grades— ...1 in 70—its curves of ...radii, its total rise, ...all, and the localities ...power houses are ...well grouped that no ...the test could be ar... ...by building a line es... ...It may be men... ...the newspapers do not ...usual use of the Eagle ..., they pay for it very ...the traction company, ...gratuity, runs the car with ...little profit, and cer... ...scientific observations he ...its charge, at no consider... ...As this Philadelphia com... ...various associations, indi... ...to the membership of its ...or otherwise, is interested ...the service of many large ...New York, Baltimore, ...Pittsburg, Chicago, etc., ...of this experiment is of ...passing interest.

...since I have had in riding ...steam and electric railways ...generally disappointing, so ...sensation at the mo... ...concerned. Even on the en... ...Black Diamond express at ...through a region almost un... ...for wild scenery, high ...curving tunnels and moun... ...when traveling at the ...enty-three miles an hour ...after it passed half that ...not appreciated. After the ...rush out into the darkness ...and the headlight begins to ...widening tunnel of light ...is presently no way to ...speed except by knowledge ...distances, as between local ...the engine takes on its ...ing, the clatter on the ...rail joins in the mess... ...line is a little uneven ...impossible to guess the ...deceiving exterior and unfa... ...The sense of speed is ...the comparative point of ...is left behind and the ...himself never regards ...objects in estimating it. ...of his cut-off he simply ...piston or unconsciously ...and fall of the con... ...under the cab, and he ...within 200 feet in a mile ...is going. Of course, he ...impression by distances ...points, but he rarely ...anything. He knows, ...just how, but he does ...the cylinder would tell ...ear with equal accu... ...trolley car riding such ...is something different. ...blocks of the city of ...the tracks cross each ..., and the whip of the ...clear and sharp. With ...faltering quality the troli... ...in the air, the dirt ...the metals grind forth ...protest, the car itself ...sort of eccentric fashions ...on a rhythmic swing. ...street lamps shrouded in ...early morning gleam like ...as they rise, approach, ...rar and are gone. Per... ...electric car on such a road ...ridden over is next to a ...mobile on a clear road. ...is yielding sensations of ...and is not surpassed by ...the best pair of trotters ...ever drove.

...A. M. when the Eagle ...pulled slowly clear of the ...had been working in ...newspaper offices and ...Sixth street. A motorman ...vast bear-skin coat with ...fur cap and a havelock ...material hanging down on ...rested on the front plat... ...heads were eased with ...for fear of the electric ...window shield was ...front of him and stoutly ...On the rear platform ...was the conductor and ...just within the door ...instruments which ...speed, strength of current ...were approximately, for ...to a street level for the ...local vehicles of all kinds ...obstacles of dirt, and ...not present on the ...steam railway or one ...points. There was an ...in the way, but the sharp alarm bell, kept continuously and automatically ringing, preserved a pretty clear way, so that the first two miles were made in nine minutes, including two full stops to discharge papers and one for a railway crossing on grade. After that time the track was double and the way clearer. In a few minutes Germantown road began to rise and as suddenly to fall and to twist like a corkscrew in and around the hills where the revolutionary battle was fought. In passing the first accelerating station the current meter showed a double strength for the first deep acclivity. Despite the fact that the rise of the hill is 1 in 11 there was no diminution in sped and the record showed 2700 feet lineal distance in precisely 36 seconds, approaching a mile a minute within a few seconds.

As there was a special reason for pressing the speed of this trip, the stops made were shortened by the utmost possible dispatch in casting out the newspapers, and when speed was resumed in Germantown in front of the old Wistar mansion it was for a run of two miles. The weight of the car, newspapers and the four persons occupying it was as near as may be to ten and a half tons. The air was heavy and damp, the current being so sluggish that the block lights grew into light and faded instead of snapping sharply and instantaneously into flame. Barometer, 30.01; temperature, 36 degrees; humidity, 73; wind northwest, with velocity 11, raised on the anemometer on the car moving at 47 miles an hour to 63, which means hurricane violence.

There is something grotesque in taking observations as for navigating a ship at sea with reference to the movement of a commonplace trolley car, but every factor in this problem must be considered. In making out some problem for a railway company as to the movement of empty and loaded dumping cars I found that the wind resistance affected the power 5 per cent. on each empty car built squarely within as against an empty hopper car of the same weight whose interior is curved. It is a curious problem, this windage, whether applied to a bullet or a hay wagon, and data for its discussion have only been approximately found.

It is not necessary to go into the details of observation except to note that the car made two miles in 2:33½ which may be taken to be the record for a trolley car off the level and straight road. Of course there is under these conditions only the mechanical limit, the power being given just as the speed of a locomotive is similarly governed. The sensation of riding on the motor platform was as if we were being shot out of a gun. The full current was on and the curves swung the car perceptibly, but the ascending of the hills was like the realization of traveling with and on the trajectory of a shell. The whistle of the trolley pole (I should have noted this was an overhead current) was piercingly shrill and the turning of the wheels was a wild cry. On the summit of Mount Airy the car drew up and a hasty examination showed that no excessive heat had been generated. The rest of the trip was made more leisurely, but at a rate that was nevertheless very swift. At 5:09½ o'clock, just twenty-four and a half minutes after leaving Eighth and Chestnut streets, the car came to a standstill, its journey ended. Eleven miles of the distance was made in eighteen minutes, and one thousand feet were covered at the rate of sixty-one miles an hour approximately. I do not give the exact measurements and record, as they would require considerable technical explanation. It cannot be said that the Eagle Flight trolley came through unscathed, for two wheels were flattened and will never run again; one connection was burned out at the moment of stopping and no doubt the Eagle Flight was somewhat strained in her joints.

Every Mother, Expectant Mother or Marriageable Girl

can have a practical treatise on motherhood, telling about "MOTHER'S FRIEND" (that will save months of pain and trouble), sent, free, by sending name and address of self or friends to THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

"The world can produce nothing like 'Mother's Friend.'"

Sold by best Druggists, $1.00, or sent by express paid on receipt of price.

ALMOST INCREDIBLE

A Hot Bath in Seven Minutes for 3 cents

WITH A

GAS INSTANTANEOUS WATER HEATER.

We will prove this to you if you will call at our Gas Applicance Department, 453 South Broadway, where we keep a heater constantly in operation. The cook stove heats water—after a while. A Gas Range will heat it quicker. But a Gas Instantaneous Water Heater heats water instantly.

Hot water for Medicinal Purposes at midnight, takes only a second, and midnight troubles are often our fate you know.

Sold at absolute cost, on installments, if preferred.

Los Angeles Lighting Co.

Abel's White Pine Balsam

Free Samples

For Coughs

Test its merits before they are gone.

At Ellington's,

FOURTH and SPRING STS.

[HAWAII.]

ELECTRICAL CURRENT AROUND THE ISLANDS.

ALL EXCEPT KAUAI UNITED BY WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

Delegate Wilcox Wants a Committee to Examine Youths for West Point—Suicide of Journalist Wright—David L. Naone Dead.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

HONOLULU, Jan. 1.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] Wireless telegraphy between Honolulu and the various islands of the Hawaiian group will be in practical working order next Thursday. Stations on the various islands have all been established and tests made, showing everything to be in perfect order. Next Thursday commercial messages will be received.

The service will include all islands except Kauai. There are three stations, one at Honolulu, one at Hilo and one on the Island of Lanai. Lanai is the connecting station between the two others. By means of the cable, messages can be sent from Lanai to the Island of Maui. By this means and by telephone the islands of the group will now be in close communication.

YOUTHS FOR WEST POINT.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

HONOLULU, Jan. 1.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] A letter has come from Delegate Wilcox, at Washington, to the Central Committee of the Independent party, asking the members to appoint a committee to examine Hawaiian youths who wish to enter the West Point Military Academy and to forward recommendations as to five with photographs. He says that Hawaii is entitled to ten cadets.

Wilcox said the recommendations must reach Washington December 23, but this is impossible, as the committee has referred the matter to a general convention of the party, January 7. There will be no trouble about the physique of the boys, as the native or half-breed Hawaiians excel in all athletic sports.

DEATHS AND DESTRUCTION.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

HONOLULU, Jan. 1.—W. Horace Wright, journalist, lawyer and leader among the forces of the Royalist party in Hawaii, ended his life with the end of the nineteenth century, by taking carbolic acid. He was found dead New Year's morning in his editorial chair in the office of the Independent, of which he was associate editor.

David L. Naone, Speaker of the House of Representatives at the first session of the Legislature under the republic of Hawaii, and one of the leading Hawaiians, died at his home in Honolulu, last Friday, from paralysis. He was one of the prominent natives who took the part of the provisional government at the time of the overthrow of the monarchy.

A historic structure, the old home of Kekuanaoa and the palace of King Kamehameha, has just been torn down to make way for a more modern building.

Secretary Lyman T. Gage's instructions regarding the registration of Chinese have been received here. All Chinese who were residents of the Hawaiian Islands up to June 14, 1900, the date when the Territorial act went into effect, are to be given certificates of residence, in accordance with American law. The time limit for registering is June 13, 1901.

DISEASES OF MEN

The continuous practice of twenty years has demonstrated that we are masters of the following and other diseases peculiar to men:

Sexual Weakness, Lost Vitality, Varicocele, Stricture,

And the diseases brought on by youthful indiscretion and excesses. We have no new discovery, no fad, no desire to experiment. We have proven our methods. They are certain and sure.

Consultation and Advice Free
Correspondence Confidential.

DR. MEYERS & CO.

Specialists for Men Only.

218 S. BROADWAY, LOS ANGELES.

Hours—9 to 12, 1 to 4; Evenings 7 to 8; Sundays 10 to 12.

Pay when well. Home cures a specialty Free private book for men only; question list prices, etc., at office or by mail.

Cut Glass— China— Bric-a-Brac

H. F. VOLLMER & Co.

Cor. Third & Broadway.

The Nerves of Women

To Nervous Women.

"I feel as if I should fly into a thousand pieces!" "I just can't stand it another minute!"

Do you ever make use of these expressions?

"Why, yes," you say. "I'm nervous and unstrung, and I can't help it."

Do you know what makes you so nervous?

"Oh, everything! I don't know and I don't care what it is. I wish I was dead!"

STOP and listen.

People do not sympathize with you, do they? They think you can help getting wrought up in this way, if you will. They tell you to "keep cool;" not to "lose your head;" to "calm yourself;" to "avoid excitement." They will not understand that you are sick, and that you really "can't help it." You do not know yourself just what the trouble is. You have been to your doctor, but his medicine has had no effect. Every day you get more nervous. You are almost beside yourself with every small responsibility and can see no way out of it.

Why don't you write to Mrs. Pinkham?

Has it occurred to you that the pains you have every month and the dragging sensation are caused by the same trouble that makes you nervous?

Don't hesitate to write to Mrs. Pinkham. She will understand your case perfectly, and will treat you with kindness. Her advice is free, and the address is Lynn, Mass. No woman ever regretted writing to her, and she has helped thousands. Her medicine, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, is the true help for nervous women. It regulates the monthly sickness and overcomes all those uterine derangements that excite the nerves. This is the easy and the right way to get the help you need. Read the letters from women she has helped.

When you ask for Mrs. Pinkham's medicine at your druggist's, do not be persuaded to take something else said to be "just as good." Nothing in the world is so good for women's ills as

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

A Few Letters from Women.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot help but feel that it is my duty to do something in regard to recommending your wonderful medicine. I must say it is the grandest medicine on earth, and have advised a great many suffering with female troubles to take it. I tell people I wish I could go on the platform and lecture on it.

"My trouble was extreme nervousness caused by painful menstruation. The suffering I endured pen cannot describe. I was treated by one of our most prominent physicians here for five months and found myself getting worse instead of better. At the end of the fifth month he told me he had done all he could for me, and that I had better go to the hospital. My sister advised me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had cured her of backaches. I did so and took it faithfully, and am now cured of my trouble and in perfect health. Many thanks to your medicine."—MRS. H. S. BALL, 461 Orchard St., New Haven, Conn.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I wish to speak a good word for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. For years I had ovarian trouble and suffered everything from nervousness, severe headache, and pain in back and abdomen. I had consulted different physicians, but decided to try your medicine, and I soon found it was giving me much relief. I continued its use and now am feeling like a new person, physically and mentally, and am glad to add one more testimonial to the value of your remedy."—MRS. E. H. LEWIS, 2108 Valentine Ave., Tremont, New York, N. Y.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Words cannot express my gratitude to you for the good I have derived from the use of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. What I have suffered since the birth of my babe, no one can know. I had severe pains in lower part of abdomen and such a soreness in my left side. My womb was so swollen as to almost protrude. I was very weak and nervous, and could hardly care for my babe.

"I have taken two bottles of your Vegetable Compound and feel almost like a new woman. I shall always praise your medicine and wish that every woman in the land could know of and use your Vegetable Compound, for I know it will cure all suffering common to our sex."—MRS. M. M. BOYD, La Due, Mo.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered with female weakness for years, and was hardly able to do anything. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound proved a great help to me. I am now able to do a hard day's work. "I keep your medicine in the house all the time and recommend it to every woman I know who suffers with any female troubles."—MRS. LOUISA BETZ, 147 Beech Street, Pottstown, Pa.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—For a long time, I have suffered with chronic inflammation of the womb, pain in abdomen, and bearing down feeling. Was very nervous, and so weak I was hardly able to do anything. Was subject to headaches, also troubled with leucorrhœa. After doctoring for many months with different physicians, and getting no relief, I had given up all hope of being well again when I read of the great good your Compound was doing. I decided immediately to give it a trial. The result was simply wonderful. After taking four bottles of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and using three packages of Sanative Wash, I can say I feel like a new woman. I deem it my duty to announce the fact to my fellow-sufferers that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable remedies have entirely cured me of all my pains and suffering."—MRS. HENRY DORR, 606 Findley Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

$5000 REWARD

Owing to the fact that some skeptical people have from time to time questioned the genuineness of the testimonial letters we are constantly publishing, we have deposited with the National City Bank, of Lynn, Mass., $5,000, which will be paid to any person who can show that the above testimonials are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writers' special permission.—LYDIA E. PINKHAM MEDICINE CO., Lynn, Mass.

BARBER SUPPLIES Best grinding in city. Jordan's and Henkle's

Cutlery. Safety Razors.

JOS. JAEGER, 230-232 S. Main St.

THE W. H. PERRY LUMBER MFG. CO.

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL, 324-28 COMMERCIAL STREET.

Columbia Cyclery

W. H. WHITEHILL, Prop., 604 S. Broadway. Former business manager and member of firm of Haupt, Brode & Co.

1900 Col. Chainless $60.00
1900 Col. Chain $50.00
1900 Hartford & Storm $50.00
1900 Peasant $50.00

All guaranteed.

"Locomobile"

A modern, practical steam carriage for business or pleasure. Salesroom and repository 103 S. Broadway, Los Angeles, 1258 Market St., San Francisco.

"Locomobile" Company OF THE PACIFIC

KODAKS,

SUPPLIES AND FINISHING

AT MUNSEY'S,

406 S. Broadway.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

AT THE THEATERS.

LOS ANGELES—Minstrels.
BURBANK—The Little Tycoon.
ORPHEUM—Vaudeville.

NEWS AND BUSINESS.

Cook Injured.

George Luders, who says he is a cook at the Santa Fé depot, became mixed up in a row there yesterday and was smashed over the left eye, receiving a bad scalp wound, which was dressed at the Receiving Hospital.

Small Fire.

The fire department extinguished a small blaze yesterday afternoon in the residence of Victor Keppel, No. 806 South Grand avenue. The fire originated in a room that was being fumigated and the loss was about $20.

Natural Causes.

Coroner Holland held an inquest yesterday on the body of Domingue Lasseare, the Frenchman who died suddenly last Saturday at San Gabriel. The inquest showed that death was due to la grippe pneumonia. Deceased was a pioneer farmer in the San Gabriel section, 42 years old, and owned some property. He leaves a widow and a family of grown children, from whom he had been separated for some time.

Miss Olive Vail.

Another Los Angeles girl who deserves serious consideration as a singer and an actress, is Miss Olive Vail, who left the tutelage of Mme. Rubo of this city less than two years ago, and who has attracted marked attention in San Francisco and other cities where she has appeared in opera. Miss Vail received much praise from dramatic and musical critics and is credited with possessing a sweet, rich voice of great range. She will appear at the Los Angeles Theater with the "James Wobberts, Freshman," Company.

Y.M.C.A. Annual Election.

Directors of the Y.M.C.A. will be elected at the annual meeting of that association in the rooms on South Broadway next Friday evening. The election will follow the annual dinner, and the yearly reports of officers and committees. International Secretary Fred B. Smith and State Secretary Parsons will be in attendance. A reception will be tendered to Mr. Smith Saturday evening, and on Sunday afternoon at Hazard's Pavilion he will address men. Sunday evening he will speak at a mass meeting in Central Church.

BREVITIES.

Although The Times business office is open day and night, year in and year out, when it is not possible to bring your ads. in, you can telephone them in at any hour of the day or night at the standard "liner" rate, 1 cent per word per insertion.

A revelation, is Dr. De Ford's advanced methods in the treatment of diseases of the skin, blood, nerves, kidneys, lungs; moderate fees. 324 Laughlin building, hours 9 to 3.

Christian and Missionary Alliance Convention opens today at 2 p.m., in Gospel Hall, 423 South Spring street, continuing eight days. Meetings, 10 a.m., 2:30 and 7:30 p.m.

Col. Edward C. Wade (native of Georgia,) 623 Tehama street is writing a history of the prominent Wades of the United States and invites correspondence.

A quarterly meeting of the Pacific Branch of Woman's Foreign Missionary Society, will be held today at Union ave. M. E. church commencing at 9 a.m.

There will be a Pi Beta Phi luncheon, Saturday, January 12, at 13 o'clock, at Hinkey's, 233 S. Spring street. All members of this fraternity are invited.

The Times will distribute $25,000 worth of prizes. Watch The Times for the details of the contest which will appear in a few days.

For time of arrival and departure of Santa Fé trains, see "Time Card" in today's Times.

The Times Job Office is equipped to do machine composition, 13 ems, at short notice.

Rev. J. T. Hatfield (Hoosier evangelist,) Church of the Nazarene, tonight.

For Sale—first class ticket to Boston, one-half price. Phone White 1051.

Furs cleaned, dyed, repaired and made over. No. 129 S. Spring.

Dr. Godbey's farewell meetings, Peniel today.

Wire remodeled. D. Bonsall, 247 S. B'way

Whitney's trunk factory, 228 S. Main.

Whitney Trunk Factory, 423 S. Spring

Dr. Carradine, Peniel Hall, Jan. 27.

There are undelivered telegrams at the Western Union telegraph office for John A. Goodrich, attorney; James P. Clark, Max Herbrant, H. W. Chynoweth and Virgil Cooper.

Today's meetings of Christian Alliance Convention at Gospel Hall, 423 S. Spring street. One at 2 p.m. and 7:30 p.m. Mr. Meminger, field superintendent, in charge. All invited.

A week-of-prayer union service will be held this evening at 7:45 in the Central Presbyterian Church, Y.M.C.A. Auditorium. All the churches in the central district of the city are to participate.

At a meeting of the Geological Section of the Southern California Academy of Science, 229 Douglas Building, Thursday evening, Prof. E. W. Claypole will read a paper on the Geology of the Sierra Madre near Pasadena.

SANTA BARBARA COUNTY.

COUNTY TO BE ADVERTISED.

SANTA BARBARA, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The Board of Supervisors today appropriated $1000 to aid in the publication of 10,000 copies of the first annual report of the Santa Barbara Chamber of Commerce. The Los Angeles chamber also asked for 2000 copies, and the Southern Pacific Company will use 5000. This report sets forth, in exact statistical data, the resources of the whole county.

SANTA BARBARA BREVITIES.

The local G.A.R. and W.R.C. posts had joint installation of officers last evening. There was a large attendance and the evening was pleasantly spent.

What has been called the estero in the lower part of town is now a lake again after a long dry term. The agricultural park and a territory as large on the outside is covered with from one to five feet of water, the drainage from the mountain creeks.

RUSSIAN TRAINS SNOWED UP.

ODESSA, Jan. 7.—Dozens of trains are snowed up on the southern railways, and some are completely buried. Ten thousand laborers have been dispatched to clear the tracks. Several Russian steamers are missing. Sebastopol is full of vessels which have taken shelter in the harbor from the gales. The snowfall in the three days has been so heavy that no mails have arrived here.

BRIGHT
Women
wanted
Six months' at least,
longer if satisfactory.
See the call.
"Work for Women,"
on page 5, Part II.

PERSONAL.

John E. Packard of Chicago is at the Westminster with his wife.

H. W. Topping and wife of St. Paul are guests at the Van Nuys.

J. S. Crane, a merchant from Portland, Or., is at the Nadeau.

Mrs. J. W. MacCabe of Boston took rooms at the Natick yesterday.

W. P. Garlock and wife of Laramie, Wyo., are guests at the Natick.

Henry W. Nesbit, a San Bernardino lawyer, is a guest at the Nadeau.

H. Swissheim and wife of Elwood, Ind., are tourists staying at the Natick.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Mize of Chicago registered at the Westminster yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Dorin of Portland, Or., registered at the Hollenbeck yesterday.

Henry G. Graaf of Estherville, Iowa, registered at the Rosslyn Hotel Tuesday.

Mrs. R. A. White and son of Philadelphia registered at the Natick yesterday.

W. P. Young and wife of Washington, D. C., arrived at the Van Nuys late night.

Albert S. Baker and Mrs. Ruth Z. Baker of Boston are at the Westminster.

R. H. Speeling and A. T. Goward of Victoria, B. C., are staying at the Hollenbeck.

F. B. Merriam, representative of the fruit exchange at San Diego, is at the Ramona.

C. F. Wilson and wife of Spokane, Wash., are at the Rosslyn hotel for a few days.

F. D. Fuller and family of Topeka, Kan., took rooms at the Westminster yesterday.

William A. Tarish, the noted mining expert of Denver, is a guest at the Westminster.

H. B. Rumbaugh of Greensburg, Pa., was among the tourists arriving at the Natick yesterday.

R. S. Copeland and wife of Ann Arbor, Mich., registered at the Westminster last night.

R. P. Niles of the Domectic Oil Company, San Diego, is spending a few days at the Nadeau.

Mrs. R. J. Tuttle of Grand Rapids, Mich., is a tourist who yesterday registered at the Natick.

A. J. Evans and wife and Miss Emma Evans of Fredonia, N. Y., registered at the Natick yesterday.

C. R. Harris and family of Williamsport, Pa., took apartments at the Westminster yesterday.

Jay C. Turney and wife of Topeka, Kan., are tourists who took rooms at the Ramona yesterday.

Miss Minnie Emmett of New York City arrived at the Rosslyn Hotel yesterday for a week's stay.

Mrs. J. W. Brooks and Mrs. J. H. Moore of Chicago, took apartments at the Van Nuys yesterday.

A. Scudder, Otto L. Misman, wife and four children, are a party of St. Louis tourists at the Van Nuys.

C. J. Kenck and wife of Winston, Mont., are on a visit to the Coast, and are stopping at the Hollenbeck.

Bert Fowler is a New Yorker who placed his autograph upon the register at the Van Nuys Broadway Monday.

W. Brodrick-Cloete of London, Eng., is touring the United States, and at present is a guest at the Van Nuys.

C. A. Tilies and wife of St. Louis were among yesterday's arrivals of eastern tourists at the Westminster.

Mrs. Annie M. Higgins and daughter, and Mrs. J. L. Howe of Denver, Colo., are among late arrivals at the Rosslyn Hotel.

R. Webb and family and B. P. Brown of Glenwood Springs, Colo., are among the guests arriving at the Natick yesterday.

Thomas B. Smith, George S. Pfouts and Miss Fannie Pfouts of Wilkesbarre, Pa., took rooms at the Westminster yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Davis of Lincoln, Neb., are spending the winter with J. W. Dowden, at No. 1159 East Twenty-seventh street.

United States Commissioner W. M. Van Dyke has returned from San Francisco, and is at his desk in the Federal building.

D. A. Duncan and wife, Mrs. A. W. Frick and four children, and Miss Ida Johnson of Duluth are a party of tourists at the Hollenbeck.

C. H. Albers and son registered at the Rosslyn Hotel yesterday from St. Louis. Mr. Albers is a wealthy wholesale commission merchant of St. Louis.

Mrs. Josiah Stanford and Miss G. Stanford of Oakland and Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Stanford of Warm Springs have apartments at the Van Nuys.

Mrs. J. S. Mayfield, Miss Miriam Mayfield, Miss Miriam Morgan and Miss Beatrice Mayfield, all of Dallas, Tex., took apartments at the Van Nuys yesterday.

Dr., H. N. Stephens of British Columbia arrived at the Nadeau yesterday. He is looking around with the idea of locating here, and was accompanied yesterday by his cousin, William Newport, of Perris.

Ernest H. Cooper, a Montana mining expert and operator, has been spending a few days in Los Angeles as the guest of his sister, Mrs. E. Frank Campbell. Mr. Cooper has just returned from Mexico, where he has been examining a mine for northern capitalists.

Samuel J. Rheem, for many years freight manager for the Union Pacific Railroad at Omaha, arrived in this city yesterday with his wife and daughter, and they are staying at the Brunswick. They have come to remain permanently. The daughter, Miss Louise M. Rheem, is a graduated doctor of osteopathy.

LUCKY ESCAPE.

Husband and Wife Receive but Slight Injuries in an Exciting Runaway at the Temple Block.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Lovell, who reside at No. 256 Avenue 21, East Los Angeles, had an experience yesterday morning with a runaway team that they will probably not forget for some time. They had been over in the main part of the city on business and about 11 o'clock in the morning started home. While standing on the corner of Spring and Temple streets, waiting for a car, a runaway team dashed down Main street from the north and at the corner of Temple, ran up on the sidewalk into a crowd of people standing on the corner, knocking down Mr. and Mrs. Lovell. The wagon passed over Mrs. Lovell, slightly wounding her on the head and body and spraining her ankle. Her husband practically escaped unhurt, receiving a slight cut on the left leg below the knee. Both were treated at the Receiving Hospital and went home.

The runaway started on Upper Main street, the horses becoming frightened by the driver slashing his whip at a dog. The lines dropped from the driver's hands and the frightened horses started down the street on the run.

OCCIDENTAL COLLEGE.

Dr. John A. Gordon, who has been in Berkeley for the past week, where he was summoned on account of the illness of his daughter, Amy, has returned with her.

Ross Whitley has matriculated as a student in the college.

A handsome two-story house is being erected on the north side of Pasadena avenue between Avenues 23 and 24 by Mrs. Sampson, who recently sold her cottage to Mrs. Adams.

COAL FAMINE SERIOUS.

Local Dealers Obliged to Turn Away Customers—Sharp Advance in Price of Two Grades.

The coal famine in Los Angeles and vicinity had a serious aspect last evening. "There is not any Black Diamond left in the city, and the supply of Wellington is very low," said a heavy wholesaler. Retailers were kept busy telephoning their customers that "we expect to have some coal tomorrow."

A few carloads of Black Diamond are expected to arrive today, but this supply will not last very long. Dealers say that there is no anthracite worth speaking of in the town, and unless the jam is broken very soon a great cry of empty coal bins will go up.

The Santa Fé is holding back for its own consumption all the coal in transit on the other side of Barstow, and forwarding only the cars that may happen to be west of that point. There is some likelihood that the miners' strike may be adjusted soon, in which event an abundance of coal would immediately come forward, but it would be many days in reaching Los Angeles. Said one of the leading dealers last evening: "It looks as though it might be a month before we can get a normal supply of coal."

Black Diamond has been advanced in price from $10 to $11.50 a ton, and Wellington from $10.50 to $12.

WEATHER AND CROPS.

The week, until Friday, was the coldest that has occurred this season, according to the climate and crop bulletin of the Weather Bureau for Southern California; there were heavy frosts generally and in exposed places ice. The week closed warmer, with a general rainstorm. The reports show that some damage resulted to citrus orchards from the recent windstorm and cold weather. The damage is said to be generally light and confined to unprotected localities, the immature fruit and new growth being affected. Peas, beans and strawberries were damaged in the lowlands. The cold weather was beneficial in stopping the flow of sap in deciduous trees, and checking premature blooming of fruit buds. The rain was timely and of great benefit to crops, particularly grain and feed, which were suffering for moisture.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday from the office of the County Clerk:

Ed Henry Riedel aged 35, a native of Prussia, and Sarah F. Thompson, aged 36, a native of Tennessee; both residents of Los Angeles.

Charles Lugo, aged 22, a native of California, and Cora Belmal, aged 20, also a native of California; both residents of Fernando.

Theodore L. Holtzhausen, aged 26, a native of Missouri and a resident of St. Louis, and Laura W. Terry, aged 20, a native of California and a resident of San Francisco.

Isaac E. F. Boyer, aged 31, a native of Illinois, and Tillie L. Burger, aged 18, a native of Idaho; both residents of Ocean Park.

William Hunter, aged 27, a native of California, and Florence J. Higgins, aged 22, also a native of California; both residents of Los Angeles.

Simpson B. Weeks, aged 30, a native of California, and Angelita Salazar, aged 15, also a native of California; both residents of Los Angeles.

DEATH RECORD.

MULLER—At San Pedro, January 7, 1901, Mrs. Anita M., beloved wife of Adolph Muller, and daughter of Gen. Andres Pico, aged 41 years 6 months 12 days.

Funeral from the residence of her brother, Romolo Pico, No. 325 West Sixteenth street, Wednesday, January 9, at 9 a.m.; thence to the Cathedral, where solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at 9:30 a.m. Friends are invited. Interment at New Calvary Cemetery. (San Francisco and San Diego papers please copy.)

BUDDINGTON—At No. 156 Alpine street, January 5, 1901, John E. T. Budington, youngest son of the late William Ives Budington, of Brooklyn, N. Y., a native of New York, aged 43 years.

Funeral from parlors of Orr & Hines Co., No. 647 South Broadway, Friday, January 11, 1901, at 2 o'clock p.m. Friends invited. Interment Rosedale Cemetery.

COOK—In this city, January 8, 1901, Edward J. Cook, a native of Alabama, aged 49 years.

Funeral from parlors of Orr & Hines Co., No. 647 South Broadway, Thursday, January 10, 1901, at 2 p.m., under the auspices of I.O.O.F. Relief Committee. Friends invited. Interment I.O.O.F. Cemetery. M. S. BROWN, Secretary.

CHAS. KOSSIN, President.

COLLINS—Burbank, January 1, 1901, Mrs. Effie B. Collins, wife of William T. Collins. Deceased was a native of Shelbyville, Ill., and died at the home of her father, B. L. Malone, at the age of 26 years.

POND—In this city, January 5, 1901, Abbey M. Pond, a native of Massachusetts, aged 46 years.

Funeral from parlors of Orr & Hines Co., No. 647 South Broadway, Wednesday, January 9, 1901, at 1 o'clock p.m.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

The funeral of Mrs. Mary A. Brockett will await the arrival of her daughters from the East. Definite announcement will be made on Sunday.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

Members of Los Angeles Lodge, No. 42, F. & A. M., will assemble at Masonic Temple on Wednesday, January 9, at 1 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of attending the funeral of our late brother, Adolph Portugal. All Master Masons are cordially invited, also all friends of the deceased. By order of W. M.

W. F. GRIGGS, Secretary.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.
Will check baggage at your residence to any point. Office, 401 S. Spring. Tel. M. 43, or 36.

THE LADY UNDERTAKER.
Mrs. M. H. Connell is the only lady undertaker practicing in Los Angeles at present. Orr &Hines Co., 647 S. Broadway. Tel. M 43.

BREEDEN BROS. CO., UNDERTAKERS.
Lady assistant attends ladies and children. Broadway and Sixth street. Tel. main 369.

FRENCH ACCORDEON PLEATING
Done at Musgrove's, the leading cloak and suit house in the city. No. 119 South Spring street.

TRY a bottle of Evans' Ale just to see what has made it the leading brand all over the country. It represents 114 years of experiment and success. There is Evans' Stout, too.

75-Cent guaranteed hot-water bags

These are known as first-grade bottles; many know of nothing better, though we have one higher grade. They are the bottles that most people want, and we save you about 25 per cent. on the cost. Two-quart size for 75 cents, and we guarantee every one of them. Have bags for much less, but these will be cheapest in the end. Quality and price of this item make it a typical Dean bargain.

Dean's Drug Store
Second and Spring Sts.

Best Repair Work at Such Low Prices.

That's the keynote of our success. How our repair department has grown! Seems as if we were mending all the broken jewelry in town. No wonder! Look at the prices:

Watches Cleaned..75c
New Main Spring..50c
New Roller Jewel..50c
New Case Spring...50c
New Hands put on 15c

Geneva Watch and Optical Co., 305 S. Broadway.
GEO. M. WILLIAMS, Prop.

Try...
Our fine old Port Wine at 50 cents a gallon, and you will be pleased.
FREE SAMPLES.
So. Cal. Wine Co.
220 W. FOURTH ST.
TEL. M. 332

J. Magnin & Co
251 South Broadway.

Muslin Petticoats.
$1.25, $1.50, 1.75 up.
Every price means a good breadth, a liberal length and a generous cut in every way—nothing skimpy about the Magnin Petticoats. Prettily, tastefully made; some simply, some elaborately, but every one well made. Laces, embroideries, tuckings. If you want a good petticoat cheap, buy of Magnin.
Mail orders filled.

$5 SHOES DIRECT FROM FACTORY TO WEARER ONE PROFIT $7
W. Connolly's Foot-Form Shoes
"Foot-Form" Shoes.
They please you at a glance with their well defined, emphatic designs—styles that no cheap shoe can duplicate. The glove-like fit, the splendid finish, the staunchness, are all features that make the "Foot-Form," an ideal shoe.
Prices for all styles $5.
Fourth and Broadway.
$3.50 $2.50

SANBORN VAIL & CO
We'll Frame Your Picture
So prettily as to surprise you. There's an endless variety of beautiful moldings here, severely plain, richly plain, elaborately decorated—dark, medium and light effects. Prices that surprise, too.
357 So. BROADWAY

2.45 Will buy for a Full Arm Saddle-Seat Rocker. As much comfort is there set in a $10 Rocker.
MARTIN'S, 325 SOUTH SPRING ST.

ONE BOTTLE CURES
McBarney's Kidney and Bladder Cure
Is a positive cure for RHEUMATISM.
One Dose Relieves. One Bottle Cures. Sent me by W. F. McBurney, 419 South Spring St., Los Angeles, Cal., for five days' treatment. Express prepaid. Druggists.

The worst thing for a cough is coughing. The best thing for a cough is Dr. Baker's Cough Cure—Price 25 cents. BOSWELL & NOYES, Third and Broadway.

Laux's Kumyss...
For Stomach Troubles.
321 SOUTH BROADWAY.

Dress Goods Reductions Continue.

A. Hamburger & Sons
127 to 145 N. Spring St. Los Angeles
Chicago Boston Cincinnati

White Fair Beddi

The sheets and pillow cases are on the first floor [illegible] linens. Blankets, spreads and quilts are on the fourth. You can save money by buying your year's supply of bedding at this sale. The qualities offered are up to the Hamburger standard, and do not even hint at the trashy stuff often found at bargain sales.

100 dozens of pillow cases 36x45 inches in size and made of fine, durable muslin, are to be sold at..... 14c

Ready-made pillow cases, size 42x36 inches. Finished with 2-inch hemstitched or plain hem. Special at..... 19c

Fine ready-made pillow cases 50x36 inches. Finished with 3-inch hem. At..... 22½c

72x90 inch bed sheets. Made of good muslin and finished with 3-inch hem. On sale at..... 45c

Very fine quality of ready-made sheets. Double bed size. Finished with 3-inch hem. At..... 60c

81x90 inch sheets with 3-inch hem. Torn and made by hand. At..... 50c

Durable bed sheets. Size 81x90 inches. Fine quality with 3-inch hem..... 75c

White blankets of 10-quarter size, fleeced both sides, bordered and bound. A 75c quality. Per pair..... 59c

White blankets of 11-quarter size. Double fleeced, soft and warm. Special at..... 75c

White blankets of regular double bed size. Closely woven and good weight. Colored borders. Special at..... $1.39

White blankets with fine wool filling. Heavy weight and good $3.50 quality; at..... $2.75

Strictly all wool white blankets of 11-quarter size; heavy weight and very fluffy, at.....

Crocheted bed spreads for two beds. Pretty centers and [illegible] Special at.....

Marseilles bed spreads of [illegible] fine weave. Double bed size [illegible] an excellent quality for [illegible] Dimity spreads in new and [illegible] fective patterns. An [illegible] ment of Marseilles at [illegible]

Honeycomb bed spreads in Marseilles designs. A very durable spread. At..... Double bed size bed spreads [illegible] figured center and checked [illegible] an easily laundered spread. [illegible] White bed spreads made of [illegible] cotton. Pretty designs and a durable quality, at.....

Valenciennes Laces.

216,000 yards of Valenciennes lace came to us in one purchase, direct from Calais. This is the largest import order ever placed by a Pacific Coast house for Valenciennes laces. There are hundreds upon hundreds of patterns and widths of edges with insertions to match. By buying laces in such immense quantities and having them shipped direct, we can save at least 25 per cent. on the purchase price and a large amount of freight charges. These goods were ordered for the spring trade, but as they have already arrived we will place them on sale during the White Fair. We advise buying laces now for trimming wash goods and underwear, because the assortment is better than it ever again will be, and the prices are at least 25 per cent. lower. We have marked them as follows and every value given is the exact one.

3 1-3 qualities to be sold at 2 1-2c.
5c and 6c qualities to be sold at 3 1-2c.
7 1-2c qualities to be sold at 5c.
8 1-3c qualities to be sold at 6 1-4c.
10c qualities to be sold at 7 1-2c.
12 1-2c qualities to be sold at 10c.
20c qualities to be sold at 12 1-2c.
25c qualities to be sold at 15c.

Embroideries.

What is true of Valenciennes laces is also true of embroideries. We have purchased a big line of edges and insertions of the finest cambrics, nainsooks, swisses, etc. These goods are all profusely displayed and the values offered are even greater than those of the laces. Every conceivable style is here and every width that might be wanted in edges with insertions of different to match. The very finest goods that can be cured. It is impossible to enter into details than to give the prices.

3 1-2c and 4c embroideries for 2 1-2c.
5c and 6 1-4c embroideries for 3 1-2c.
7 1-2c and 10c embroideries for 5c.
12 1-2c embroideries for 7 1-2c.
15c embroideries for 9c.
20c embroideries for 12 1-2c.
25c embroideries for 15c.

And other prices ranging up to $1.25.

No. 40 Moire Ribbon. Worth 25c. Marked Down to 10c.

MID WINTER MARK DOWN
50%, 60% and 75% off.

The news of our great Mark Down Sale has spread like wild-fire. Such reductions as these, are too immense to pass over, even if you are bountifully supplied with every kind of millinery.

We don't advocate small methods. The prices we quote below are the most genuine and remarkable bargains ever given to this city.

Trimmed Hats Two-Thirds Off.

Beautiful affairs, every one. The designs, the trimmings, the workmanship are all of the high order, such as a woman loves to wear. A finer variety of becoming and stylish hats are not to be found on the Coast. Any one of them at one-third its original price.

Miscellaneous Hat Bargains.

$1.25 Black Walking Hats..... 48c
$1.50 Black Pott Fedoras..... 48c
$1.25 Stitched Ladysmiths..... 45c
75c Untrimmed Hats..... 22c
$1.00 Untrimmed Hats..... 47c
$1.25 Untrimmed Hats..... 61c
$1.00 Children's Tams..... 47c
50c Children's Tams..... 23c

Bargain Untrim'd Millinery.

25c Fancy Feathers..... 8c
50c Fancy Feathers..... 23c
75c Fancy Feathers..... 33c
$1.00 Fancy Feathers..... 43c
$1.25 Fancy Feathers..... 58c
50c Trimming Nets..... 23c
75c Trimming Nets..... 36c
$1.00 Trimming Nets..... 48c
$1.50 Trimming Nets..... 75c

75c Veilings at 37c. 50c Veilings at 23c. 25c Veilings at 10c.

The Wonder Millinery,
219 South Spring Street.

ASSIGNEE'S SALE
GENUINE AUCTION
Persian AND Turkish
...RUGS...
Great Slaughter—Any Price Takes Them.
320 W. Fourth St.
2 P. M. Daily—This Week Only.
The Bank must have money—No limit. Today and following three days will positively end this sale.
W. M. GARLAND, Assignee.

$5 to $20 Cut on Vale Bicycles.
(Don't tell 'em that I told you.)
R. R. RISDEN CYCLE HOUSE,
403 South Broadway.

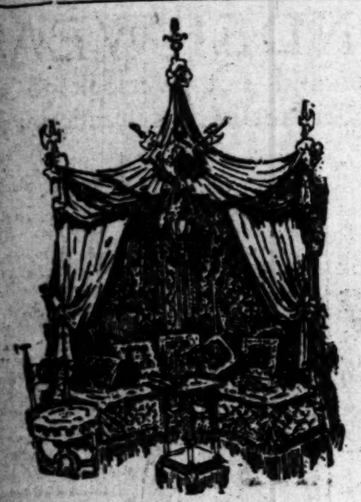
BERLIN DYE WORKS.
Men's suits cleaned and pressed..... $1.25
Ladies' dress skirts cleaned and pressed, like new..... 75c
343 S. Broadway.

EDITORIAL SHEET.
City and Suburban.

Los Angeles Daily Times

IN TWO PARTS
Part II—8 Pages.

YEAR. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 9, 1901. PRICE 5 CENTS



Oriental Rugs at Half Price

No pig-in-the-poke bargain. No uncertainty about the quality or worth. If there happens to be, you know we are here to make it right. You get what you buy. You can take them home. If you find them unsatisfactory, return them.

No, We're not building up the big-rug business in the west by fooling you.

That isn't all:

Every rug is marked in plain figures.
Every one comes direct to us from bonded warehouses.
That's how we get such choice patterns.
That's how we get the inside in prices, no middlemen's profits to pay.
No local freights, no local rents, or local commissions to pay.
They are bought by a man who has spent his life in rug-study; who knows rugs and will tell the truth about them.
They are sold in good light. Every effort being made to instruct the customer.

Now if you do the right thinking about rugs, you'll buy here. Special prices this week give you a chance to get twice as good rugs as you had expected, or the kind you had expected, and half your money back.

Barker Bros.,
420-2-4 South Spring St.

Carpets Oriental rugs Linoleum

Toilet-table Writing-desks China closets Music cabinets Bookcases

OLD CROWNS

At the Gold Cap excludes all agents of decay it means the most permanent of all operations upon the teeth and the most satisfactory to the patient where the condition of the tooth necessitates its use. When the nerve is exposed it can be entirely removed, without pain, and the tooth left intact and crowned. By this process it can be readily seen that when decay has progressed so far that filling would not be practical, teeth may be restored to their natural usefulness and beauty. Don't make the mistake of waiting for Crown and Bridge Work before consulting us. We make this specialty and can guarantee the greatest satisfaction in every case, as [illegible] is an expert of twenty-five years' experience.

Having an old tooth, carried for years, fearing to have it pulled lest it would break and causes me much pain in extracting the roots. I finally mustered courage and called on Dr. Schiffman and had all the roots taken out, and "it didn't hurt a bit." I cheerfully recommend his method of extracting without pain.

ABNER L. ROSS.
Prop. Hotel Rossiyn. Opp. Postoffice.

To Dr. Schiffman—Dear Sir: It gives me pleasure to state that you extracted fourteen teeth for me without the slightest pain, that the gums healed quickly, that the set of flexible plate teeth you fitted me with, gave perfect satisfaction from the first, and after twenty-two months' wear are seemingly just as good as new. Yours truly,
J. W. GASKINS,
1012 Temple St.

No Boys or Students

To experiment on you. Largest office and dental practice on the Coast. Lady attendants. Consultation and examination free. Open evenings till 8, and Sunday forenoons.

[illegible] worth your time to see our display of up-to-date Dental Work on exhibition in show case at foot of stairs at our entrance.

[illegible] MAN DENTAL CO., 107 North Spring Street.

The Great Credit House.
BRENT'S,
330-332 South Spring Street.
[illegible] going to make extensive alterations in our [illegible] To make room to work we will make very low [illegible] on NEW AND SECOND HAND FURNITURE, CARPETS, STOVES AND HOUSEHOLD [illegible] You may also take advantage of our NEW [illegible] OF EASY PAYMENTS, which means a [illegible] down, then a little every week or month

[THE OIL INDUSTRY.]

LOCAL FIELD DEVELOPMENT.

Yukon Makes Strike in Shallow Hole.

Rommel Completes Two New Producers.

Reed's Sensational Advance on 'Change—Claim Jumpers in Devil's Den.

Yesterday's clear sky was an invitation to workers in the local field to resume operations, and few ignored the opportunity to rekindle the fires that were allowed to die several days ago.

Out in the southwestern extension the Rommel Oil Company had been awaiting a favorable opportunity to hitch up two new wells, and test their value. One is located 400 feet east of the company's best producer, and the other 200 feet west. Nearly all day was consumed in getting them ready for a first-class test, that will be made today. In both holes there is plenty of rich oil sand, and the indications are that the new wells will equal if not surpass any in that field.

An interesting well is being drilled by the Yukon Oil Company on the north half of its land, near Alvarado street. The drill has been working for some time and it was expected that oil would be found at between 850 to 900 feet. Yesterday, however, the drill dropped into a body of oil sand at a depth of 500 feet, and the indications are that there is enough oil sand in the hole to pay pumping even at that depth. A water stratum was found just above the oil, but the water flow was successfully shut off and the casing is now in place. The casing will be perforated and the drill may be sent down deeper.

This find is of considerable interest to those operating near the Yukon property, as it is the first shallow well that has given such favorable indications.

The Dividend Oil Company is happy in the possession of a twenty-five barrel well on its property near the northeast corner of First street and Belmont avenue. The company has decided to erect a new storage tank.

Near the Dividend, Dohrn & Brouse have completed the deepening of the Light well, and have secured a well that promises to do nicely on the pump. The same firm has started a new well in this neighborhood, and now has the drill in almost 100 feet.

Fairly good progress is being made by the Union Jack Oil Company with its new hole on First street near Western avenue.

The Nelson well, recently started near the corner of First and Toluca streets is down 200 feet, and the drill is going in at a lively rate. It is said that the operators intend to drill a hole 2000 feet deep as a test, but it is quite probable that as soon as a paying quantity of oil sand is found they will let well enough alone.

It is reported that the Westlake Oil Company will soon resume paying dividends. The company now has about forty-five producing wells, and for several months has been using the revenue derived from the sale of its product in sinking more holes.

It is a notable fact that the C. V. Hall companies have passed one of their regular monthly dividends. These companies include Southern Consolidated and Fullerton Consolidated and Northern Consolidated No. 1 and No. 2.

REED WAS POPULAR.

SOME SENSATIONS ON 'CHANGE.

Reed Crude was a popular buy on 'change yesterday, but it came high, not a share selling under 70 cents, and 1800 bringing as high as 75 cents. The Times' report of the sale of the company's property sent the stock skyward. During the morning call it opened at 75 cents, an advance of 8½ cents over the closing price Monday, but closed at 72 cents; a total of 6700 shares finding a market.

A total of 12,000 shares changed hands later in the day, but the price paid was between 70 and 71 cents.

One of the sensations of the day was the fall of Fullerton Consolidated, which tumbled to 50 cents, and was not over strong at that figure. Strong efforts have been made from time to time to bull this stock, but the work has been on the sandpaper and won nothing.

As a result of the trading in oil stocks 29,100 shares, of the value of $12,021.75, changed hands.

Transactions for the day were:

MORNING SESSION.

	Shares.	Price.
Reed Crude	1,800	$ .75
Reed Crude	1,500	.74
Reed Crude	800	.71
Reed Crude	100	.71½
Reed Crude	1,400	.70
Reed Crude	1,100	.72
Southern Consolidated	500	.07⅞
Southern Consolidated	500	.07¾
Whittier Consolidated	5,000	.09
Fullerton Consolidated	1,500	.52
*Fullerton Consolidated	400	.50
Total	14,600	$9,517.25

*Seller 30 days.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

	Shares.	Price.
Fullerton Consolidated	200	$ .53
Central	600	1.26
Southern Consolidated	1,400	.07½
Westlake	100	.23½
Westlake	200	.24
Reed Crude	6,000	.71
Reed Crude	4,000	.70¾
Reed Crude	2,000	.70
Total	14,600	$9,504.50

Closing bids and offers were as follows: Alpha, 21 cents bid, 22 asked; Brea Cañon, $2.50 asked; Continental, $1 asked; Fullerton Oil, 14 cents bid, 15 asked; Globe, 18½ cents bid, 19 asked; Home of Fresno, $3.75 bid, $4 asked; Parker, 50 cents bid; Uncle Sam, 15 cents bid, 16 asked; Union, $64.50 bid; United Petroleum, $100 asked; Whittier consolidated, 8 cents bid; Wilson, 32 cents bid.

PETROLEUM.

On the floor yesterday morning a bid of 81 cents was made for 16 gravity petroleum f. o. b. Los Angeles, but none was found for sale at that figure. The same quality of oil was ordered at 95 cents.

BANKS AND OTHERS.

During the morning session the transactions in securities other than oil stocks included the sale of a block of Title Insurance and Trust Company, common, stock at $80 a share. Less than three years ago this stock brought only $35 a share, and one month ago several shares sold for $68.

The total sales were as follows:

	Shares.	Price.
National of California	1	$ 115.00
Title Insurance and Trust Co.	5½	80.00
Total	13½	$1,255.00

The closing bids for bank securities were: California, $130; Citizens, $125; First National, $202; Los Angeles National, $132; Merchants' National, $159; National Bank of California, $115; Southern California, $103; Union Bank of Savings, $120.

Other bids and offers were: Title Insurance and Trust Company, preferred, $100 bid; Title Insurance and Trust Company, common, $80 bid; Title Guarantee and Trust, preferred, $106 bid; Edison Electric, $55 asked.

EXCHANGE MEETING.

After the regular call of stocks this morning there will be a meeting of the membership for the purpose of voting on certain amendments to the bylaws and discussing the matter of holding a banquet on February 1.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKET.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 8.—During the morning session of the Producers' Oil Exchange the quotations were as follows:

Petroleum	$ .19	Hanford	$ .12
San Joaquin	12.00	West Shore	4.00
Home Oil	3.83	Queen Esther	.09
Yukon	.79	Sterling	$ .12¾
Reed	.77	Lion	.17
Monarch	.09	Monte Cristo	2.05
Cal. Standard	.36		

Official closing quotations for oil stock were:

American	$ .24	McKittrick Con.	$ .25
*Buckhorn	3.25	Monte Cristo	2.15
Burlington	.15	Occidental	.05
Cal. Standard	.36	Oil City Pet.	25.00
Caribou	.28	Pet. Center	.27
Four	.06	Reed Crude	.72
*Hanford	1.34	*San Joaquin	12.75
Hanford-Fresno	.43	Sterling	2.10
Home	$ 3.90	Twenty-eight	2.35
*Independence	.22	Westlake	.25
Junction	.62	West Shore	4.00
Kern	10.75	*Wolverine	1.50
Lion Oil Co.	.17	Yukon	.80
*M. of Arizona	.68	Peerless	8.00

*Asked.

HERE AND THERE.

DEVIL'S DEN CLAIM JUMPERS.

The Devil's Den district presents a wild scene if reports from that promising oil section can be credited. It is said that armed men are standing guard over the Spreckels property to prevent claim jumpers from locating. There are now said to be fully 100 men roaming over the hills there hunting locations.

FIELD DEVELOPMENT.

The first well of the Del Rey Oil Company on section 5, 29, 28, has been started, and will be put down with all possible speed.

A rig is up on section 27, 28, 17, in the northwestern corner of Kern county, and a well was started by the Imperial Oil and Development Company yesterday.

On section 32, 12, 24 the Lone Star has its well down 1200 feet with black shale in the hole.

Within the next ten days the Kings County Oil Company will be drilling on section 16, 20, 23. A 14-inch hole will be drilled.

The second sand in the well of the Mt. Diablo Oil Company has been tapped on section 30, 23, 25. A landing will be made when the drill has reached 100 feet.

A pipe line has been constructed from the Oriental, on 30, 32, 24, to Jewett & Blodgett's water plant.

FORMER BUCKEYES.

They Hold an Enthusiastic Meeting at Blanchard Hall and Get Closer Together to Greet the President.

The contemplated visit of the President has caused the natives of the Buckeye State to get a hustle on, and their meetings for the completion of their organization are very enthusiastic affairs. The three rooms of the Blanchard Hall annex were taxed to their utmost last night, and elbow room was limited. Punch was served from a miniature well by two little misses, and the following literary and musical programme was rendered:

Violin solo by Master Montgomery; recitation by Mrs. Hutchinson; original poem, "Among the Hills of Old Ohio," by L. B. Peck of Elsinore; piano solo, "The Butterfly" (Grieg) Miss Gertrude Ross; baritone solo by Mr. Stevens.

Capt. A. J. Cressey made a brief talk, and brought the applause as he closed, with the sentiment: "All hail Ohio, the mother of Presidents."

Dr. Chapman, the old war-horse of the anti-saloon movement, also responded with a humorous talk.

"I was very young," he said, "when I was born in Ohio, and I was rocked in a hollow log. I guess that's why I've 'hollered' so."

The versatile doctor told a number of good stories, and kept the audience in a roar.

Ex-Gov. Gosper made a report from the Committee on the President's Visit, which was accepted and the committee discharged.

The following new committee, to confer with other committees of the city, with reference to the same object, was appointed: Homer Laughlin, M. P. Allen, D. K. Trask, S. P. Mulford and J. H. Phillips.

The meeting closed the formal part of the session by singing "Auld Lang Syne," after which considerable time was spent in social intercourse.

RAILROAD RECORD.

California Agents Win Prizes in Santa Fe's Contest—J. Ross Clark Back from Montana—Mr. Ford Goes Home.

The prizes given each year to the most meritorious freight agents by the Santa Fé Company here have been awarded for 1900. W. R. Donler, agent at Riverside, gets the second prize, $200. O. W. Lehmen, agent at Stockton, gets the sixth prize, $75. The other six go to men farther east. There are eight of these rewards paid in cash, the first being $250, and the last $60. They are paid to the agents getting the largest percentage of increase in competitive business for the year. Each agent sends in a very full report in detail, and a committee decides which are the winners. The awards are announced by the general traffic manager, W. A. Biddle. California boys do well to get 25 per cent. of the awards, as the competition is between all agents on the whole Santa Fé system.

E. A. Ford, general passenger agent of all Pennsylvania lines west of Pittsburgh, who has been here for some time, left for home last night over the Santa Fé.

J. Ross Clark is home from Montana. There will be no news about the Salt Lake road to give out until after the meeting set for the 17th inst., at St. Louis. The company is working on rights of way.

DR. SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR.
The best liver medicine. A vegetable cure for liver ills, biliousness, indigestion, constipation.

SHARP CROOKS ARRESTED.

Eastern Confidence Men Run to Earth.

Had Been at Work Here Two Weeks.

Their Game the Old One of Enlarging Pictures—Local Victims.

"The Art Institute" of Chicago, Ill., with a branch office on West First street, in this city, has gone out of business, for its two enterprising proprietors are locked up in the City Jail on charges of forgery, swindling and obtaining money under false pretenses. The two young men arrested are H. Stringfield and George F. Keller, and they were picked up here last Thursday evening by Detectives Hawley and Auble in their room in a lodging-house on West First street. They are numerously wanted in Minneapolis, Minn., and various other eastern cities on no less than twenty-three charges of forgery and obtaining money under false pretenses. Officer Thomas Murphy of Minneapolis will arrive here this morning to take the prisoners East, coming from Sacramento, where he went to secure extradition papers.

These two young criminals, who gave their names here as Field and Van Norman, are clever confidence sharps, and had worked this city for about two weeks prior to their arrest, having reached Los Angeles about December 20. They immediately rented rooms in a lodging-house on West First street and branched out in the well-worn game of enlarging pictures and supplying frames for the same. They worked East Los Angeles with considerable success, confining their attention largely to that part of the city. The fact that they did a thriving business is best shown by the large bundle of envelopes found in their possession, on which are written the names, addresses and amounts of money paid by their various dupes to have pictures enlarged. It is probable that they took in several hundred dollars during their two weeks' work.

Their scheme was to solicit orders for the pictures at ridiculously low rates, collect the money in advance, get worthless checks cashed, and skip out. The "enlarged pictures" were of the kind that "never came." Their victims never would have heard anything more of "The Art Institute" but for their arrest.

About ten days ago the local police received letters from Chief of Police Doyle of Minneapolis giving a description of the young men, and requesting the detectives to arrest and hold them at all hazards. Detectives Hawley and Auble were detailed on the case, and in a comparatively short time had located the men in the First-street lodging-house.

About 9 o'clock last Thursday evening they entered the rooms of the swindlers and found the proprietors of the "Art Institute" smoking, talking and enjoying themselves as such artists should. The visitors wanted to have their pictures enlarged, and the proprietors showed them their best work and their best frames. Of course the customers wanted the best only, and the four men soon became quite chummy. In the conversation the young men stated they had just arrived here from Chicago, wanted to grow up with the country, and requested their customers to assist them in building up a good business. After more queries about the pictures the customers revealed themselves as detectives and arrested the men as Stringfield and Keller. The fellows were much surprised, and stoutly declared that their names were Field and Van Norman. They were taken to the Police Station, and after being closely questioned and shown pictures of themselves, Keller said to Stringfield, "These fellows are onto their jobs." They made no confession that they were the men wanted, aside from acknowledging that their names were Stringfield and Keller. Each man had about $18 in his pockets.

The prisoners are dressy, good-looking fellows, both aged about 28 years. Both part their hair in the center, and Stringfield's picture shows that he sai with his wife when it was taken.

They first came into criminal notice through the "World's Pass Book Company," with an office at No. 16 South Fifth street, Minneapolis. This was a scheme whereby they solicited Minneapolis merchants for advertisements to be printed in pass books of all kinds. They did a good business, and when they had made their contracts for the printing of the pass books they collected from the merchants and left both merchants and printers in the lurch. Then they turned their talents to the picture-enlarging business, and after cleaning up a lot of good money, forged a number of checks and left for parts unknown. Before leaving Minneapolis, however, they bought eight gold watches, valued at $156.50, from Moses Cohen and gave him a worthless check for the amount on a Minneapolis bank. Pawn tickets for these watches were found in the men's effects, showing they had pawned them at San Francisco, Kansas City, Denver and other places.

The captives are regarded as dangerous confidence men, and the utmost secrecy has been preserved as to their arrest until now, for fear of habeas corpus proceedings.

Following is a sample of the circulars circulated by the rogues:

"The Art Institute, Chicago, Ill.

"Branch office, No. 233 First street, rooms 14-15, Los Angeles, Cal.

"In order to advertise our Art Institute, and introduce our sepia paintings, we will give one ($5) life-size (16-20) Sepia portrait free to those who will furnish subject and have same framed by us. Frames, 98 cents and upward. All those who get one of these copies will be entitled to three lessons free at the Art Institute. All lessons thereafter 50 cents each. A deposit is required on frames to secure cutting of glass and moulding when proof is shown."

[New York Weekly:] (Mrs. Hardhead:) I can always tell what kind of a wife a man has by his views on the woman question.

(Stranger:) I have all sorts of views. (Mrs. Hardhead:) Then you are a Chicago man.

FLEAS AND THINGS.

Many unemployed men in this city owe their unhappy lot to fleas.

This sounds like a comic opera plot, but it's true as gospel. It comes about in this way.

The great Mecca for the unemployed in California has been the railroad construction on the Gap of the Southern Pacific. Here also is the Mecca for the fleas. North from Santa Barbara is a strip of road running right along the surf, through the sand, where ballasting is still going on, although trains are running over the line.

"Where there's sand there are fleas. These were primeval fleas, undegenerated and unsullied by civilization and a diet of juicy, tender man. They had been used to coyotes and horned toads. The arrival of the railroaders was quite an event in flea life. They made the best of it.

Most of the railroaders did not stay to argue the matter. They worked a few days and fled. Most of the men on this coast strip of the Gap were engaged by contract in San Francisco. Others went up from here.

All of the men in a position to know the labor situation of this city agree that there are many idle men here now, who have come down from the North, and in some cases from the East. Not a few have been working on the Gap, and have thrown up their positions. Those who have ever worked on the flea strip shake their heads and decline in alarm when invited to return.

All of the local labor bureaus are short of servant girls.

"There is a distressing scarcity of servant girls.

The situation has really become tragic.

The other day, the telephone of one of the employment bureaus rang in a tumultuous manner, as though the telephone girl knew the desperate straits somebody was in.

"Say," called a tense feminine voice, "haven't you got a servant girl for me yet?"

"No," said the agent sorrowfully, "I can't find one to save me."

"What am I going to do?" the voice called with tragic despair.

"I don't know. What are you doing now?" asked the agent, temporizing.

"The dishes," said the voice trembling with emotion.

For several years servants have been getting scarce, but the crisis is now at hand. In the past year, wages in this city have gone up about 25 per cent. Cooks won't go now for less than $30, and many of them hold out for $35. Japs and Chinamen are even more expensive.

"For some mysterious reason," said an employment agent yesterday, "girls would rather work for 50 cents or $1 a day and furnish their own board, than have good homes and even luxurious board."

The other day, an agent nearly wept with delight when three girls came in from San Francisco looking for work.

"But," they said, "you needn't get us anything for three days. We have decided to rest for three days."

They left their hotel address with the agent.

The next day he was appealed to in frantic haste by a fashionable hotel, which woke up in the morning three waitresses shy. The agent thought this a splendid opportunity for them all to get work together, and rashly took the liberty of disturbing them before the three days were up.

He wrote a little note calling the position to their attention. He did not send it in one of the office envelopes for fear of causing them possible embarrassment, but did it up in irreproachable aesthetic blue. It was delivered by a messenger boy, but theirs was evidently not to make reply. The agent got no answer.

The next day the hotel besought him again in such tones of despair that he ventured once more to send a note. It was about 11 o'clock in the morning. The answer that he got was that the ladies were not up yet, and could not be disturbed yet. After a discreet period of waiting, he sent another note.

The messenger knocked on their door.

"Is that from ——?" a voice called out impatiently.

"Yes," said the boy.

There was a moment of consultation. Then they sent back a message. It was final and emphatic. It was with pain and shyness that The Times is constrained to repeat it. Still it is history. They advised the agent to go to ——. Oh, a shocking place. He didn't go.

The following extract from an answer to an advertisement in The Times for a servant girl gives fair warning as to the discipline to which ladies must be prepared to subject themselves:

"How am I to know if it would pay me to investigate," she asks. "I wish in particular to mention one thing, and that is that I want to be absent from 1 to 4 p.m., or three hours every day for five days in the week. Please write me immediately all about your circumstances and plans, and maybe we could make some good arrangements. I am sure you would find both baby and myself (she said elsewhere in the letter that she has a child who must go along) agreeable. Please write me who ever you are, and tell me something about yourself and conditions. Are you far out of town?"

One of the employment agents here predicts that day laborers are likely to become about as scarce as servant girls in a short time. One of the railroads, presumably the Salt Lake, has given a tip in advance to certain of the agents to be prepared to furnish a large number of men in the near future. Other important construction work is soon to begin in Northern and Central California. The rains will make ranch work more plentiful. Altogether, it is expected that there will be a shortage of men ere long.

Los Angeles, it is said, is one of the greatest depots in the West for the furnishing of men for the railroads. The agent who has this work principally in charge states that it is a mistaken idea that men are unwilling to go into the country to work. Many old railroad men will accept no other kind of work than the grading which carries them out of civilization. Other agents, however, find that men prefer to work in the city.

Men who have homes in this city complain bitterly that men from outside points drift in here for the winter and take their work. There are complaints that the employment agents demand excessive fees; also that they demand fees in advance, and that most idle men cannot get work for the lack of ready money to pay.

To this session of the Legislature there will be presented a bill in which the employment agents are prohibited from charging more than 5 per cent. of the first month's wages as a commission. The usual price is now 10 per cent. Some classes of laborers, like railroad men, are charged only $1 for the job.

Employment agents are bitterly opposed to the bill. They say that it will be impossible to make the business pay at 5 per cent., owing to the various risks and uncertainties of the business. The bill is said to come from the labor council of San Francisco.

SAN BERNARDINO WATER PROPOSITION

FOUNDATION OFFER FOR A CITY ELECTRIC PLANT.

Judge Campbell Would Deed His Lytle Creek Rights for Power Consideration—Electric-road Builder Seeking Cash Subsidy—Damage Suit.

SAN BERNARDINO, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] At a well-attended meeting of the San Bernardino Board of Trade last evening, a proposition was read from Judge J. L. Campbell to sell his Lytle Creek water rights to the city as a foundation for the municipal ownership of an electric lighting plant. The offer was not exactly what had been expected, in that it necessitates the city building the plant to develop the power in the first instance, instead of receiving the current at the city limits for distribution.

Briefly stated, Judge Campbell agrees to deed to the city, free of cost, an unincumbered title to all his power privileges in the north and middle forks of Lytle Creek, all necessary rights of way having been obtained from the government, on condition that the city will install, construct and maintain the necessary work and machinery to develop 500 horse power, the city to have and retain the entire night current produced by the 500 horse power and the first 100 horse power during the day, all surplus day power to belong to Campbell, and to be delivered to him, free of cost, over the transmission line, at a sub-station, to be located within two miles of the Courthouse. One power-house, located at the junction of the forks of Lytle Creek will be sufficient to generate all the power. The approximate cost to the city of building such a plant is given as $99,500. The approximate cost of the installation and maintenance of the plant, including the interest on $100,000 4-per-cent. bonds, would be $15,520 a year, which it is figured out would net an annual saving to the city of over $16,000, on a basis of lower rates than those now charged the city by the local company. Judge Campbell further agrees to give, free of cost, 50 horse power, day current, to the San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railway, on condition that it will locate its machine shops in San Bernardino.

After a general discussion, a committee, consisting of R. C. Harbison, A. W. Barnum, S. S. Draper, A. M. Ham and Joseph Israel, was appointed to meet with a similar committee to be appointed by the City Board of Trustees, to investigate exhaustively on the merits of Judge Campbell's proposition, and report.

ELECTRIC ROAD.

Another matter of importance was presented before the board by an attorney representing Seth Hartley, who proposes to build an electric street railway from the Santa Fé, Third street station to the Base Line, on North D street. Mr. Swing asked for the board's formal indorsement of the project, and that steps be taken to furnish substantial encouragement in the way of a $6000 cash subsidy. J. H. Boyd, R. F. Garner, George M. Covley and others spoke heartily in favor of giving all possible encouragement to the road. Mr. Hartley, in reply to a question, said he was ready to begin operations at once, provided the subsidy was forthcoming. A finance committee, composed of George M. Cooley, R. F. Garner, Joseph Israel, H. M. Barton and A. W. Holdskom, was appointed to canvass the city for subscriptions. The $6000, which it is hoped to raise without delay, is to be paid in four installments—one when the road is built to D street; the second when the cars are operated over that portion of the line; the third when the rails are laid to Base Line, and the fourth when cars are operated over the whole line.

DAMAGE SUIT TRIAL.

The trial of the $2000 damage suit of Margaret Jellison vs Thomas Akers commenced today in the Superior Court. Mr. and Mrs. Jellison worked for Akers on his ranch in Mill Creek Cañon. One day a quarrel arose, in which the plaintiff testified Akers struck her on the face, knocking out a tooth and breaking her nose.

SAN BERNARDINO BREVITIES.

The Board of Trade last evening appointed G. A. Atwood, S. S. Draper and L. N. Bedford a committee to make an effort to have the Southern Pacific come into town over its own right-of-way, instead of up E street, build a modern station and put a better car on the Redlands branch.

A committee, consisting of R. C. Harbison, H. R. Levy, and W. C. Norman, has been appointed by the Board of Trade, to inquire into the feasibility of giving a street fair here in the spring.

Dr. Davies, who recently received a call from a Colton Church, has announced his determination to remain with the Congregational Church of this city for another year.

James Mackey was yesterday committed to the Highland Asylum. The examination of William Scaif, an alleged insane person, resulted in his not being committed.

The county receipts for December amounted to $86,526.38 and the disbursements to $104,243.59, leaving a balance of $178,382.97 cash on hand January 1, 1901.

HALL OF FAME.

Only Twenty-nine of the Fifty Famous Americans to Be Chosen Have Received Enough Votes.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—A.M.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—At a meeting of the council of the New York University last night, the announcement was made that the electors for the Hall of Fame, who were all recently invited to serve again in 1902, had, so far as heard from, accepted. Out of the fifty famous Americans who were to be chosen at first, only twenty-nine received the requisite number of votes last year. There are, therefore, twenty-one to be selected next year.

A letter was received from a well-known Harvard professor suggesting that before another ballot is taken a conference shall be held in New York some time next year, at which all the electors who can make it convenient shall be present.

THE PUBLIC SERVICE—OFFICIAL DOINGS.

SUMMARY OF THE DAY.

Ostensibly to test the disposition of the new board of Police Commissioners, the saloon-keepers are gradually putting the doors back on their private boxes. A short session of the new police board was held yesterday.

The Councilmen are still at sea regarding the appointment of a city electrician. Ira J. Francis has good backing for the position.

The hearing in the contempt proceedings against Al Levy, inaugurated by the grand jury, has been set for Monday night.

Coroner Holland will have a chance to squirm when he tells the Supervisors today why he held an inquest which he was advised he had no right to hold, over Bishop Taylor of Utah.

The Supervisoral recount has been completed, and Hanley finds himself with a majority of sixteen.

Two colored men who had a petty quarrel aired their grievances in the Police Court yesterday.

C. H. Smith, a barber, charged with criminal libel, has been released on bail.

[AT THE CITY HALL.]

DOORS AGAIN MOVE ON THEIR HINGES.

SALOON-KEEPERS DEMAND THEIR POUND OF FLESH.

Al Levy States That if the New Commission Decides His Doors Should Be Removed They Will Come Off Without Protest.

"There has been little business for us to do this morning, gentlemen," said the Mayor at the close of the first session of the new Police Commission yesterday. "I could wish that in the future we might have no more. But that is not the case. Much business will pile up before us, and our meetings will be protracted."

And the Mayor shook his head as though realizing the struggles that are to come.

The Mayor may have spoken at random, or he may have found an inspiration for his speech in the actions of the saloon men in surreptitiously restoring the doors to the private boxes.

Be that as it may, many of the doors that were taken from the hinges in accordance with the order of the old

S. R. THORPE,
Police Commissioner.

commission are again swinging in their accustomed places. At Al Levy's restaurant on Third street all the doors are back just as they were before the agitation of the box evil. At the Turner Hall saloon, kept by Andrew Fuhrberg, secretary of the Liquor Dealers' Protective Association, there is one room that has a wooden door, one that has a curtain and one that has no guard to the entrance whatever.

Apparently the temper of the new commission on the box matter is to be tried, and the saloon men are not going so far in the beginning that they cannot retract. If the door and the curtain and the "yawning space" are permitted, it will not be long before the second door is advanced from its place in the basement to the doorway of the second room; the curtain will move upon the third doorway, and so on until private boxes are returned to their primal place in the economy of local saloons.

Is the liquor association trying to exact its pound of flesh from the new administration?

Al Levy says that such an intention is very far from the truth. He believes that the former commission did not treat him with fairness. The present commission he trusts will do better. When seen at his place of business yesterday afternoon Mr. Levy afforded the reporter every facility for examining his rooms.

WOULD WISH NOTHING SAID.

"I do not desire further notoriety, and I wish that nothing need be said about the matter in the papers," began Levy. "At the same time I have nothing to conceal and nothing to hide. Ever since this agitation began I have been dogged and hounded, and why? I have not committed any crime, have I? Instead, I have tried to conduct my business in an honorable and straightforward manner. I have my opinion about the whole matter, but that I do not care to make public.

"I do not believe that the former Board of Police Commissioners gave me a fair deal in classing my restaurant with the saloons as was done. I am a business man running a bona fide restaurant. I employ sixty-eight men and pay out from $600 to $700 in wages every week. The doors have been put back on the rooms, as you see, not with any desire to offend the incoming board, but because I believe I have the right to place and keep them there. If the new commission, after a thorough and impartial investigation into the conduct of this restaurant, shall decide that the doors are to come off, they will be removed without a murmur."

Mr. Levy then showed the reporter about the premises. On all the doors to the small rooms the locks were unprovided with a keyhole on the inside, and as the doors open outward, it is impossible to close them by propping chairs against the knobs. The large rooms have locks on them, but no keys were in evidence yesterday.

DRAWING THE LINE.

Adolph Ramish of the Liquor Dealers' Association was not very communicative when asked what the policy of the association would be, now that the new administration holds the reins. He denies that it is the intent of the saloon men to immediately put back the private boxes, and says that the association is opposed to private boxes in saloons, where women of the half world are wont to congregate.

"There is a great distinction," said the contractor and saloon man, "between such a place and a respectable saloon. It is all right for boxes to exist in saloons that cater only to a better class of trade."

"But isn't it hard to draw the line?" was asked.

"Yes, that's the trouble. The line is hard to draw," was the reply.

Mr. Ramish, however, contemplates dividing his large room into four "large" rooms. Evidently he knows where the line should not be drawn.

Where to draw the line in several matters will soon be before the commission for solution. At the first

WILLARD STIMSON,
Police Commissioner.

meeting yesterday very little business was transacted. Officer J. L. Berg was given a fifteen days' leave of absence without pay. Three applications for appointment as policemen were filed. Messrs. Walker, Stimson and Keeney were appointed a committee to formulate rules for the commission, after which an adjournment was taken.

The Commissioners and the Chief were then taken into the Mayor's private office for a little tutelage. Affairs of state were long discussed amid the aroma of the Mayor's best cigars.

STILL AT SEA.

ELECTRICIAN'S APPOINTMENT.

The members of the Council are still at sea regarding the appointment of the City Electrician. Apparently Ira J. Francis, the incumbent, has the best chance for the place, as he has support in quarters that count in the affairs of the new Council.

A prominent member of the Council said yesterday that he believes one of the best arguments in favor of Francis is the fact that the street-lighting companies are fighting his reappointment. The street lighting has been wretched, and Mr. Francis has not hesitated in telling the Council so in very plain language. The companies have a candidate of their own.

[AT THE COURTHOUSE.]

THE QUESTION LEVY WOULD NOT ANSWER.

WHO IS "PROMINENT CITIZEN" WHO SAID MONEY TO HIM?

Grand Jury's Examination of Al Levy and Contempt Proceedings Against Him for Refusing to Answer a Query About Bribing Ling.

When Al Levy, the caterer, was before Judge Smith yesterday on citation to show cause why he should not be punished for contempt of court in refusing to answer a question put to him by the grand jury, his attorney, Frank G. Finlayson, Esq., asked for a continuance.

His request was acceded to and Levy's hearing is now set down for Monday evening.

The answer to the disturbing question is the name of a "prominent citizen," who said something to Levy about money at an unfortunate time during the recent agitation over the box question. On December 26 the grand jury was investigating "an accusation," says Foreman Polk in his affidavit filed to support the Levy citation, "that one R. A. Ling, member of the Board of Police Commissioners had, on August 24, 1900, accepted a bribe of $200 to influence his action as a commissioner."

Attorney Finlayson's position in behalf of Levy will be that the grand jury's question is entirely incompetent, irrelevant and immaterial, and should not be answered.

"Nor," said Mr. Finlayson yesterday, "do I believe that any court will make him answer it after the proper showing has been made."

GRAND JURY PROCEEDINGS.

In the affidavit filed by Foreman I. H. Polk is a transcript of the proceedings of the grand jury during its examination of Levy with reference to the bribe question.

It shows how the restaurateur was led up to the sticking point.

Levy, after being sworn, testified that he and Adolph Ramish together visited Ling of their own motion, in his office at the Bullard Block on August 24.

"State what occurred after you reached Mr. Ling's office," began Assistant District Attorney Jones.

"After some conversation," said Mr. Levy, "about certain unseemly rumors about my house, we got down to speaking of the box question, and what the commissioners were going to do, and he told me then—he said: 'You needn't have no fear with regard to your house at all. There is going to be no action taken in your place at all.' That was about the drift of the conversation we had. I left Mr. Ling, thinking they would not pass a rule or law in reference to boxes in restaurants, and the first thing I knew they had passed it."

"Now, Mr. Ramish was present. I believe you stated, at that conversation on August 24?"

"Yes, sir."

"Was there anything said in that conversation about paying Ling money?"

"Between Ling and Mr. Ramish and myself—no, sir."

WAS A BRIBE EVER OFFERED?

"Do you know if at that time or at any other time, Mr. Ling was paid any sum of money to influence his action as a Police Commissioner.."

"No, sir; not one solitary cent."

"You have no personal knowledge of it?"

"No personal knowledge at all, sir."

"How did you come to go that morning with Mr. Ramish?"

"On account of trying to stop scandalous things that had been circulated round town with reference to my house. I sized it up for no other purpose than that it was a blackmailing scheme of some kind, I didn't know what; but I knew there was an injustice being done to me, and I wanted to find out what it was."

THAT PROMINENT CITIZEN.

"Mr. Levy, I will ask you this question: 'Did you, about that time, have a visit from a prominent citizen of this community and have a conversation with him in which he offered to get this matter all settled for you on payment of $1000?'"

"I had a visit one time from a gentleman. A gentleman came to me in this way: 'Now,' he says, 'I understand this rule is going to be passed, and' he says, 'if you will take my advice you will try to square the matter in some shape or form before they make that rule in the Police Commissioners.' And I told that gentleman right there and then that I was running a legitimate business and that if I had to go in any manner, shape or form and put up money for me to run my business, I would sooner close it up. He said to me: 'If you feel that way about it, I don't blame you.' He didn't tell me that he could fix it for me for $1000. There was no money ever mentioned. He merely said that he would advise me to see if I could not settle it."

"Did he advise you as to the person you were to settle it with?"

"He did not."

"Name any names at all?"

"He did not, for the simple reason I stopped him before he could go any farther."

"No amount was named at all?"

"No amount was named at all."

THE STICKING QUESTION.

"What was the name of the prominent gentleman who came to you?"

"Now, gentlemen, I will tell you right now that that name I will not disclose under any consideration."

POLK TAKES A HAND.

"Mr. Levy," interposed Foreman Polk, "do you know you are before the grand jury?"

"I understand that perfectly well."

"And you are sworn to answer questions?"

"I understand that perfectly well, but under no consideration will I disclose the name of that gentleman that came to me."

"You will have to give the name."

"The gentleman didn't come to me and offer to take any bribe or give any bribe or anything else."

"We will have to get the name."

"I think everybody in this town knows I am a man of my word."

"We are not discussing that. The District Attorney has asked you a question and you will have to answer."

"Not if it was the last act of my life."

"You needn't vow that too positively, because you will have to give the name, Mr. Levy; that is all there is to it."

"Gentlemen, I am very sorry to have to do anything contrary to the wishes of the grand jury."

JUROR PIPES IN.

"What," asked a juror, "did you think this man meant when he came to you and told you you had better settle it up now? Did you think he meant money, or did you think he meant good fellowship, or did you think he meant give him a supper, or what? Did you think he meant money?"

"Well, what I think and what he meant is two different things."

"I am not asking you that. I am asking you if you thought he meant money."

"I thought it meant money," said Levy, after several questions and answers. "I don't see what else."

"Did this gentleman exact a pledge from you that you would not disclose his name?"

"Well, he certainly came to me in the spirit of friendship. He said: 'I don't want this thing to go any further.'"

LEVY GIVES HIS WORD.

"That was not the question."

"He exacted a pledge from me this way: That when he left my presence he said to me, 'I don't want this conversation, or any name, mentioned in this matter in any manner, shape or form.' And I said, 'Your name shall never be mentioned as far as I am concerned.'"

Other jurors then put questions to Levy as to why he had gone before the Committee of Fifteen, and it was elicited that the witness was willing to lend the grand jury or any other body any possible assistance, but he would not disclose the name of the "prominent citizen."

Juror Stewart then asked that the question be put to him again, whereupon Asst. Dist.-Atty. Jones said:

"Well, I will repeat the question at the suggestion of the juror. What is the name of the prominent gentleman you mentioned?"

"I refuse to state, sir."

"Is that all?" asked the foreman. "Mr. Levy, you can go."

A PECULIAR CLAIM.

THE CORONER WILL SQUIRM.

When Thomas Taylor, a Utah bishop of the Mormon church, dropped dead on the streets of Los Angeles on December 8, the question arose whether it was a proper case for the Coroner or not.

Taylor died of apoplexy in the presence of his wife in the daytime.

Prior to holding the inquest, Coroner Holland asked advice of the District Attorney, who informed him that it was not a case for an inquest. But the advice failed to please the august Coroner, and he held an inquest, anyway.

The law provides for an inquest where the deceased has died "suddenly under such circumstances as to afford a reasonable ground to suspect that his death had been occasioned by the act of another by criminal means." In asking the District Attorney's advice, the Coroner calmly told him that he believed Taylor had died of apoplexy, and that he had not been killed or committed suicide.

It was under such circumstances that he persisted in an inquest.

Some time ago Dr. Lincoln Rogers presented to the Supervisors a claim of $15 against the county for autopsy performed on Bishop Taylor, the claim being certified by the Coroner as accruing at the inquest, which he had been advised he had no authority to hold.

Now Chief Deputy District Attorney Wilbur in a written opinion has advised the Board of Supervisors to reject the claim. A hearing is set before the board for 2 o'clock this afternoon, and if the facts appear as above indicated, the Rogers claim will undoubtedly be turned down.

HANLEY'S MAJORITY.

RECOUNT GIVES HIM SIXTEEN.

The Patterson-Hanley recount in the Fifth Supervisoral District was concluded before Judge Allen yesterday afternoon.

The revised count gives Hanley 2234 votes and Patterson 2218—a majority of 16, as against a majority of 17 according to the returns of the Supervisors sitting as a canvassing board, who gave Hanley 2315 and Patterson 2298.

Hanley is still claiming that his new majority will be swelled to 18 by two votes that have been thrown aside tentatively until certain ink spots on them have been explained. It is contended that these blots were carelessly dropped on the ballots by members of the election board.

Now that the recount is finished, oral testimony will be begun today by Patterson to prove alleged irregularities on the part of election officials in Los Angeles city precinct No. 57B. Hanley's vote in this precinct was increased by the recount to a majority of 20, as against 17 returned by the canvassing board. Patterson, therefore, is extremely anxious to throw out 57B.

The legal battle is still to be waged over ballots whereon electors stamped a cross in the Democratic column after "No nominations." Judge Allen has allowed them to go in. If the Supreme Court should rule them out, Patterson's victory is assured, inasmuch as there are about eighty such ballots in the Fifth Supervisoral District. It is of interest to know, in this connection, that Superior Judge Murasky of San Francisco, in a contest over Superior Judge in that city and county, has ruled such ballots out.

COURTHOUSE NOTES.

BREVITIES MISCELLANEOUS.

TEARFUL ALEXANDRIA. There were tears in abundance in Judge Smith's department of the Superior Court yesterday when Alexandria Tisandier, an old French woman, charged with grand larceny, who lives at the corner of Bellevue avenue and New High street, was arraigned. She is accused of victimizing a male visitor in the sum of $95. Alexandria just boohooed! She will plead tomorrow.

NEW ATTORNEY. On motion of Nathan Newby, Esq., Judge York admitted Tom C. Thornton to practice in the Superior Court. Mr. Thornton comes from Texas.

GRIMSHAW'S MANIA. Robert Grimshaw, a young man who was dragged into court on his hands and knees, was adjudged insane of religious mania by Judge Shaw yesterday, on recommendation of Dr. E. R. Smith and Dr. E. N. Mathis, and sent to Highland. He has friends at the Peniel Mission, where he has been a hanger-on for some time past. He refuses to talk, save very scantily on religious topics. Once in a while he breaks a long silence by shouting, "Glory, Hallelujah!" He has hallucinations about the Christ. His nationality is English and at times he is very violent.

SMALL ESTATE. Alice Trimble has petitioned for letters of administration in the $800 estate of Mary Jane Caler, who died on April 22, 1900.

CELESTIAL WEDDING. Justice James united in matrimony yesterday Chung Jeck, aged 41, and Loy Ho, aged 25, who says her nativity is California.

[POLICE AND JUSTICE COURTS.]

COLORED MEN AIR THEIR GRIEVANCES.

PETTY QUARREL ENDS IN POLICE COURT TRIAL.

Barber Charged With Criminal Libel Released on Bail—Woman Sentenced for Petty Larceny—Would-be Reconciliator Who Took a Coat Released.

"He is the most curiousest nigger I ever see."

In these words J. W. Wilson, colored, yesterday expressed his opinion of Joe Bruce, another shade-colored gentleman, who was on trial before Justice Austin on a charge of disturbing the peace. Wilson was the complaining witness and the trouble grew out of the fact that Bruce would not turn out of the street to let Wilson pass, both at the time being the drivers of horses on Pico street.

"All the white people had passed me on by," protested Bruce, who asserted that Wilson had plenty of room to drive past him.

"May I ax him a question?" interposed Wilson, but the Deputy District Attorney promptly hushed the complainant with "You keep still."

Wilson asserted that Bruce called him hard and nasty names because he demanded the right of way. This in turn was denied by Bruce, who asserted that Wilson insulted him in the presence of a crowd by referring in slighting terms to the fact that Mrs. Bruce had deserted her hubby.

The trouble occurred near the west end of the street car line on Pico street on New Year's day. The evidence developed the fact that bad blood existed between the two men of color. The court stated that both men were in the wrong, but on the ground that he does not wish to encourage the bringing of petty quarrels into the Police Court, he discharged the defendant.

"Thank you, Mr. Judge," said Bruce, as he departed from the room.

Charged With Misdemeanor.

C. H. Smith, a barber, was arrested yesterday forenoon on a warrant sworn to by Arthur Land, and charging criminal libel. When arraigned before Justice Austin in the Police Court he was released on $100 bail. In the complaint Land alleges that Smith caused to be published a notice intimating that he had stolen a bicycle. Smith is charged with a misdemeanor and will be given a hearing the 30th inst. at 10 o'clock.

Woman Sentenced.

Rosa Pompey was yesterday sentened to pay a fine of $20 or serve twenty days, she having been convicted of petty larceny the day before. The sentence was imposed by Police Justice Austin. The woman and her husband are alleged to have stolen $15 and several articles of personal property from A. M. Hansley, but the husband was acquitted.

Smiley Released.

Willard Smiley, who was charged with petty larceny, was dismissed by Justice Morgan yesterday. Smiley, who is colored, pleaded in extenuation of taking Mabel Summerfield's coat from her room, that he did it in order to affect a reconciliation with her. The two had been living together but had quarreled.

IT IS ALWAYS EASY

To get subscriptions for The Times because it is a great newspaper, and worth all it costs. People don't have to to be paid for taking it—don't have it thrust upon them whether they want it or not.

It is in demand always, and its warmest friends are the people who have money to pay for it; Therefore canvassing for it is easy work.

TOURISTS' PLEASURE TRIPS.

Carriage carrying six passengers with driver to Baldwin's ranch and return, $5. Lusk Cab Co., 110 South Main. Tel. main 207.

January Clearance Sa

OF

MUSLIN UNDERWEAR

An opportunity that you should not overlook to s your present needs with undermuslin at a fractional p their real worth.

Gowns

Ladies' gowns, made of a good muslin, with cambric ruffles; tucked and insertion yokes; full and long. Regular price 75c. Clearance price..... 58c

Ladies' Empire gowns, made with insertion yoke; lawn and embroidery ruffles. Regular price 85c. Clearance price..... 67c

Ladies' Empire gown; revers of wide insertion, trimmed with wide lace. Regular price $1.35. Clearance price..... $1.19

Ladies' Empire gowns; wide insertion yokes and embroidery edging; made large and full; Regular price $1.50. Clearance price..... $1.29

Drawers.

Ladies' drawers, made of a good quality of muslin, clusters of tucks and finishing braid. Regular price 50c; Clearance price..... 23c

Ladies' drawers, deep cambric ruffle and two rows of hemstitching, embroidery ruffle and tucks. Regular price 65c; Clearance price..... 49c

Ladies' drawers, made of fine cambric muslin with from 6 to 8-inch embroidery flounce. Regular price $1.25; Clearance price..... 98c

Corset Covers.

Ladies' corset covers, made with high neck of a good quality of muslin. Regular price 15c; Clearance price..... 9c

Ladies' fine cambric corset covers, made with V-shaped neck, hemstitched and embroidery trimmed. Regular price 40c; Clearance price..... 29c

Ladies cambric corset covers, made with round neck and full front, fine tucks in back, neck and arms eye, embroidery trimmed. Regular price 75c; Clearance price.. 59c

Chemises.

Ladies' Muslin Chemises; made with corset edge. Regular price 45c. Clearance price.....

Ladies' Chemises; made of good quality muslin, cambric ruffle and lace edging. Regular price 85c. Clearance price.....

Ladies' Skirt Chemises; made with tucked and tion yokes with embroidery edging, embroidery around bottom. Regular price $1.50. Clearance price.....

Ladies' fine Chemises; made with three rows of insertion across front, and lace edging; bottom edged with lace on bottom. Regular price $2.50. Clearance price.....

Skirts.

Ladies' fine muslin skirts; made with deep flounce and 3 rows of insertion and edging, lawn dust ruffle. Regular price $1.35. Clearance price.....

Ladies' cambric skirts; made with deep flounce and lace insertion, insertion purposely through flounce. Regular price $2.50. Clearance price.....

Ladies' muslin skirts; made with a deep ruffle and lawn dust ruffle. Regular price $1.75. Clearance price.....

Ladies' fine lawn skirts; made with a deep flounce, 5 rows of fine lace insertion; clusters of tucks above wide lace; dust ruffle. Regular price Clearance

Goodwood Sheldon Co.

127 So. Spring there to 211 W. Second

HOW THE THING WILL WORK.

Tesla's Experiments and What They Point To.

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 3, 1901.—[To the Editor of The Times:] The brief notice in The Times this morning, regarding the experiments recently made by Nikola Tesla in Colorado prompts me to address to the public through your columns such considerations in regard to the Constitution of one Phase at least of Space, which may lead others to give such attention to this Phase of Nature as that which more than any other is likely, in the near future, to lead to developments in the obtainment of Energy for Industrial purposes of a wholly unlooked for character.

It has been quite usual for some time past, amongst persons not understanding the mode of operation of "electro-dynamic" upon a conductor, to scoff at and ridicule much of Tesla's recent work; but, instead of this, it would be far more decorous to turn back a little further, and rightly appreciate the conspicuous success which Tesla has achieved in the practical application of electro-dynamic, whose culmination was not attained until after a prolonged antecedent period of experimental research on the part of Tesla, whose rotating field for electro-magnetic mechanism is the greatest practical triumph yet reached in the field of Applied Energy for Industrial Utilities.

I do not propose in this communication to traverse that which has been done in the Past, but to direct attention to certain Facts, which by reason of their actual existence as Facts, must press themselves upon the Notice of Intellectual Men and Woman in the immediate future. I refer to the ascertained facts concerning the mode of existence of Energy in Space, and which I will briefly epitomise as follows:

Energy exists through Space, both in Potential and Kinetic State.

Kinetic Energy in Space is ceaselessly utilised in imparting and maintaining movement of every kind in Visible Matter.

Potential Energy in Space is ever waiting to enter into Matter, and to produce in Matter otherwise Static, Transference of Energy, especially by entrance of Energy into the Porosity of Matter, passage through that Porosity and return out of that Porosity into Energy and Space. Itself again, in the Potential or Static condition thereof.

From this statement of Fact respecting Energy itself as Energy exists in space, it follows that if Matter be located in Space in a State of Static Isolation; that is to say, without having any movement of its Mass in Space other than the movement of the Orb or other body in Space, whereby such matter is carried, that then such Matter, not having any proper or independent Motion of its own, is in a State to receive some of the Potential Energy in Space ever waiting to enter into, pass through and return out of the Porosity of all Static Matter into itself in the Potential condition again; and herein is contained the entire explanation of what takes place in the Energy set into Movement or rendered Kinetic in every process, or operation, or apparatus, wherein or whereby Energy is so erroneously, although conventionally and commonly said to be "generated."

From these considerations respecting the State wherein Energy exists in Space, it follows that if Energy existing in the Potential State in Space can be collected in or upon a conductor and that this conductor be connected with the positive part of any circuit capable of conveying Energy into any recipient of Energy, such as an electro-magnetic-motor, that that motor would be driven by such Energy, and that according to the intensity of flow of that Energy from Space into such motor, so would the Motive Power given out by that motor be regulated.

It further follows that if Energy can be collected from Space in the manner suggested in the preceding paragraph, that every dynamo at present used for collecting Energy from Space and directing that Energy so collected to course upon an Electric circuit may be altogether dispensed with, as well as every steam engine or other prime mover employed to drive such dynamos, together with the avoidance of the consumption of all fuel at present used in such immense quantities to drive those dynamos.

The practical question suggested by these considerations is this: Can such Potential Energy be collected from Space and directed into electro-magnetic-motors, so as to operate those electro-magnetic-motors and perform the Industrial Work which electro-magnetic-motors now perform when actuated by currents of Dynamic which are now collected from Space by very costly dynamos, and by very much more costly motive power engines and plant essential to drive those dynamos?

The recent researches of Tesla seem to point an affirmative answer to this question, but the manner of collecting Potential Energy from Space otherwise than by means of a very costly dynamo and is appurtenances, Tesla appears in no sense to have even hinted at in any of his communications which have as yet been made public.

Much more than a year ago, I was led to give considerable attention to this question, which pressed itself upon my notice as the outcome of unbroken study during several years of the mode of operation of Energy in Space, and I have been led to devise an apparatus having for its especial object to collect Potential Energy from Space and to lead that into electro-dynamic-motors for the purpose of performing any of the numerous Industrial employments of electro-dynamic. My apparatus is still in the tentative condition, but being based upon perfectly ascertained functions of conductors in respect of receiving and transmitting Energy, there has not been found any good and sufficient reason against this apparatus not being adapted and capable of collecting any quantity of Energy in the Potential State in Space and transmitting it into motor receivers for performing any of the Industrial Operations on Earth for which electro-magnetically operated motors are not so extensively employed. Such an achievement, such an episode in the course of the slow but surely developing conquest by the human Intellect in understanding the Real Nature of the Invisible Environment of Visible Nature does indeed seem to be close at hand, and it hardly admits of doubt that during the twentieth century, instead of continuing to despoil the Material Treasure of this Fair Earth, Man will have learned the method of deriving all the Energy required for Industrial purposes by collecting that Energy from its Source of Immensity in Space, and of utilising that Energy (some of which rotates the Spheres in Space) for the conduct of all his own Industrial necessities with the Simplicity and Ease of an automaton, and without any waste whatsoever.

ST. JOHN DAY.

WOMEN

Old And Young

Guard Against Disease! Use Hudyan.

TAKE HUDYAN, for HUDYAN gives strength. HUDYAN removes pain, gives a bright, rosy complexion. HUDYAN relieves all pain. HUDYAN builds nerves and strengthens them. HUDYAN gives a healthy appetite.

Most women suffer with disorders and diseases peculiar to their sex until they use HUDYAN. HUDYAN corrects such troubles. Those weaknesses are usually complicated with headaches (Fig. 6,) coated tongue (Fig. 3,) haggard face (Fig. 4,) backache (Fig. 1,) NERVOUSNESS OR LIMBS (Fig. 9,) impaired kidneys (Fig. 1,) loss of appetite and nausea.

No woman need suffer, for HUDYAN is a positive cure for all conditions. HUDYAN cures all the painful and distressful symptoms that go with such troubles.

If you are a weak, pale, nervous woman, you want HUDYAN and no other remedy. HUDYAN will not fail you. It will afford you immediate comfort. Try HUDYAN—be convinced.

Get HUDYAN from your druggist—50c a package, six packages $2.50. If he does not keep it, send direct to HUDYAN REMEDY COMPANY, 40 Ellis Street, San Francisco, Cal.

Consult Hudyan Doctors free. Call or write. They Give Free Advice.

Whiskies

At

Wholes

(For Medicinal P

I pay cash buy by the gallons from first hands. I buy in such quantities that guarantees that my rock prices are the lowest tribuser for Cal. Wines, Ports, Sherries and Brandies. Most of the best brands are just arrivals were—

25 barrels W. A. Harmitage and Old C

15 barrels Old Tay

10 barrels McBray

10 barrels F.B. Rip

These come in all sizes. Write, call or tele information or price

H. J. WOOL

124-126 N.

Phone Main 46.

How Dunning Should Be.

[London Globe:] The manager of the London tradesman is a delight to philosophers and all lovers gentleness. Here is one which will be hard to match. He writes a very celebrated debtor, "we beg leave most respectfully to invite your kind attention to our account rendered, and we would presume to hope that we may prove agreeable, and in accordance your views and desires, to favor us with a check. Thanking you for past valued commands, and in anticipation, with your kind response, we are, Madam, obedient servants, ——."

BE SURE
You
read
the $25,000 story on page 8 Part II.

TAHITI BY STEAMER

This gem of the South Seas is reached direct by steamer. The Australia sails on its next trip from San Pedro, 10 a.m., Jan. 29 at 10 South Spring street for full

WORK FOR WOMEN.

Steady work:
Money in it.
See big ad., page 8, Part II.

...ER SHOWER
...FALLS ON A WOMAN.

...NATES THE STORY OF
...THE HAPPENING.

...de of the Plaza, in Which
...ator and the Recipient of
...Were Both Staggered—
...ny Wins.

...ached the Plaza just in
...my car vanish in the dis-
...strolling into the park.
...on one of the benches
...nother,' says Mrs. Geor-
...of No. 742 West Seventh
...ets.
...and the clouds threat-
...ver at any moment, but I
...ccordingly, and my mind
...e prospective interview,
...I became conscious of
...ding in the path before
...
...y-your p-p-pardon, l-l-
...mered. Whether from
...ement or because the
...rl had become entangled
...it was hard to deter-
...ve a perfect horror of
...but not wishing to irri-
...fearing he might read the
...y face, I assumed my
...expression, and that
...manner which I have
...ved when receiving in-
...rs my superiors, and
...is tongue played hide
...ng the letters.
...ow I'm rude, b-b-but
...do you n-n-need any
...re of you?'
...ot alone; I don't need
...nswered, wonderingly.
...ve, lady.' There was posi-
...n of relief in his voice.
...e was a new variety of
...who felt it every man's
...the support of some
...
...ere lingered. The first
...ever was so evidently
...he was excusable
...e remainder.
...d read the sign on an
...r, there was a swift
...man's hand, and a
...fell in my lap. Half
...ment I stared at the
...turned to look after
...e. He was half way
...making a manful ef-
...ght. The poise of his
...determination with
...ting the temptation
...f his largess had been
...awakening self-re-
...the consciousness of
...generous deed gave a
...to his bearing.
...efit caused me to
...ed coins, a dozen
...There may have
...stop to hunt too
...
...to overtake the
...ed to risk becom-
...treet scene, and I
...driver, which be-
...and shape of a
...
...man strolled lazily
...ht, possibly be had
...ade an affair, and ap-
...ances of morality and
...a scene! I thought of ex-
...ations to him and get-
...ack the money for me,
...that those little dimes
...into his capacious
...getting lost as in a
...ve, find, their way
...ckets, the thought that
...charitable act might be
...ain than the money.
...e street to 'Our Lady
...Angels,' I dropped the
...box that forms the
...poor, trusting that the
...ed to such offerings
...s at the time and in
...will help him most.
...church, I boarded a
...y car, but that didn't
...up in Plaza etiquette,
...to what I might have
...I felt it was a good
...ow from."

...Y OFFICERS.

...for Coming Year is Com-
...Members Hear Reports of
...of the Last Month.

...the names of the
...Ladies' Aid Society of
...elected for the ensuing
...rs. T. Frank Mc-
...sident, Mrs. L. A.
...ner, Mrs. M. P. Doran;
...Mary J. Workman.
...of the board of direct-
...R. C. Bush, Mrs. E. W.
...Charles L. Whipple,
...Mrs. C. Hickson and
...

...last yesterday afternoon
...Mrs. McGrath, No. 1025
...street. Reports for the
...were read, and the names
...were called to the
...society. There was
...of new members.
...society is to assist
...ow and sick. Although
...years ago, this organ-
...origin from the aid
...little pueblo of Los

...TY NOTES.

...ents of the Univer-
...West Los Angeles re-
...after a vacation of

...although recovering
...ness, is still unable
...as head of the
...Arts.
...an athletic meet-
...noon hour to ar-
...meet which is to
...on Washington's
...atic speeches were
...Smith, Prof. Sho-

...day of No. 3441 Mc-
...sick with la grippe.
...mings is sick with
...on West Thirty-

...ughter of No. 315 San
...died Sunday from
...yesterday.
...Carson died Mon-
...of la grippe, fol-
...

...Athletic Committee
...body of the Uni-
...California was held
...day. An animated
...held on track athletics,
...Hayward, Broderson,
...Charles Schoelander
...active part. Bert
...track manager. The
...sports is much

...collegiate contest be-
...ity of Southern Cali-
...College will take
...son's birthday.

...PEOPLE

...The Times
...it is worth
...of it costs
...magazine alone,
...a copy,'
...per to-day a year;
...that out.
...paper.
...a Piper Cub any
...Los Angeles
...week $5.

Going Out of Business...

Absolutely sacrificing our entire stock of high-grade Clothing and Furnishings. Your friends and neighbors have saved half their purchase money buying here. Why don't you?

These Reductions Are Genuine

Men's Suits.

Men's fancy worsted suits, made in the best possible manner, good linings, piped seams; regular price $10.00; sale price $5.75

Men's extra quality Oxford gray suits, worsteds and cassimeres; well made, piped seams, fine linings; regular price $12.50; sale price $7.50

Men's fine cheviot and cassimere suits, warranted to fit and wear well; excellent linings, etc., regular price $13.50; sale price $8.50

All wool cassimeres, cheviots and worsteds in a large variety of handsome patterns; our regular $15.00 qualities; sale price $10.50

Men's swell cassimere, cheviot and worsted suits in the very latest patterns and styles, well made and perfect fitting; single and double breasted; well worth the regular price; sale price $13.75

Men's genuine imported worsted; nothing better made at any price; satin piped seams, best linings, etc., regular price $22.50; sale price $16.75

Men's Overcoats.

Immense new stock of Men's Overcoats, all the latest styles and fabrics, reduced as follows: Men's $20.00 overcoats cut to $13.75

Men's $15.00 overcoats cut to $10.50

Men's $12.50 overcoats cut to $7.75

Men's $10.00 overcoats cut to $6.75

Boys' Suits.

Boys' $3.00 suits at $1.98

Boys' $5.00 suits at $3.48

Boys' $7.50 suits at $5.15

Youths' $10.00 suits at $6.25

Youths' $15.00 suits at $9.75

Boys' $2.50 suits at $1.48

H. COHN & CO. 142-144 North Spring St.

Be Sure and Get the Right Place.

A BEAUTIFUL COMPLEXION FREE

MME. A. RUPPERT'S WORLD RENOWNED FACE BLEACH ALMOST WITHOUT COST

NO MATTER HOW BLEMISHED THE SKIN, FACE BLEACH WILL MAKE IT PERFECT

Madame A. Ruppert says:

"My Face Bleach is not a new, untried remedy, but has been used by the best people for years, and for dissolving and removing forever pimples, freckles, moth patches, blackheads, eczema, tan, sunburn, sallowness, roughness or redness of the skin, and for brightening and beautifying the complexion it has no equal.

It is absolutely harmless to the most delicate skin.

The marvelous improvement after a few applications is most apparent, for the skin becomes as nature intended it should be, smooth, clear and white, free from every impurity and blemish. It cannot fail, for its action is such that it draws the impurities out of the skin, and does not cover them up, and is invisible during use. This is the only thorough and permanent way.

During this month, I will offer to all a trial bottle of my world renowned Face Bleach, sufficient to show that it is all that I claim for it, and any reader of this can send me 25 cents in stamps or silver, and I will send the trial bottle, securely packed in plain wrapper, sealed, all charges prepaid.

My book 'How to be Beautiful' will be mailed free to all who will write for it."

MADAME A. RUPPERT,
6 East 14th Street, New York

Mme. Ruppert's Gray Hair Restorative actually restores gray hair to its natural color. Can be used on any shade of hair, and is not a dye, and does not discolor the skin nor rub off. Perfectly harmless and always gives satisfaction.

Mme. Ruppert's Depilatory removes superfluous hair in five minutes, without pain; will not injure the most delicate skin.

Mme. Ruppert's Egyptian Balm for softening and healing the face and hands.

Mme. Ruppert's Hair Tonic positively removes dandruff, all scalp diseases, stops falling hair, and in many cases restores hair.

Mme. Ruppert's Almond Oil Complexion Soap, made of pure almond oil and wax. Delightful for the complexion and warranted not to chap the most delicate skin.

All of the above toilet preparations are always kept in stock and can be had from our local agent.

The Coulter Dry Goods Co.,
Sole Agents in Los Angeles for
Mme. A. Ruppert's Celebrated Complexion Specialties.

CURSE OF DRINK

DRUNKENNESS CURED BY

White Ribbon Remedy,

Can be Given in Glass of Water, Tea or Coffee Without Patient's Knowledge.

White Ribbon Remedy will cure or destroy the diseased appetite for alcoholic stimulants, whether the patient is a confirmed inebriate "a tippler," social drinker or drunkard.

Impossible for anyone to have an appetite for alcoholic liquors after using White Ribbon Remedy.

Los Angeles: Owl Drug Co., 220 South Spring Street. By mail $1.00. Trial package free by writing MRS. T. C. MOORE, President W. C. T. U., Ventura, California.

American Dye Works

Oldest established and reliable. Main office, 210½ S. Spring Street. Tel. M 650.

SAMOSET COMPANY

Pears'

Is the cheapest and best toilet soap in all the world

FREE TRIAL!

Dr. Sanden's newest invention, his 1900 MODEL HERCULEX ELECTRIC BELT sent to either sex on absolute free trial, not one cent in advance or deposit. Description book mailed free. DR. A. T. SANDEN, 119 South Spring Street, Los Angeles, Cal. Office hours—9 a.m. to 8 p.m. daily; 10 a.m. to 1 p.m. Sunday.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggists for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

R·I·P·A·N·S

Wanted—a case of bad health that R-I-P-A-N-S will not benefit. One gives relief. No matter what's the matter, one will do you good. A cure may result if directions are followed. They banish pain, induce sleep, prolong life. Sold at all drug stores, ten for five cents. Be sure to get the genuine. Don't be fooled by substitutes. Ten samples and a thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for five cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Company, 10 Spruce St., New York.

Meek's AERATED BREAD

Is the most nutritious

Meek Baking Co.
Retail Store, 226 West Fourth St.
Tel. M. 1011.

NEW MODEL RAMBLER BICYCLES
$35, $40, $50 $60, $65.

W. K. COWAN, 207-9 W. Fifth St.

WE DO IT. WHAT?

Reduce your fuel bill 40 per cent. Let us demonstrate it to you.

THE CLIMAX SOLAR WATER HEATER CO.,
125 S. Broadway.

WE were the only retail wine dealers in Southern California to receive a Bona-fide Medal and the Certificate at the Paris Exposition.

Edward Germain Wine Co
297-299 Los Angeles St., Cor. Fourth.
No Bar. Open Evenings. Tel. Main 919.

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD, LIVER, LUNGS.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

Dr. Harrison & Co.

SPECIALISTS
For Every Form of Weakness and Diseases of Men.
The Only Strictly Reliable Graduate Physicians in Los Angeles Treating Men Exclusively.

We treat and cure Nervous Debility, Partial or Complete Loss of Vital Force, Unnatural Drains, Premature Weakness, Contracted Ailments, including Contagious Blood Poison and Diseases of the Kidneys, Bladder and Results of Badly Treated cases.

In all cases where vitality is lost on account of a diseased or inflamed prostate gland our treatment means a sure cure.

We positively GUARANTEE to cure PILES, FISTULA, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE and HYDROCELE in one week.

We will examine you, tell you in detail what your disease is, explain our treatment, give you full satisfaction in every way, absolutely FREE of charge, and you don't have to pay a cent until you are well. We have the largest hospital in the city.

Rooms 213-214 Nolan & Smith Block
Corner Second and Broadway, Los Angeles Cal. Private entrance on Second street.

Alfalfa

And all Grain and Grass Seed. Best quality.

LOWEST PRICES.

GERMAIN FEED AND PLANT CO., 326-330 SOUTH MAIN STREET.
Adjoining Hotel Westminster.

THE FOO & WING HERB CO.,
903 S. Olive St., Los Angeles, Cal.

CALL FOR BOOK.
Diagnosis and Examination Free.
Absent from 4 p.m. Fridays until 12 m. Sundays

Tired of rubbing? -Where's your Pearline

Oil Stoves.

INTENSE HEATERS—ECONOMICAL—CLEAN—MODERN.

Parmelee-Dohrmann Co.,
232-234 S. Spring St.

The Hop and the Lily
Illustrate the difference between lard and

WESSON ODORLESS COOKING OIL

A PURELY VEGETABLE PRODUCT.

Animal fat may carry disease with it and be unclean and very indigestible.

Wesson's Odorless Cooking Oil is pure, sweet and clean. It never becomes rancid. It goes twice as far as lard or butter!

Wesson's Salad Oil is far better value than the finest olive oil and has the same flavor. Ask your friendly grocer for it.

AUCTION.

AUCTION

—OF—

High-Grade Furniture

Of the DEVON INN, corner Tenth and Broadway, TUESDAY, JAN. 15, at 10 a.m., containing 50 rooms, consisting in part of two beautiful upright pianos, cherry and mahogany parlor furniture, divans, rockers, tete-a-tete's upholstered in tapestry, polished oak and birch rockers and center tables; moquette, velvet, Axminster and Brussels carpets throughout the entire house; elegant polished oak mirror-front folding beds, handsome quartered-oak hand-polished bedroom suites, odd dressers, brass and iron beds, fine mattresses and springs, toilet ware, couches, lounges, lace curtains, portieres, bedding, feather pillows, linens, etc.

All the above goods are in first-class condition and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. Goods can be inspected Monday, Jan. 14. Will also sell one fine driving horse and surrey.

C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer.
Office—429 South Spring Street.

AUCTION

Of high grade furniture, at No. 3125 South Flower Street, Friday, January 11th, at 10 a.m. Consisting of polished oak, birch and mahogany rockers, quartered oak and mahogany center and library tables, oak bookcase, birds-eye maple and mahogany bedroom suites, brass and iron beds, springs, mattresses, carpets, rugs, elegant quartered oak extension table and leather dining chairs, china, glassware, refrigerator, gas range, kitchen furniture, etc. Take Grand Avenue or Main Street cars.

C. M. STEVENS, Auctioneer.
Office 429 S. Spring St.

AUCTION.

If you wish to realize the highest price that can be obtained for your Household Goods, call at 429 S. Spring St. I will pay you cash for same or guarantee you price by auction.

C. M. STEVENS,
Auctioneer.

AUCTION.

Jewelry. 406 S. Spring St.

Thursday, Jan. 10, 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. We will sell the entire contents of the above store, consisting of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, etc., etc. Sale to continue until everything is disposed of as Mr. Suter goes out of business.

RHOADES & NACHMAN, Auctioneers.

Auction.

Wednesday, Jan. 9th, at 10 a.m., at our salesroom, 438 and 440 South Spring St. We will sell a full line of household goods consisting of bedroom sets, chairs, rockers, tables, stands, carpets, rugs, stoves, heaters, etc., etc.

RHOADES & NACHMAN, Auctioneers.

AUCTION Trustees Sale of Meyberg

Stock of Crockery and Glassware.
Daily 2 p.m. 343 S. SPRING ST.

Midwinter Number

—OF—

THE TIMES.

Contents--Authors and Subjects:

PART I—32 PAGES.

		PAGE.
Will E. Chapin	Illustrations.	
Eliza A. Otis	The New Century. Illustrated	1
The Times Staff	Editorials, Editorial Paragraphs	2-3
George W. Burton	Los Angeles City. Illustrated	4-5
	Where Our Population All Came From	10-11
	Cost of Living in Los Angeles	21
	Our Deep Sea Harbor	23
J. W. Jeffrey	Our Golden Fruit. Illustrated	6-7
	In the Orchard. Illustrated	8-9-10
	Nut Crop of Southern California	22
Eliza A. Otis, J. A. Johnson	Southern California Homes. Illustrated	12-13-14
T. S. Van Dyke	Out Door Life and Sports. Illustrated	15-16
	Deserts That May Blossom. Illustrated	23
Will E. Chapin	Characteristic Features of Southern California. Illustration	17
	One of Our Leading Products	27
Theodosia B. Shepherd	Flower Culture. Illustrated	18
A. Richardson	Mining. Illustrated	19-20
Harry Ellington Brook	The California Fresh Air Cure	24
	"One Cent a Word"	29
Eliza A. Otis	Social and Home Life in Los Angeles	25
	Advertisements	11-21-28-29-30-31-32

PART II—32 PAGES.

Will E. Chapin	Illustrations.	
J. A. Johnson	The Farm and the Farmer. Illustrated	33-34-35
T. S. Van Dyke	Irrigation. Illustrated	36-37
	Across the Line—Lower California and Sonora. Illustrated	39
George W. Burton	Marketing our Fruits and Vegetables. Illustrated	38
	The Counties of Southern California Described. Illustrated	44
	Los Angeles County	44
J. W. Jeffrey	Southern California Fruit Exchange and Associations. Illustrated	39-40-41-42
Times Correspondents	Towns of Los Angeles County	45-46-47-50
E. S. Wallace	Orange County and Its Brilliant Prospects	51
W. S. Gilmore	Riverside County and Its Flourishing Cities	51-52
	The Great County of San Bernardino and Its Cities	52-53
J. A. Whitmore	Picturesque and Prosperous County of Ventura	53
F. K. Maulsby	Santa Barbara County and the City by the Sea	53-54
—— Simpson	San Diego, the Most Southerly County	54-55
W. M. John	San Luis Obispo County	55
C. P. Fox	Kern County	55-56
A. M. Doty	Tulare County in the Heart of the San Joaquin	56
J. H. Edgar	Fresno County and Its Flourishing County Seat	56
Times Correspondent	Inyo County a Californian Terra Incognita	56
J. H. McClintock	Arizona's Record of Notable Progress. Illustrated	57-58
T. B. Merry	A Rival of Kentucky	60
L. Douglas Sovereign	Petroleum. Illustrated	62-63
	Advertisements	43-59-61-64

PART III—32 PAGES.

Harry Ellington Brook	Some Big Products of the Soil and Big Yields per Acre	67
	A Glance at the City of Los Angeles Half a Century Ago. Illustrated	71
G. W. Burton	The open Door to the Orient	66
	The San Pedro, Los Angeles and Salt Lake Railroad	67
	Los Angeles as a Manufacturing Center	69
	Openings for Industrious People With Small Capital	70
T. S. Van Dyke	How to See Southern California	68
T. B. Merry	Food Fish Found in Southern California Waters	72
Henry Leonard Graham	Birds of the Pines	74
Dwight Kempton	"Moonlighting"	75
Kate Greenleaf Locke	The House Beautiful	76
George Wellman	A Grubstake	78
Staff Contributors	Good Short Stories	80
	The Development of the Great Southwest	82
	Fraternal Organizations. Illustrated	90
Jose de Oliveras	Lima Bean Industry	81
W. E. Smythe	The Morning of the Irrigation Century	85
Dock Soper	A New Year Story	87
J. A. Johnson	The Beet Sugar Industry in Southern California	94
	Advertisements—	77-78-79-83-84-86-87-88-89-90-91-92-93-94-95-96

If made up in ordinary book form it would make nearly 400 pages.

PRICE 10 CENTS PER COPY.

Edition de Luxe

Early in January a limited edition of this Midwinter Number will be published in more costly style, the printing on superior book paper, with fine ink, and by slow and careful processes, so as to secure the best possible results. The aim will be to make an improvement of 100 per cent. in the letterpress and 300 per cent. in the illustrations.

This magnificent publication is an epitome of the leading features of the Great Southwest, and equals in volume the contents of two good-sized books. The three parts will be bound in an attractive cover, printed in colors, and the whole will make a unique, attractive and valuable work, suitable for preservation.

The price of this elegant issue of the Midwinter Number will be 35 cents a copy, mailed to any address; postage 4 cents. As the edition will be limited, orders for copies should be given at the counter or mailed early, accompanied by the money. Agents supplied. Address

The Times-Mirror Company

TIMES BUILDING, LOS ANGELES, CAL.

THE TIMES-MIRROR COMPANY.

H. G. OTIS.....President and General Manager.
HARRY CHANDLER.....Vice-President and Assistant General Manager.
MARIAN OTIS-CHANDLER....Secretary. ALBERT McFARLAND....Treasurer.

PUBLISHERS OF

The Los Angeles Times

Daily, Weekly, Sunday, and Weekly Magazine. Vol. 39. No. 27. Founded Dec. 4, 1881. Twentieth Year.

NEWS SERVICE:—Full reports of the new Associated Press, covering the globe; from 18,000 to 20,000 words transmitted daily over more than 20,000 miles of leased wires.

TERMS:—Daily and Sunday, including Magazine Section, 75 cents a month, or $9.00 a year; Daily without Sunday, $7.50 a year; Sunday, $2.50; Magazine only, $2.50; Weekly, $1.50.

SWORN CIRCULATION:—Daily net average for 1896, 18,891; for 1897, 19,888; for 1898, 26,131; for 1899, 33,731; for 1900, 36,738.

TELEPHONES:—Counting Room and Subscription Department, first floor, Press 1; City Editor and local news room, Press 9.

AGENTS:—Eastern Agents, Williams & Lawrence, Nos. 81-82 Tribune Building, New York; 87 Washington street, Chicago. Washington Bureau, 46 Post Building.

Offices: Times Building, First and Broadway.

Entered at the Los Angeles Postoffice for transmission as mail matter of the second class

PRICES AND POSTAGE OF THE MIDWINTER NUMBER.

The postage on the three Magazine sheets, mailed together, is 4 cents. The following table shows the prices of the Midwinter Number when sold over The Times counter:

	Without postage.
Single copies	$ .10
2 copies	.20
3 "	.25
4 "	.33
6 "	.50
9 "	.75
12 "	1.00

The weight of the three Magazine parts is 13 ounces. The weight of the complete paper, including new sheets, is 22 ounces. Postage on this issue will be 6 cents when all the parts are mailed together. If the news sheets are not included the postage will be 4 cents.

THE ROCHESTER HORROR.

Again the telegraph brings us a terrible story of death in the flames. The burning of the orphan asylum at Rochester, N. Y., with the loss of from twenty-five to thirty lives, and the injuring of as many more persons, is a most serious calamity. The fact that the fire broke out in the night added to the horror of the scene, and was doubtless responsible in part for the heavy loss of life. That the victims were mostly children is also a pitiable feature of the calamity. If the inmates had been adults, a larger proportion of them would probably have been saved, as they would have been better able to take care of themselves than were the young children, some of whom were hardly beyond the age of infancy.

Is it not about time that all buildings designed for public uses, where large numbers of persons are to be gathered together under one roof, should be made fireproof, or as nearly so as it is possible for human skill to make them? The first cost would probably be considerably enhanced by so doing; but that would be a minor consideration as compared to the danger from fire to which the inmates are exposed under the present system of construction. Wood can be so treated that it is practically fireproof, and it would seem to be a very good plan to provide by law that all wood used in the construction of public buildings shall be so treated. So far as possible, the use of wood should be avoided in the construction of public buildings. Brick and stone and iron and steel are excellent building materials, and structures built of such materials are more substantial than those built of wood.

It appears that the Rochester fire was caused by the explosion of the boiler used for generating the steam which heated the buildings. This boiler, it seems, was in the basement of one of the wings. The placing of this steam boiler in the basement was obviously bad practice. It should have been placed in a small, detached building, far enough from the main building to avoid all danger from fire to the main structure in case the boiler-house should burn or the boiler explode.

There are public buildings without number in the United States, and throughout the world, which are as dangerous as the one recently destroyed at Rochester. Occasionally, when the world experiences a thrill of horror at some terrible calamity like the burning of the Rochester asylum, there is talk of reform in the methods of construction. But the accident is soon forgotten, and the world goes on building death-traps for human beings to be slaughtered in. There will probably be no practical reform in this matter until legislative bodies take hold of it and prohibit, by statute, the erection of any buildings, for public purposes, which are not as nearly fireproof as human ingenuity can make them.

EXPORTS AND IMPORTS.

From a table just issued by the National Bureau of Statistics, it appears that our total exports for the year 1900 amounted to $1,465,000,000, while our imports aggregated $835,000,000, an excess of exports over imports of $640,000,000. This is an increase of nearly $200,000,000 in the value of exports over those of any preceding year. It is an increase of about 50 per cent. over the exports of 1890. The total imports for 1900, however, are only slightly in excess of those of 1890.

The total value of exports for 1899 amounted to $1,275,499,671, and the imports aggregated $798,845,571, showing a balance of trade in our favor of $476,654,100 for that year. For 1898 the figures were: Exports, $1,255,646,266; imports, $634,964,448; balance of trade, $620,581,818.

The products of agriculture still lead in the list of articles exported, the total value of agricultural exports being $890,000,000 for 1900; $762,105,048 for 1899, and $851,915,762 for 1898. Next in importance to agricultural exports come exports of manufactures, and these have shown a remarkable increase during the past three years. The total exports of manufactured products amounted in value to $307,924,994, in 1898; $380,787,891 in 1899, and to $445,000,000 in 1900. This increase of over $137,000,000 in the value of our exports of manufactured products within a period of three years is significant. It furnishes incontrovertible and undoubted proof of the progress which we are making in the conquest of the world's markets. At the present rate of progress, it is only a question of time when our exports of manufactured products will exceed our exports of agricultural products, which now reach well up toward the billion-dollar mark.

The wonderful progress of the United States in world-commerce is strikingly illustrated when it is compared with that of the leading European nations. The foreign commerce of Great Britain has increased only about 40 per cent. during the last twenty-five years. That of Germany, notwithstanding the extraordinary efforts that have been made to extend it, has shown an increase during the same period of less than 50 per cent. France has not increased her foreign trade to any appreciable extent for twenty-five years; while the United States, within that period, has increased her foreign trade by nearly 200 per cent.

The United States has been steadily moving forward to the first place among the nations in respect to the volume of her foreign trade. We have at last gained the lead as regards exports, having passed Great Britain, our principal rival, by about $7,000,000 in 1900. British exports were $35,000,000 in excess of ours in 1899. In 1894 her exports exceeded ours by something like $250,000,000.

There is no reason to fear that anything will occur to check our progress during the next few years. If maintained, it will soon place us in an unchallenged and unrivaled position as the first nation on earth, not alone in the matter of foreign trade, but in all the requisites that go to make up a nation's greatness. The people were wise in voting at the recent election in favor of the continuance of policies and conditions which have brought about this marvelous progress.

EXPOSITIONS AND EXHIBITIONS.

Those great shows known variously here and abroad as "exhibitions," "expositions" or "world's fairs," have expanded greatly since, in 1851, the first great enterprise of the kind that the world had ever seen was opened in Hyde Park, London, by the Prince Consort, a great and good man, who would have graced any sphere of life, and who fondly imagined that the inauguration of this big show would mark the beginning of a new era of peace. Since then the world has seen many and far larger expositions, on both sides of the Atlantic, but none, surely, in a more picturesque structure than the big glass building designed by Paxton in a moment of inspiration.

These thoughts are inspired by description of the great preparations that are being made for the World's Fair to be held in 1903 at St. Louis, a city which at the time of the first great exposition was out in the "wild West." The fair is to celebrate the anniversary of the Louisiana Purchase, a feat of American statesmanship which added enormously to the area and wealth of the United States, at what we should now consider a nominal cost, and a step which would undoubtedly have been savagely denounced by the "anti-imperialists," had they been living in those days—which, fortunately, they were not. At the recent election in Missouri, the State constitutional amendment authorizing the city to issue $5,000,000 of bonds for the fair carried by an overwhelming majority. This, with subscriptions, and the grant of the general government, gives the management a minimum of $15,000,000 with which to begin the work. The whole investment may eventually reach double that amount. This is far more than any world's fair heretofore held has had available, and under proper management the result should be grand. In fact, with the experience of previous fairs at her command, and such an immense sum of money to start with, St. Louis should be able to eclipse anything in the line of expositions that has yet been seen.

Then there is the coming Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo, this year, which promises to be worth a long trip to see. Both here and at the St. Louis show we may be sure that Southern California will be fully and worthily represented, for our people have learned the value of such advertising, when properly done, and are fortunate in having the services of those who can and will do it properly. The displays made by Southern California at Chicago, and Atlanta, and San Francisco, and Omaha, are still talked of by those who attended those expositions from all over the Union, and results of the displays are still showing up, in the shape of letters of inquiry and new arrivals.

As in everything else, there is a way how to do it and a way not to do it in making displays for a locality on these occasions. A little money may be made to go a long way, or a large amount of money may be made to disappear very rapidly. It all depends—depends, for instance, to a great extent upon whether more attention is devoted to a display of products in an exhibit hall, or to the dispensing of potables in a reception-room. The Southern California displays at the places named have been examples of the former style, while the California State exhibit at Paris furnishes a brilliant example of the latter, as conducted on the principle that "the French people want to be amused, not instructed." That they were amused at the doings of the California commission in Paris we have no doubt—those of them who were not disgusted.

We are likely to have plenty of particulars in regard to the doings of this odoriferous body, now that the two belligerent representatives of the State have returned home. Possibly the Legislature may see fit to look into the matter. It would not be amiss. As the affair stands, it is a dirty mess, and a disgrace to the State. One of the commissioners has been hinting that he "fixed" the jury of awards to favor his California friends. Medals containing less than $10 worth of gold are said to have been sold for $120 apiece, with charges in proportion for the other medals, leaving a big "rake-off" for somebody. The scandalous doings at the California headquarters, culminating in a fist fight between two commissioners—Truman and Foote—have been published all over the world, and must have given many strangers an erroneous impression in regard to the people of this State. It is said that the miserable squabble between these two commissioners originated before they reached Paris, in a difference between the women of the party, and kept on growing until the Parisians were afforded the edifying spectacle of two Californians blackening each other's eyes and reputations.

Our shows have been expositions. The Paris affair, so far as California is concerned, was an "exhibition"—an exhibition of exceedingly bad taste, of incompetency, and perhaps of even worse.

After half a century of cartooning, Sir John Tenniel retires from the staff of Punch. Since he was undoubtedly the whole thing, it is a matter of some curiosity how Punch is going to get along with no Sir John Tenniel.

Russia is not yet in the new century. She is thirteen days behind. It will seem rather queer to see a big procession of Russians come hiking through the gates about thirteen days after the millennium, won't it?

If Mr. Bryan is tempted to try the efficacy of this new salt elixir on his dead campaign issues, we beg to inform him that the world's supply of salt is too limited for such a stupendous undertaking.

A New York mail robber overlooked $1600 and secured but 13 cents; however, New York thieves are not in the habit of making foolish blunders like this one.

The United States' postal exhibit received the grand prize and the gold medal over the exhibits of all other nations. Swell up, Uncle Sam, swell up!

Pat Crowe is in danger of having his head turned, considering the frenzied zeal with which some people desire to meet him.

There ought to be special lunatic asylums made for high divers and six-day bicycle racers.

The barbers of Seattle gave a ball the other night. Doubtless they had a slashing good time.

TO OUR LITTLE ONE.

[At "The Bivouac" on the morning of January 8, 1901, a baby girl was born to Mrs. Mabel Otis Booth, wife of Franklin Booth and daughter of Gen. and Mrs. Harrison Gray Otis.]

At early dawn, soft floating on the blue,
I saw a white cloud drifting low and fair,
I wonder, Baby, could it have been you—
Your little sinless soul astir,
Seeking some cunning shape to call your own—
Bright eyes and rosy fingers, pink-tipped toes,
Sweet face and tiny arms, and shining hair,
And perfect limbs? Ah, Baby sweet! Daughter
Of this bright clime, born in the lap
Of Nature's royal beauty, where God's crown
Is set on all things, may your life
Be like the glory of the world about you,
Fair ever as the beauty of these vernal fields,
Sweet as the fragrance that the roses yield,
Pure as the perfect lily's bloom,
Which fills the air with rich perfume.
Baby, we bid you welcome.

ELIZA A. OTIS.

UNVEILED.

O bright, sweet world! we never knew thy grace
Until the veil fell from Love's dreaming face!
Then all was bright:—
Lo! the wide world is Light!—
To sorrow, Silence! and a last good-night!

—[Frank Stanton in Atlanta Constitution.

EVENTS IN SOCIETY.

A lull rests upon Los Angeles society which has been in such a whirl for the most part of the winter, but the last of this week the usual activity will be revived. Thursday evening Mr. and Mrs. William Watson Lovett of Orchard avenue will give a large card party in honor of Mr. Lovett's mother, who is visiting them from Detroit, Mich. Dr. and Mrs. William L. Graves of South Figueroa street will entertain with a dancing party at their home Friday evening, complimentary to Miss Witherspoon of Louisville, Ky., and Miss Nordecar of Fresno, who are their guests for a few weeks. Among the delightful affairs planned for next week is a card party to be given by Mrs. C. C. Parker Wednesday afternoon at her home on Orchard avenue, and on Thursday evening Dr. and Mrs. West Hughes will entertain with cards at their home on South Flower street.

Birthday Anniversary.

Mr. and Mrs. P. H. O'Neil entertained a number of young people Sunday evening at their home on West Thirty-eighth street, in celebration of the birthday anniversary of their son, George O'Neil. The rooms were artistically decorated with smilax, red and white carnations and ferns. The guests were entertained with games. Those present were: Mary Chamberlain, Margaret Chamberlain, Elsie King, Tiny Scherer, Lou Scherer, Babe Scherer, John King, Walter Smith, Sam Scherer, Francis Sawyer, Hubert O'Neil.

Morley-Ewald.

Miss Dorris F. Ewald and James F. Morley, both of Los Angeles, will be married at noon today at the home of the bride's mother in Redlands. The young people are well known in Los Angeles, where they have a large number of friends. After a trip to San Francisco they will return to Los Angeles, where they will make their future home.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Brode announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Hilda Brode, to Oscar Lawler.

Thirty couples attended the dancing party given by the Tuesday Evening Cotilion Club in Kramer's Hall yesterday evening.

Miss Amy Steinman has returned to the city after a visit of five months in Oregon, Washington and San Francisco.

Dr. John McGarry has returned from the New York post-graduate hospital and will start in practice with Dr. Joseph Kurtz.

Misses Gertrude, Nettie and Pauline Klaus and Miss Gibson, who compose the Klaus Orchestra, have returned from an extended eastern visit and are again located at the Arcadia Hotel, Santa Monica.

THE MIDWINTER NUMBER.

"A Fine Production."

[Monrovia Messenger:] The Los Angeles Times' Midwinter Edition last Sunday morning was a fine production—a publication that is deserving of a wide circulation.

"Orange County."

[Head-lines in the Orange County Herald:] "A Splendid Descriptive Article from The Los Angeles Times—Resources of the County Entertainingly Set Forth—Its Unparalleled Progress the Past Year—Santa Ana's Advantages and Her Desire for Factories." The following excellent article, descriptive of Orange county, we clip from the New Year's Number of The Los Angeles Times. It is a conservative, reliable sketch, and will do our county much good. [Extract follows.]

Expansion.

[San Jacinto Register:] The Times is expanding wonderfully, both in circulation and in facilities for handling the immense business which is the natural result.

"One of the Most Complete."

[Chino Valley Champion:] The Midwinter Number of The Los Angeles Times is one of the most complete descriptive numbers ever issued by a newspaper in Southern California. It is profusely illustrated, also, with superior plates.

SPECIAL EDITIONS.

The Rocky Mountain News.

The New Year's Number of the Rocky Mountain News is a notable edition, containing extensive reviews of the increase of business and wealth in the various counties of the State, together with many special articles on local and general interests. Especially important is a two-page article on the possibilities of the arid tracts of the West under irrigation. The whole edition is rich in half-tones, many of them reproducing mountain views of the State.

The Denver Republican.

The forty-page New Year's edition of the Denver Republican is a thoroughly representative issue, giving the reader a birdseye view of the growth of Colorado's prosperity during the last year of the century, and presenting the history of some important industries from their inception. The mining interests of the State receive especial attention, and the beet-sugar industry is treated in detail, with statistics regarding the yield of the various sections now engaged in beet cultivation. The issue is a thoroughly up-to-date piece of journalism.

The Brooklyn Eagle.

The Brooklyn Eagle began the year with what is certainly one of the most unique and universally interesting newspaper editions ever issued, full, as it is, of forecasts for the present century from the pen of specialists. Dr. H. W. Wiley, chief chemist of the Department of Agriculture, contributes an article on chemistry in the next century; Dr. Edward W. Parker, statistician of the mineral division of the United States Geological Survey, contributes one on the use of metals during the coming hundred years; Dr. Hugh M. Smith of the United States Fish Commission, writes on the coming fish culture; B. T. Galloway, director of plant industry of the United States Department of Agriculture, writes on the future use of plants for food; Perry S. Heath, secretary of the Republican National Committee, prophesies the coming greatness of the United States in the century beginning; H. O. Rittenhouse, Commander, U.S.N. (retired,) writes of the future of the white race as a whole; William T. Harris, United States Commissioner of Education, tells what education is to do for the slums, and in the purification of politics; Postmaster-General Charles Emory Smith suggests that mail by pneumatic tubes is a future possibility for all houses; H. Clay Evans, Commissioner of Pensions, writes of the probable pension rolls of the century; John R. Proctor, United States Civil Service Commissioner, forecasts the growth of the civil-service system; F. H. Newell, Chief of the Division of Hydrography, has an article especially interesting to Californians on the reclamation of arid lands; and there are a large number of other articles of a similar nature by men of eminence—making the edition one that ought to have the widest circulation.

PROF. BURTON ON RUSKIN.

The Second Lecture of the University Extension Course Delivered at Blanchard Hall Last Evening.

The second lecture of the university extension course was given last evening at Blanchard Hall by Prof. Richard Burton of the University of Minnesota. The house was not large. Commenting on this fact, President C. C. Davis of the Board of Education expressed his regret and surprise.

Prof. Burton spoke upon the life and works of John Ruskin. He said:

"When John Ruskin died, about a year ago, he was a prophet fallen on evil days. When we look back at him as he was at the zenith of his career, and compare the position he held then with that which he held at his death in the estimation of the world, we cannot wonder that he died, not merely wrecked in body, but also broken in mind. He died an embittered, wretchedly unhappy man, with the word 'failure' branded on his brow, in his own opinion. In his career, in the altered attitude of the public toward him during the last years of his life, it seems to me we find the touchstone of the change in artistic ideals between the year '60 and the present year of grace.

"In recalling the forces that molded the character of Ruskin, we need to remember, first of all, that he was a Scotchman. He had a distinct Celtic strain in his blood, and in my opinion much of his life and work is to be explained by this fact.

"Another fact not to be overlooked in studying the development of his mind is that he was a mother's boy. Even when he went down to Oxford University his mother went with him, and we find that, unlike many modern boys, he was glad to have her go, and did not wish her to leave him.

"Through his mother, too, another formative influence was brought to bear upon his character. She forced him every day, from early years, to read a chapter of the Bible; and in reckoning the influences that made him the greatest master of English prose, this is not to be left out of account. He himself reckoned it the most potent force in his training.

"Let us remember, too, that Ruskin had the inestimable privilege of a beautiful home in the country. From his early associations with nature he acquired that aversion to the city which undoubtedly at times made him unfair to city life.

"When we come to his college career, we hear much of his ill health. He broke down in the midst of the course and was obliged to go to Italy to recuperate. He was always a man of delicate physique, subject to attacks of illness, and this, I think, accounts for much in his life and work. Great as was his genius, it showed at times a hectic touch, even occasionally a suggestion of the pathologic.

"The fact that his father was in easy circumstances and that he was, from his earliest years, surrounded by an atmosphere of culture, was favorable to the development of his artistic bent. On the death of his father he inherited a fortune of half a million dollars, and where was it all when he died? Gone. Given away in doing good to his fellow-man. As a social reformer he was undoubtedly at his weakest. His philanthropic schemes may be easily ridiculed or picked to pieces by logic. Yet there was in them a deep and warm love of his fellow-man, and their chief defect lies in the fact that he judged others by himself, and thought them better than they were. Were all maids as pure and all men as high-thoughted as he believed, we should not have long to wait for the millennium. Ruskin began his art career by crying up the little groups of English pre-Raphaelites, in whom he saw the coming of realism. But they were not realists; they were idealists and poets, like himself; and the man he worshiped most of all—Turner—was the greatest idealist and mystic England ever produced. This was in keeping with Ruskin's belief and teaching: 'Let the painter paint, but let him also dream.'

"The modern spirit of art is all contradictory of such a point of view. 'Art for art's sake' is the motto of the French school. According to it there are three things necessary to the artist: (1.) Technique; (2.) technique; (3.) technique. Whistler asserts that such things as love and patriotism are outside art. The new school of realism says it is as great to paint a dunghill as to paint an angel, so you do it well. To Ruskin, on the contrary, art was the creation of the beautiful in the service of God.

"This raises the old question whether art has anything to do with ethics. To my mind it is the human touch in Ruskin that makes him great. In him you draw near to man and nature, with God over all."

ALL ALONG THE LINE.

Redding wants free mail delivery.

Grape culture is receiving more attention around Visalia than heretofore.

Beefsteak is a luxury in San Bernardino, the price having jumped up again.

The Southern Pacific Company wants a right-of-way from San Bernardino to Colton.

A San Francisco man was arrested and sent to jail on the day of his wedding.

The saloons of Needles were closed last Sunday for the first time in the history of the town.

A race at Bakersfield between a pair of horses attached to a buggy and an automobile was won by the "mobe."

Alpheus Stewart, 10 years old, of Clements, killed a coyote weighing seventy-five pounds, with a 22-caliber rifle.

The Long Beach dog catcher is "up against it." Some one breaks into his corral and turns the dogs loose as fast as they are captured.

A proposition is under consideration to consolidate the California and Encinal yacht clubs and build a new clubhouse at Oakland.

J. H. Wildes of Oakland, who for over forty years had been the chief draughtsman in the office of the Surveyor-General of the State, is dead.

The bed of Tulare Lake, which has been dry for a long time, bids fair to fill up again, as Kings River is running a large volume of water into it.

A San José woman struck a policeman on the mouth because he requested her not to block the sidewalk at a Salvation Army meeting. She was arrested.

Workmen at Keswick, while excavating in the public street, found four skeletons huddled together, and a large number of Indian arrow points near by.

Principal E. Z. Hughes of Stockton has been giving his attention to exploring parts of San Joaquin county for relics of the early aborigines. He has made numerous finds.

A Berkeley hunter took his dog in a canvas canoe and went out for ducks. The dog scratched a hole through the sides of the boat and the hunter was compelled to swim for his life.

Anaheim residents are the most progressive thus far of any town or city in the State. They have taken time by the forelock and are preparing for a celebration of the coming Fourth of July.

HAUNTS AND HABITS OF THE WILD TURKEY.

BIG BIRDS FOUND IN THE MOGOLLON MOUNTAINS.

Range of the Wild Turkeys Used to be from Mexico to Canada—They are Swift Runners and Shy of Man—Care of Their Wounded.

[Washington Post:] When the learned and pious Fra Agapida, confessor and historian to Cortes, returned to Spain from his first visit to Mexico, he wrote a brief narrative of the marvelous things and the wonders that came to his notice during his visit to the New World. He dilated upon the abundance of fine food fish in the American waters and spoke most appreciatively of the venison and of a variety of "wild cattle" (meaning undoubtedly the bison) "which were hunted for food; and their flesh is very good, too," adds the good father. "There is also a bird, much greater in bigness than the peacock, that is found within the forests and vegas (meadows) all over this country. It surpasses as food any wild bird we have found up to this time. The natives do shoot these birds with arrows and catch them in various kinds of springs and snares. They can fly, but prefer to run, which they can do with exceeding swiftness."

This is the first introduction of the wild turkey to history. Fra Agapida probably had in mind the wild turkey of Arizona when he wrote of it, weighing as much as 30 pounds. There is a wild turkey in that country which frequently reaches that weight, and the writer once shot one in the Mogollon Mountains in Arizona that came nearer weighing 40 pounds than 30. My Apache helper and guide declared he had seen wild turkeys in the mountain range mentioned that would easily have weighed 40 pounds and our party were all inclined to credit his statements. Certainly Arizona, besides its nine-foot rattlers, three inches thick, and its wealth of scorpion and tarantula life, grows the largest game birds of certain kinds that are known to our continent.

The range of the wild turkey once extended from Mexico to Arizona northward as far as the present State of Michigan, and even into the province of Ontario. Turkeys were particularly abundant and of a fine size in Tennessee and Kentucky and the contiguous states 100 years ago and are still to be found in these states and also in parts of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio in tolerables profusion, considering how they have been hunted, in season and out, by Indians as well as white men, for the past 100 years. In fact, it is the highest possible compliment to the wild turkey's intelligence that it exists at all.

A RAID ON BUCKWHEAT.

Did you ever sit unseen and watch a flock of a hundred wild turkeys devastate a mountaineer's patch of buckwheat or corn? Strategy equal to any exhibited by two-legged animals without feathers is developed on an occasion of this sort. Such a raid is a matter for much discussion among the fathers and more especially the mothers of the attacking party. A skirmish line made up of a dozen old and wary hens usually makes the first reconnoisance. They approach the premises and fly upon the fence with the greatest circumspection, each holding itself in readiness to run for its life, crying "Quit, quit!" at every jump upon the slightest occasion for alarm. A turkey much prefers running to flying, and there is good reason for it. It can run with great swiftness and for long distances without much fatigue, but flying is an unnatural method of motion, and it never resorts to it save under the extreme stress of sudden emergencies, some occasions requiring that it put as great distance between itself and the object of its dread or its enemy as possible.

The extreme northern and eastern habitat of the wild turkey, in the country's early history, has never been clearly defined. Wilson, one of the earliest and most accurate hunter-naturalists, thinks it ranged as far east as the western borders of Connecticut, but he gives no reason for his faith. The early chronicles of New England do, indeed, mention turkey, but there is no proof that it was the wild bird. There were a few, but never in abundance, of wild turkeys in western New York, but they seem to have disappeared about the beginning of the American Revolution.

The wild turkey varies greatly in size and other desirable qualities, according to its geographical distribution. It is never a cold-weather bird, and it greatly dislikes a region of continued frost and heavy snows; indeed, after two or three cold winters, with deep snow accompaniments, the turkeys will forsake an otherwise congenial region where they have lived and thrived for many years. The most intelligent sportsmen and hunter-naturalists of Michigan and Wisconsin account for the abandonment of those sections by the wild turkey upon this theory, and it has a strong degree of plausibility. Heavy snows render it very difficult for these huge birds to obtain their food—and they require a great deal of heat-producing food. This accounts for their partiality for Indian corn and other cereals, and in the South for oil-producing nuts, such as those from the beech tree; but above all the wild food with which nature furnishes it the turkey most delights in the Southern pecan.

DAINTY FOOD.

In Louisiana and Texas, in particular, and also along nearly all the river bottoms of Arkansas, Alabama, and Mississippi (with a few in Southern Missouri) there are great quantities of pecan trees of magnificent size, and bearing the true paper-shell pecan, a nut one can crack between the thumb and finger. These nuts attain a size and length scarcely to be credited by those who have seen only the thick-shelled nut of the West that one needs a hammer to crack. Two or three times I have seen groves of these royal trees over 100 feet in height with the nuts lying two or three inches thick on the ground under them after high wind had followed two or three light frosts; but not for long do they lie in this luxuriant profusion. The deer seem to know when and where the pecan nuts are lying thickest, and the bears are also pecan eaters. The wild turkeys then have their richest feast. They can swallow the small pecans whole, and the gizzard or some other part of the stomach cracks the nut. After a feast of pecans, followed by a dessert of the little frost grape which grows in profusion in the forests of the States mentioned and becomes sweet and palatable to beast, bird and man after the first frost, the great gobblers majestically and with some labor fly up into the branches of a big tree, where, 70 or 80 feet from the ground they can peacefully sleep without fear of their great enemy, man.

Turkeys are gregarious. They like to live, feed, roam, and roost together, but in every section where these birds are at all numerous there are two or three bands of what the hunters of those regions call "old bachelor gobblers." They seem to be the reverend, grave and noble seigneurs of their kind who have discharged the functional duties in the propagation of their kind in their earlier youth, have discarded domestic duties and determined to go it alone. That they are of mature years is proved by their well-developed spurs, and that they have had a vast amount of experience is sworn to by gunners who have failed to capture them.

CARE FOR THEIR

The late Hiram P[illegible] head chief of the Ch[illegible] university man, an [illegible]cian, a crack shot, a [illegible] traveled and acco[illegible] the foremost and mos[illegible]ter-naturalists of his [illegible] an Indian chief, told [illegible]thing about the wild [illegible] said he had often seen [illegible] badly injured, or so [illegible] not take care of [illegible] entourage will in time [illegible] procure food for it, and [illegible] shelter where their w[illegible] master may safely tak[illegible] his wounds are healed.

This exhibits the tru[illegible] most interesting [illegible] been known that birds [illegible] that remain paired [illegible] fight most fiercely for [illegible] occasion. One of the [illegible] conducted personal w[illegible] witnessed was years a[illegible] kota between the mo[illegible] trumpeter swan (C[illegible] and a young and [illegible] prairie wolf that cov[illegible] bird. The injured [illegible] somewhere by one o[illegible] BB shot, and fell sh[illegible] yards from a lake (bu[illegible] lslands. After its fal[illegible] bird seemed to recu[illegible] slowly toward the [illegible] dering coyote dash[illegible] dently it was the wa[illegible] hurt. Its mate pre[illegible] front of her spouse, [illegible] neck and lowered her[illegible] truder a blow across [illegible] must have made its e[illegible] gaged the wolf vigo[illegible] lord to push on to [illegible] once afloat, all the w[illegible] could not have caught [illegible] bird managed to reach [illegible] when he was about to [illegible] shore Madame Cy[illegible] an extra peck and a [illegible] wing that sounded l[illegible] club, and sailing [illegible] her lord, who reached [illegible] and was safe.

FOE TO GRA[illegible]

As I have said, the [illegible] turkey varies as the [illegible] growth and livelihood [illegible] able or unfavorable [illegible] highest development [illegible] cal condition about [illegible] year. I once grew a [illegible] from a clutch of [illegible] nest we found in the [illegible] brakes back of my [illegible] had them placed [illegible] and she hatched [illegible] which I found had [illegible] The young birds [illegible] tract surrounded [illegible] wife of which was [illegible] sleep and be sheltered [illegible] of sufficient size [illegible] yards. The grass [illegible] particularly abundant [illegible] eating up my corn [illegible] had these 14 turk[illegible] with a lot of grown [illegible] hens, and the detach[illegible] lawn of hoppers as [illegible] swept over it. Wh[illegible] of the far South [illegible] some, all the planter [illegible] turn his flock of tu[illegible] they were, and the [illegible] the nuisance.

COFFEE AN[illegible]

Coffee and cakes,
(And the bright eyes [illegible]
I.
What joys are in wa[illegible]
has the tellin'!
Coffee and cakes and [illegible]
of Helen!
The rustle of silver[illegible]
The light of her [illegible]
Of her face
Where the bright [illegible]
A blessing that day fr[illegible]
was upwellin'—
Coffee and cakes, and [illegible]
of Helen!
II.
Who'd think that a [illegible]
in the dust,
And the darkness of [illegible]
God for a crust,
Would e'er o'er a [illegible]
the grace
Of the light of thine [illegible]
of that face,
Where such rose-[illegible]
Ah, what is in store [illegible]
the tellin'—
Coffee and cakes, and [illegible]
of Helen!
III.
Was ever such a [illegible]
bright minute
Had silvery ripples of [illegible]
in it!
All the joys of a [illegible]
merged in an hour
Of light and of joy, [illegible]
shower,
And that face like a [illegible]
Forever and ever [illegible]
wellin'
For coffee and cakes, [illegible]
eyes of Helen!

—[Frank Stanton in A[illegible] tution.

Small Musical Instrume[illegible]

And GOOD instruments [illegible] prices. You can't go [illegible] store in this town [illegible] GOOD small instrument [illegible] price that we can [illegible] place we carry [illegible] instruments, and [illegible] place we are best [illegible] retail dealers. [illegible] command of prices [illegible] in selecting any [illegible] strumeats.

So. Calif[illegible] Music Co.
216-218 W. [illegible]
Bradbury Bl[illegible]

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN MEXICO?

WE ARE THINKING [illegible]
NING A CHEAP [illegible]
TO MEXICO ABOU[illegible]
1st. DO YOU [illegible]
THING ABOUT IT?
KNOW IF YOU DO.

E. W[illegible]

Santa Fe Agent
200 Spring Street.

Small Musical Instruments

And GOOD instruments
prices. You can't go to
store in this town and
GOOD small instrument
price that we ask. In
place we carry nothing
instruments, and in the
place we are both wholes
retail dealers, which gi
command of prices. T
in selecting any one of our
struments.

So. California Music Co.
216-218 W. TH
Bradbury Build

ARE YOU INTERESTED IN MEXICO?

WE ARE THINKING OF
NING A CHEAP EXC
TO MEXICO ABOUT
1st. DO YOU CARE
THING ABOUT IT?
KNOW IF YOU DO.

E. W.

Santa Fe Agent
200 Spring Street.

AID TO REST WITH HIGH HONORS.

MASONIC RITES PERFORMED OVER LATE BAILIFF APPEL.

Brother and Brethren Show Measure Their High Regard for a Fellow-Mason and Brother—Floral Tributes and Escort Band.

The high esteem in which the late Benjamin Appel was held in Masonry was attested yesterday by the honors shown him at his funeral. The obsequies, which were under Masonic auspices, were largely attended. The floral tributes were many and beautiful. The ceremonies were solemn and impressive, in keeping with the character of the man whose memory they extolled.

The body, which lay in state at Dexter's funeral parlors during the forenoon, was removed to Masonic Temple at 12 o'clock. Los Angeles Lodge No. 42, F. and A. M., was in session over the remains between the hour and 1 o'clock p.m. when they were then opened for the ceremonies.

The casket containing the remains was almost hidden from sight by the many floral pieces heaped upon it, conspicuous among the emblems an offering from the members of the police department, in the form of a large star formed of white flowers, with the number 2 in violet in the center, that being the number of the deceased policeman's badge on the force. Another beautiful piece was sent by the judges, clerks and prosecuting attorney of the Police Courts. There were also many beautiful offerings from members of the dead man's lodge and from personal friends.

Among the relatives who attended the funeral were Mrs. F. R. Soto of Willows, and Mrs. C. M. Renaud of Arizona, daughters of the deceased, and three sons, Horace H., Adolph and William Appel. Two sons-in-law, Mrs. Soto and Maj. Renaud, and one daughter-in-law, Mrs. Wilson, and several grandchildren of the deceased, were also present.

Among others who attended the obsequies were Police Justices Austin and Young, Deputy District Attorney Monroe, Police Court Clerks Stockwell and Powell, J. B. Campbell, stenographer of the Police Court; Chief of Police Auble, Capts. Roberts and Hess, Lieuts. of Detectives Bradish and Mowbray, Constables Cowles and Cooley; Sergts. Morton and Hess, and all of the patrolmen and members of the police force, except those on the afternoon watch. All were in dress uniform.

Sergt. Fitzgerald, who was instrumental in securing Mr. Appel's appointment to the police force in January, 1889, was at his home, where he had been confined for several days by illness, during the funeral. Mr. Appel was a friend of Judge Fitzgerald's and it was when the latter was elected District Judge in the fall of 1898 that Appel's appointment as bailiff of the jurist's high court was a reward of devotion to duty.

Many friends and citizens who knew and respected him for his many kindly bearing were also attendants at the funeral.

Capts. Auble, George, Romans, Davis, Roberts, Harris, Sheets and A. W. Hess, in full police uniform and wearing Masonic aprons acted as pallbearers. There was a full turn-out of members of Lodge No. 42 of which he had been a member for many years. Worshipful Master A. Young was in charge of the ceremonies, which were solemn and impressive.

The Fourth Regiment Military Band, playing mournful dirges, headed the procession. Then came the police colors draped in mourning and borne by Sergt. Berg. Chief of Police Elton, followed by Capts. Roberts and Hess, was next in line. A platoon of police, twenty in number, marching four abreast and commanded by Sergt. Morton came next, followed by a platoon of twenty-eight officers, four under command of Sergt. Williams and members of Los Angeles Lodge, No. 42, F. and A.M., in full regalia, followed the police escort, then the hearse bearing the remains, flanked by the eight police pallbearers. A long line of carriages bearing Masons and friends brought up the rear.

The line of march was down Hill to Fifth, to Broadway to Seventh, where the police and Masonic escorts boarded the electric cars for Rosedale Cemetery, arriving there ahead of the hearse.

The Masonic ritual for the dead was read at the grave, and the vetran Mason was laid to rest in the plot of his son, H. H. Appel.

The funeral was one of the largest ever held in Los Angeles in many days.

Mr. Appel made a will about a year ago, which has not yet been probated, but it is understood that in it he bequeaths his insurance of $1000 to the police pension fund, in trust, for his grandchildren, the child of his son, Adolph, a resident of Arizona, and the child of William Appel of Los Angeles. He left little beside his personal effects and his interest in most of the personal property, it is understood, will go to his son Adolph, who was unable to attend the funeral. The youngest son of the deceased, Henry, who lives at Arizona, was also unable to attend the funeral.

Mr. Appel, who has been acting as bailiff of the Police Court since Bailiff Hutton's illness and death, will probably be appointed permanently to the position. Police Officer Lenhausen has been mentioned in this connection. Court interpreters of the Portuguese language, which is one of the languages required of the bailiff.

GRAND JURY CHARGES.

Indictments Found by the United States Grand Jury, Owing to Lack of Evidence.

The United States grand jury adjourned yesterday without taking action against certain people of note, who had been hinted, were to be brought before the court upon charges of conspiracy. The charges considered, and, to determine the authority of the jury, two questions were propounded to Judge Olin by Foreman of the United States District Grand Jury. His Honor decides, in decisions rendered this afternoon, that the jury could not legally indict.

The indictments of the cases of the Consolidated Kern River Company against the Kern River Oil Company, filed September 5, Judge Ross stated that, from the reading of the affidavits filed in the case it was manifest that some of the defendants committed willful and deliberate perjury. He called the attention of the United States Attorney to the fact that the latter might bring the matter to the attention of the Grand Jury.

The matter was brought before the Grand Jury, and, before taking action, the body called upon Judge Ross for instruction. The first question was as to the jurisdiction of the matter of a conspiracy in the Northern District of California, and the United States grand jurors within the Southern District of California. The court replies that this offense does not consist of both the conspiracy and acts done to effect the object of the conspiracy, but the conspiracy alone. Judge Wellborn therefore answers the query in the negative.

The second question was in regard to the jury's course in the case where willful and false affidavits had been filed in a case, wherein the court of Southern California has no jurisdiction. His Honor finds, in this matter also, that the grand jury cannot indict. After quoting a number of authorities the court says:

"Another text writer has said: 'Jurisdiction essential—False swearing in a proceeding in a court which has no jurisdiction therefore cannot constitute perjury. There must be a tribunal so constituted as to be authorized to proceed in the case, and a matter under investigation before such tribunal which it is authorized to investigate. . . . There must be a proceeding pending in which the false testimony is given, and if it appears that jurisdiction thereof was not yet acquired, or had already been lost, there can be no perjury.' From the definition of perjury, as quoted and explained from and by the foregoing statute and authorities, it is clear and beyond doubt that, to constitute false swearing, in an affidavit made in the course of a judicial proceeding, the court must have jurisdiction of such proceeding.

"Applying this rule of law to the postulates assumed in your question, my conclusion is that since the affidavits to which you refer were used and designed for use in a suit of which the court was without jurisdiction, the persons making the affidavits, however great their moral delinquency, are not amenable to an indictment for perjury.

[Signed] "OLIN WELLBORN,
"Judge."

The grand jury adjourned after submitting its final report. Six indictments were found, only one of which was made public. In this case John Pjuck was indicted on a charge of setting fires in the San Bernardino reserve. He entered a plea of not guilty when arraigned, and will come up for trial Monday next.

In dismissing the grand jury, Judge Wellborn thanked the members for their painstaking work, adding his compliments.

THE WORLD ONE HUNDRED YEARS AGO.

[January 9, 1901.]

Indications now pointed to an amicable adjustment of the political differences in the United States Presidential muddle caused by the tying of Jefferson and Burr, the Republican candidates for President and Vice-President, with a vote of seventy-three in the electoral college. Settled that the House of Representatives was to make the choice and that Adams with sixty-five votes and Pinkney with sixty-four, the Federalists candidates, could not win, the more rabid Federalists who had suggested the election of Marshall or Jay to the Presidency as a compromise and party victory at the same time, began to see the wisdom of Hamilton's appeals in behalf of Jefferson as a man far better suited to the office than Burr, though both were of an opposing party. Streaks of light began to fall across the dark of the horizon of the young republic and by the time Congress took the matter out of the electoral college a full flood of sunshine was beaming on the nation. The Constitution, sorely tried, had passed through its baptism of fire. Civil war was averted. A better feeling pervaded all factions and the government at Washington still lived. On the seventh day of the balloting, February 17, the long anxiety was brought to an end and very happily. The Federalist Representative from Vermont absented himself and the two Federalists from Maryland put in blank ballots. Thus two States, a sufficient number, voted for Jefferson for President. No one had changed sides, but the result had been achieved not by apostate votes, but by the more agreeable process of absention. The recurrence of the danger was soon averted by an amendment providing that henceforth the electors should designate in their ballots their choice for President and Vice-President.

Burr was elected Vice-President, but unlike Jefferson, had come out of the fight with soiled hands, having been willing to acquire the Presidency by the foul means of a Federal alliance. He entered upon the duties of his office with neither the respect of his party nor that of the Federalists. Before his term was at an end he accepted the nomination of the Federalists for Governor of New York, and laying his defeat to the active work Alexander Hamilton did against him, he challenged the great American to a duel, which resulted in the latter's death. Burr, now thoroughly despised by nearly the entire nation, attempted to establish an independent empire in Northern Mexico, with himself as Emperor. Suspected of the design of trying to separate the country west of the Allegheny Mountains from the Union, he was arrested and taken to Richmond, Va., for trial, but his guilt not being proved he was acquitted.

The first horseless carriage (a father of the automobile later,) was successfully operated in Maryland by Oliver Evans, a mechanic. Several years prior to this, Evans had endeavored to secure patents in Pennsylvania on the application of steam to land carriages, but failed. He then sent drawings to England, but the same incredulity met it there. Thoroughly disgusted at this lack of appreciation of ingenuity, he worked the machine on highways a few days, and then made use of it in connection with his flour mill. It was the first engine constructed on the high-pressure principle. Evans now turned his attention to a steam dredging machine, which he made to also propel itself on land. Had everybody not believed Evans's inventions too absurd to merit consideration, the world might have had railway trains twenty-five years earlier and automobiles nearly a century before they did.

Big improvements in bridge building were made. The bridge erected by Telford at Craigellachie over the Spey, at the beginning of the century, showed a great advance in the conception of what was the safest form in which to apply cast iron to an arch.

Sir John More, the only English general to gain lasting fame by the conduct of a retreat, in which he outwitted Napoleon in the winter of 1808-9, had just been made colonel of the Fifty-second British Regiment at this time.

Denmark and Norway ceased to be governed by one crown. Sweden had been ruled by her own King since early in the sixteenth century.

The Newfoundland fishery became of great importance, over fifty thousand seals being the catch for this year.

[Copyrighted, 1901, by R. E. Hughes, Louisville.]

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Take ...Good Materials...

"Mix them with brains, sir, and you can be pretty sure of the result." Years of experience and search for the best have gone into the make-up of our

$3.00 Special Hats.

The name Silverwood in your hat is an absolute insurance policy against any dissatisfaction which might arise. Excellent hats this week in black and brown Derbys—$1.85.

F. B. Silverwood,
COMPLETE OUTFITTER.
221 South Spring Street.

THE BOOKS OF PROF. RICHARD BURTON.

LITERARY LIKINGS $1.50
LYRICS OF BROTHERHOOD $1.00
MEMORIAL DAY $1.00
DUMB IN JUNE ..... .75
BALLAD of the UNSUCCESSFUL .25

Parker's,
246 S. Broadway, Near Public Library.
Largest, most varied and most complete stock of books west of Chicago.

It is frightful to contemplate damage done every day by the use of improper glasses. To be safe trust yourself in our hands.

Crystal Lenses $1.
Gold-Filled Frames $1.50
And they are guaranteed for ten years.
J. P. DELANY, 239 S. SPRING. EXPERT OPTICIAN.

A SENSIBLE SHOE FOR WOMEN.

It makes no difference whether you play golf or not, there's no shoe so comfortable and safe for cold weather wear as one of our stout golf boots. No danger from damp, cold pavements. Comes in handsome black or tan two grades $3.50 and $5.00.

C. M. STAUB SHOE CO.,
285 S. Broadway.

THE MOST SATISFACTORY FLOUR

For the Cook
For the Housekeeper
For the Family
For the Health of all, is

Capitol Flour.

Bakes good bread, palatable bread, wholesome bread.
Every sack Guaranteed.

The Way to Buy Glasses

Is to see the Glasses made—to know the goodness of the material put in it, and to have the frame made to fit your face.

MARSHUTZ

owns several United States Patents for improved Glasses, and makes all Glasses to order whenever patrons require such, and sells them directly to the consumer, guaranteeing price and quality.

If you think your eyes require attention, call on me. No charge is made for testing, and if you do not need Glasses, I'll tell you so.

Marshutz 249 S SPRING

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE

239 South Broadway, Opp. City Hall, Los Angeles.

We do not know just how long the white sale which began monday morning will continue. that depends on you.

yesterday's advertisement gave details about a handful of muslin underwear items. today we cite a few

more white sale items

which are from the linen department.

most of the items described in the sunday announcements—*linens, embroideries, lace curtains and muslin underwear*—are still here in unbroken lots.

two table-cloth bargains.

72-inch double satin damask, bleached, new patterns, which we ordinarily sell at $1.50 the yard—$1.25.

64-inch grass bleached german damask, round thread, instead of 65c the yard, we say 58c.

two bed linen specials.

500 sheets, 81x90 inch, double bed size, bleached, torn and ironed, well worth 65c—55c.

1000 pillow cases, 45x36 inch, bleached and ready for use, beaded edges, and instead of 12½c each, we say 10c.

a splendid napkin.

50 dozen 5-8 bleached damask napkins, full selvedge, which are worth $1.90 the dozen—$1.58.

three good towels.

200 dozen 18x34 hemstitched huck towels, 15c value and extra special at 12½c.

180 dozen 18x36 double warp, hemmed huck towels, homespun weave, worth 20c—15c.

80 dozen 26x47 four-ply yarn, unbleached turkish towels, sold at 25c each—20c.

Send all mail orders direct to the store. We employ no agents.

BOSTON DRY GOODS STORE.

February Delineator (Midwinter Number) is now here.

H. JEVNE

The Basket Lunch.

The basket lunch will surely become monotonous—unless you take advantage of the countless good things on our shelves. Just take a peep in our bakery department. My! what a variety of cakes and cookies. Then pass on to our delicacy department. Enough good things there for a change every day in the year. Then there are the jellies and jams and all kinds of canned goods. And—well, if you want to put up a dainty, appetizing lunch instead of the same uninviting food every day, why, go to Jevne's.

Smoke Jevne's Fine Cigars.

208-210 S. Spring St.—Wilcox Building.

MANY a cold is contracted in an underheated room. Guard against this by getting one of our AIR-TIGHT WOOD HEATERS.
JAS. W. HELLMAN, 157-161 N. Spring St.

Reliable Goods. Popular Prices.

N. B. Blackstone Co.

Telephone Main 259. DRY GOODS Spring and Third Sts.

Opening of

Embroideries Extraordinary.

We have just received from St. Goul, Switzerland, our spring importation of embroideries for 1901.

Our buyers have, this season, been unusually careful in the selection of desirable new designs and have succeeded in gathering an assortment that surpasses, both in beauty and magnitude, any showing we have previously made. These goods were purchased from the manufacturer direct, a fact that readily explains the extremely low prices we have placed upon them.

Dainty edges and insertions of fine sheer Swiss and Nainsook, strong, wearable Hamburgs, every width and price, new and novel designs Note the following items:

100 pieces fine Hamburg Edge, 2 to 2¾-in. wide, good, strong, durable work, new patterns, at, yd. 5c

200 pieces fine Hamburg Edge, 3 to 4-in. wide, splendid styles, well worked edges, at, yd. 10c

180 pieces fine Hamburg Edge, 4 to 5-in. wide, good materials, beautiful patterns, at yd. 12½c

100 pieces 5 to 6-in. at, yard. 15c

120 pieces 6 to 7-in. at, yard. 20c

1000 pieces of Swiss and Nainsook Edges and Insertions, the greatest assortments and prettiest styles we have ever shown. Every width and every price from 5c yard to. $5.00

Match patterns in Hamburgs, Swiss and Nainsook up from, yard 5c

Allovers in Swiss, Nainsook and Hamburgs, from 50c yard to $5.00

Tucking and Insertion effects in Allovers from $1.25 yard to. $5.00

Swiss Puffing and Insertion Allovers.

Embroideries at Half Price and Less.

We have quite a large stock of embroideries left over from last season that we have re-priced and thrown on the counters for quick selling. Some are short lengths, others half pieces and dozens of full pieces. They will all be closed out in the next day or two. Judges of embroideries will be on hand early and secure the choice of these lots. This is the way they are marked:

Good styles from 1-in. to 3-in. wide that sold at 10c, 12½c, 15c and 20c a yard, now, yard. 5c

Handsome Edges in good material, 1 to 4-in. wide that sold at 20c, 25c, 30c and 35c, now, yard. 10c

Beautiful Hamburg and Nainsook goods from 4 to 6-in wide, regularly priced from 35c to 75c yard; now marked at just HALF PRICE.

There are from 50 to 100 pieces to choose from in each of these three lots.

Sale begins this (Wednesday) morning.

Muslin Underwear.

The unprecedented selling of muslin underwear continues unabated and there is still ample choosing among the large assortments for those who know good muslin undergarments.

McCall's Patterns and Fashion Sheets

Ladies' Dry Goods Store

One Hundred Silk Waists at $5.00
Priced Until Yesterday $6.50 to $9.00.

The money saving power of the store is demonstrated in the magnificent offering of silk waists this morning. "Bargain" and "Special Sale" fall flat when such values as these are offered. This is not a miscellaneous bargain store hodge-podge of waists gathered to sell at a price in order to make an advertising card. You cannot go into any store in Los Angeles and find one hundred prettier waists to sell for less than $10.00 than you will see in this $5.00 lot.

No matter what price you pay, you cannot find neater styles, more careful making or more stylish designing.

The price is $5.00 because we are making our annual winter clearance while yet there is plenty of time to wear the waists. The first 50 or 75 women who choose from this lot will get the handsomest waists ever purchased for the price in Los Angeles.

The lot includes beautiful black hemstitched taffeta silks, exquisite satin Duchess waists with white yokes, fancy tucked taffeta silks, fancy tucked and corded silks and many novelties in the way of making and designing.

There is every color that you can think of in one style or another and every size. Prices yesterday were from $6.50 to $9.00 each. This morning at $5.00. Sale begins at 8 o'clock.

Fancy Combs at Half.

12 styles of side combs in very pretty imitation shell, the latest shapes; were 35c and 50c the pair, this morning 18c.

7 styles of imitation shell pompadour combs which were 25c to 40c; this morning at 15c.

25 styles of empire combs which were 35c to 50c, the very newest things in imitation shell and the latest shapes; this morning at 15c.

75c Silks.

Taffeta plaids, taffeta stripes, novelty bayaderes, dashing Persians, dainty lace effects, rich brocades, novelty ribbon stripes, beautiful corded effects and lace open work stripes. A very few pieces in the lot were sold last week at $1.00 a yard, more of them sold at $1.25 and a large majority of them you were glad to take at $1.50. It is the same story of making stocks ready for the spring goods. If you knew how cheap these really were you would keep the silk man on the jump until the last yard is sold.

Tooth Brushes 10c.

A lot of strong well made tooth brushes, full bristle; none of them ever sold less than 15c, many were 20c and 25c, this morning at 10c.

Women's Jackets $2.50.

There is not a jacket in the lot which is not intrinsically worth from three to four times the prices asked. We are frank to say that some of them are last winter's styles, but all are conservative in cut and just about as good one winter as another.

The lot includes fly front tan covert jackets, formerly marked $7.00.

Heavy tan kersey jacket, double-breasted and brown velvet collar, formerly $6.00.

Heavy tan covert, double-breasted jacket with brown velvet collar, formerly $8.00.

Blue kersey jackets in heavy weight, formerly $6.00.

If you want a jacket for good hard use and common wear this is your opportunity.

COULTER DRY GOODS CO.,
317-325 South Broadway, between Third and Fourth
LOS ANGELES, CAL.

There is no Excuse

For your not spending less than you earn. It is a simple process. Try it. Open an account with a large or a small amount with the

UNION BANK OF SAVINGS, 223 S. Spring St.

ALTHOUGH GRAPE FRUIT 5c

There Is an Old Saying

"Jack of all trades, master of none." The small farmer who tries to grow everything makes a success of nothing. The man who raises the best Celery is the man who makes a specialty of raising Celery. The man who produces the best Grape Fruit gives Grape Fruit his time and attention. Our buyers are constantly scouring the country for those specialists in fruit and vegetables. Wherever we find a man who knows how to raise one thing better than he knows how to raise anything else, that is the man we buy that article of. That is the reason that you always find the best of everything in our store. And that is the reason you never find the best of anything in any other store. If you want fruits and vegetables raised by specialists in the various lines you will find them here only.

215-215 W. Second St. Telephone M. 393.

SUPERIOR Steel Ranges, GASOLINE and OIL Stoves

Cass & Smith Stove Co

214-216 SOUTH SPRING STREET

LOS ANGELES FURNITURE CO

That Wonderful Wood—Mahogany.

Since the first appearance of mahogany in England, some two hundred years ago, this wood has been constantly gaining supremacy over all others because of its superb coloring. No other wood has its richness of tone, its deep, beautiful grain, or its strange harmony of light and shadow.

We carry a full line of the most beautiful mahogany furniture—pieces of elegant simplicity or pieces of the most lavish carvings—pieces for all parts of the house. Such furniture acquires new beauty and value as it ages. It will last for centuries.

225, 227, 229 S. Broadway.
OPPOSITE CITY HALL.

ROSES FOR THE PEOPLE Largest growers everywhere. Blooming field-grown roses in the world. Most complete and expensive photo-illustrated catalogue ever published, free to home-owners. Plant roses worth growing. THE CALIFORNIA ROSE CO., 621 South Spring Street, Los Angeles.

BUSINESS.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

OFFICE OF THE TIMES,
Los Angeles, Jan. 8, 1901.

[The following quotations on sales of citrus fruits in the East yesterday have been wired exclusively to The Times, and hence it is impossible for them to be published simultaneously in any other journal. When so published, they are simply pirated from this paper.]

ORANGES IN THE EAST YESTERDAY

LARGE SHIPMENT OF JAMAICAS.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

BOSTON (Mass.), Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] There were 1200 barrels of Jamaica oranges sold today, and one car of Floridas was offered. The Jamaicas were good and sold lower than the last sale. They averaged about 4.10. No satisfactory offer was received on the Floridas, and they were withdrawn. There are about thirty cars of California oranges on the track, and eighteen cars of oranges and two of lemons will be offered tomorrow. The weather is dry and favorable. The orange market is weak.

Citrus-fruit Shipments.

There were shipped from Southern California on Monday, 48 carloads of oranges and 3 of lemons. The total shipments for the season to date are 3331 carloads. Of these 199 carloads were lemons.

FINANCIAL.

WHY SPECULATIVE STOCKS ARE FIRM. It has been noted, says Bradstreets, that one of the factors which contribute powerfully toward the continuance of a bullish stock market is the comparatively small amount of new securities which have recently been created or which are pressing on the market at the present time. Under ordinary circumstances the termination of an upward movement in stock values is checked either by an adverse money market, with high rates of interest, or by the appearance of a larger amount of new corporate securities than the public can absorb. The latter was one of the chief reasons for the very severe check which the market received in 1899, and it was at the time fully appreciated that the creation of new industrial corporations involving the issue of hundreds of millions of new shares, was at the bottom of the depression which succeeded the rising market. As was pointed out last week, in commenting upon the listings of new securities at the New York Stock Exchange during 1900, there has been no undue flotation of new companies or issue of additional securities in the past twelve months. Another fact which may be taken into consideration in this connection is that the amount of new railroad mileage constructed during the year has fallen far below the estimates of its amount, which were generally accepted earlier in the year. It seems that the total amount of new lines built in 1900 is only about 4000 miles, or slightly less than in 1899, the cause assigned for this apparently small amount of railroad building being the high prices for rails and material. At all events, the supply of new securities, either those of railroads or industrials, has been and continues to be comparatively limited, and this fact alone is one of the explanations for the vitality displayed by the existing boom in the stock market.

COMMERCIAL.

CITRUS FRUITS COMING. One week ago the total quantity of Sicily lemons and oranges on the way to New York numbered 30,200 boxes of Messina and 30,600 boxes of Palermo lemons and 500 boxes of Sorrento oranges.

GENERAL BUSINESS TOPICS.

FAILURES FOR TWENTY-FIVE YEARS. R. G. Dun & Co.'s report gives the following table of business failures for twenty-five years:

FAILURES.

Year—	No.	Liabilities.	Aver- age.
1900	10,774	$138,495,673	$12,851
1899	12,186	90,879,889	8,723
1898	13,796	130,672,868	10,722
1897	13,351	154,332,071	11,559
1896	15,088	226,031,134	14,982
1895	13,197	173,196,078	13,123
1894	12,185	172,992,855	12,478
1893	15,242	346,779,889	22,751
1892	10,344	114,644,167	11,123
1891	10,907	189,868,454	17,407
1890	10,907	189,856,534	17,416
1889	10,882	148,784,287	13,672
1888	10,679	123,829,975	11,597
1887	9,634	167,560,427	17,392
1886	9,834	114,644,119	11,661
1885	10,637	124,220,221	11,678
1884	10,968	226,343,427	20,638
1883	9,184	172,974,172	18,833
1882	6,738	101,547,564	15,070
1881	5,582	81,153,922	14,539
1880	4,735	65,752,000	13,886
1879	4,658	98,149,033	14,741
1878	10,478	234,178,132	22,350
1877	9,872	190,669,936	19,312
1876	9,092	191,117,213	21,023
1875	7,740	201,060,325	25,980

To compare the past year with any previous one it will be proper to take into account the enormous growth in population, and even more immense growth in business, both in number and in magnitude of enterprises in existence. When this is considered the favorable showing of the last few years is remarkable.

LOCAL PRODUCE MARKETS.

No quotable change was reported in provisions yesterday. The market is firm.

Butter is firmer. At a meeting of the local butter Board of Trade yesterday afternoon the minimum price for local creamery was advanced 5 cents. Receipts from the north are not very heavy.

Ranch eggs are not coming in freely, and the market is firm at 30 cents as the ruling quotation. Some are still selling as low as 28 cents. Eastern eggs are firm at quoted prices.

Cheese is without change. California is steady. Eastern and imported is firm.

Fresh meats are very high and firm.

Good potatoes are firm. Early Rose seed is firm at $1.25 a cental.

Onions continue to rule firm at quoted prices. Dry chiles are scarce and likely to advance. Beets are firm. Good celery is beginning to get scarce and is firm at 50 to 60 cents per dozen.

The bean market is firm. Small whites and limas are scarce and very firm. Pinks are firm and some look for an advance.

Apples are in ready demand at quoted prices. Winter Nellis pears are in good demand at $1.50 a box. Cranberries are firm. Bananas are moving freely.

Live poultry in dealers' hands is nearly all cleaned up and none is being offered. The demand is good. A little game came in yesterday. Receipts will be light for a few days until the country becomes dryer. No fish came up yesterday.

Live Stock.

HOGS—Per cwt., 5.0@6.00.
CATTLE—Per cwt., 3.75@4.00 for prime steers; 3.00@3.75 for cows and heifers; calves, 4.50@5.00.
SHEEP—Per head, wethers, 4.00; ewes, 3.00@3.50; lambs, 3.50.

Provisions.

BACON—Per lb., Rex breakfast, 14½; fancy wrapped, 13½; plain wrapped, 13½; mild cured, 12@12½; medium, 11; Gilbert bacon, 12; Winchester, 13-15-lb., average, 14½; 14-16-lb., average, 14; 16-20-lb., 13½; Orange Blossom, 13½.
HAMS—Per lb., Rex brand, 12; Gilbert hams, 12½; picnic, 9@9½; Winchester, 14-lb., average, 12¼; 12-lb., 12½; 10-er, 12¾@13½; Orange Blossom, 11.
DRY SALT PORK—Per lb., clear bellies, 10½@10¾; short clears, 9¾@10¾; clear backs, 9¾@10¾.
DRIED BEEF—Per lb., insides, 13¾@15.
PICKLED BEEF—Per bbl. 15.00; rump butts, 17.00.
PICKLED PORK—Per bbl., Sunderland, 13.50.
LARD — Per lb., in tierces, Rex, pure leaf, 9½; Ivory compound, 7½; Suetene, 6½; special kettle-rendered leaf lard, 9½; Silver Leaf, 9¾; White Label, 9¼; Orange Blossom, 9¼.

Flour and Feedstuffs.

FLOUR—Per bbl., local extra roller process, 3.80@4.00; northern, 3.50@4.00; eastern, Pillsbury's Best, 6.25; other brands, 4.25@6.00; Oregon, 3.50; graham flour, 1.10 per 100 lbs.
FEED&TUFFS—Bran, per ton, 22.00; rolled barley, 20.00; cracked corn, 1.30 per cwt.

Hides, Wool and Tallow.

HIDES—Dry basis, 14 per lb.; kip, 12; calf, 12½; bulls, 8.
WOOL—Per lb., 8@10.
TALLOW—Per lb., No. 1, 3½@4; No. 2, 3@3½.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

BUTTER—Fancy Board of Trade creamery, per square, 60; southern creamery, 55; dairy, 45@50; other creamery, 52½; eastern, in tubs, fancy, per lb., 25.
EGGS—Per doz., fresh ranch, 29@30; eastern, standard, 28@24; extra select, 25@26.
CHEESE—Per lb., eastern, full cream, 16@16½; Coast, full cream, 11; Anchor, 14½; Downey, 14½; Young America, 15½; 3-lb. hand, 16½; domestic Swiss, 17@18; imported Swiss, 24@27; Edam, fancy, per doz., 9.00@10.50.

Fresh Meats.

BEEF—Per lb., 8@8¼.
VEAL—8½@9.
MUTTON—Per lb., 9; lamb, 10.
PORK—Per lb., 8½.

Dried Fruits, Nuts and Raisins.

RAISINS—Fancy Clusters, per box, 3.00; London Layers, per box, 2.50; loose, 6¼@7½ per lb.; Seedless Sultanas, 5½@12½.
DRIED FRUITS—Apples, evaporated, choice to fancy, 5½@10; apricots, 7½@8; peaches, fancy, 8½; choice, 5½@6; pears, fancy evaporated, 12@13; plums, pitted, choice, 10@12; prunes, choice, 6; fancy, 6½; dates, 5@9; figs, sacks, California, white, per lb., 6@7; California, black, per lb., 4; California, fancy layers, per lb., 10@12; imported Smyrna, 22½@25.
NUTS — Walnuts, paper-shells, 10½; fancy softshells, 11; hardshells, 10; almonds, soft-shells, 13; paper-shells, 14; hardshells, 11; pecans, 13@14; filberts, 13@14; Brazils, 12@14; pinons, 8@9; peanuts, eastern, raw, 6@6½; roasted, 8@8½; California, 5.

Potatoes, Onions and Vegetables.

POTATOES—Per cental: Choice to fancy, 1.30@1.40; common to fair, 1.00@1.10; sweet, per cental, 1.00@1.50; Nevada Pearls, fancy, 1.35.
ONIONS—New, per cental, 2.00@3.00.
VEGETABLES — Beets, per cwt., 1.00@1.50; cabbage, 75@90; carrots, 1.25@1.35 per cwt.; green chiles, 8@10 per lb.; dry chiles, per string, 80@90; lettuce, per doz., 20; parsnips, 1.00@1.50 per cwt.; green peas, 10@15; radishes, per dozen bunches, 20@25; string beans, 10@15; turnips, 75 per cwt.; garlic, 5; tomatoes, 1.25@1.50; cucumbers, per dozen, 1.25@1.50; celery, per dozen, 50@60; cauliflower, per dozen, 40@60.

Beans.

BEANS — Pink, 2.70@2.75; Limas, 6.50; small white, 5.00@5.25; large white, 4.25@4.50.

Hay and Grain.

BARLEY—Mill price, 1.00.
OATS—Jobbing price, 1.45@1.50.
CORN—1.30.
HAY—New, mixed oat and barley, 14.00@15.00; alfalfa, 11.00@12.00; loose, 9.50@10.50.
WHEAT—Mill price, per cental, 1.10@1.20.

Fresh Fruits and Berries.

LEMONS—Per box, choice to fancy, 1.50@2.00; green, 1.00@1.50.
ORANGES—Per box, navels, 2.00@2.75; seedlings, 1.00@1.50.
LIMES—Per 100, 1.00.
COCOANUTS—Per doz., 90@1.00.
PINEAPPLES—Per doz., 4.00@5.50.
STRAWBERRIES—Fancy, 50@75; common, 10@25.
GRAPE FRUIT—Per box, 2.50@3.00.
BLACKBERRIES—Per box, 20@25.
RASPBERRIES—Per box, 25@30.
APPLES—New, per box, 1.25@1.75.
BANANAS—Per bunch, 2.00@2.25.
CRANBERRIES—Per bbl., 14.00@15.00.
PEARS—Winter Nellis, per box, 1.50.

Poultry.

POULTRY—Dealers pay live weight for stock in good condition: 5@9 per lb. for poultry; ducks, 7@8; for turkeys, 12@14; geese, 8@9.
GAME—Doves, per doz., 75@1.00; plover, 65@85; rabbits, 1.00@1.25; quail, 1.50@1.75; snipe, 75@1.25; English jacksnipe, 1.00@1.50; wild duck-teal, 1.50@1.75; sprigs, 1.75@2.25; mallard, 3.50@4.25; spoonbills, 1.25@1.75; widgeons, 75@1.25; common, 50@1.00; wild geese, gray, 3.50@4.00; white, 2.00@3.00.

Honey and Beeswax.

HONEY—Per lb., in comb, frames, 12@15; strained, 7@8½.
BEESWAX—Per lb., 21@23.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

SHARES AND MONEY.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The most striking feature in today's stock market was the marked falling-off in the volume of trading. Compared with yesterday's unprecedented record of over 2,000,000 shares, today's sales of stocks fell back to 1,511,000 shares. The snap was clearly gone from the bull enthusiasm, and the best efforts of the bull leaders proved unavailing to induce any general or imposing advance in prices. Their endeavors to advance prices apparently failed to attract any considerable following, and the buying demand for stocks showed material impairment. The bear element on the exchange gathered their forces for a drive against the market, and worked some very considerable reactions and dislodged more or less long stock, held for weak accounts, and on narrow margins. The equanimity with which the reaction was accomplished by the large holders of stock was, however, an impressive demonstration of the continued underlying strength of the market. The pressure of liquidation was at no time very urgent, and the bears conducted their operations with the utmost timidity. This was shown by their eagerness to cover and the frequent rallies from the successive downward movement of prices. This disposition on the part of the bears continued until the close. In fact, the last and most notable rise in prices the bears covered with considerable symptoms of disorder, and moved prices up in a jerky and forcible manner. The decreased activity of the market was manifest from the opening, which showed no such connected buying with running sales of enormous blocks at wide quotations as has been the feature of the opening ever since New Year's day. The realizing movement here was taken up in London today, and their opening declines reached from 1 to 1¼ in a number of internationals. Then came the invariable contest between speculative forces in the form of supporting orders, and sharp bidding up of stocks newly brought forward into prominence. Sugar, People's Gas and Rock Island were the principal sustaining forces at the opening. The speculative contest was continued all day with varying fortunes. The greatest irregularity and most erratic fluctuations were among the grangers, coalers, Pacifics and some of the trunk lines. These all had their early period of strength, and again were most prominent in the late drive against the market. St. Paul rose at one time to 161 and fell back late in the day to 156½. The declines from the highest in other members of these groups ran from 2 to 3½ points. The Southwestern railroad stocks were the most consistently strong of any in the list. The special strength in Missouri Pacific had a stimulating effect on the whole group. This stock opened up a fraction, and inaugurated most of the rallies afterward during the day. It closed at 81½, the top price, showing a net gain of 5 points. The final strong rally of the market very materially reduced the day's declines, and lifted many stocks from 1 to 2 points above the lower level. Reading rallied 2½. The halt in the upward course of prices naturally induced some taking of stock on the recent rumors and other motives for the excited advances. This process of introspection naturally had some sobering effect after the speculative excess of the late market. The bond market continued its irregular character on a volume of business much less relatively than that in stocks. Total sales, par value, $4,320,000. United States refunding 2s advanced ¼ per cent. on the last call.

London Financial Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The Commercial Advertiser's London financial cablegram says: "The markets here were inactive, heavy and uninteresting today. Americans showed not a tithe of their recent activity. They were neglected and dull, closing depressed on New York's attitude, except for Eries and Reading. Berlin bought Northern Pacifics and sold Readings and the others. London thinks that they will derive most benefit from the Hill arrangement which, it is expected, will be known in New York tonight. The bank lost £70,000 gold to India and £600 to South Africa. The local loan tenders are regarded as successful. The allotment means that only £400,000 of deposit money will be taken off the market. The India government has resumed the purchase of silver."

New York Stock List.

Atchison	44	Wabash pfd	26½
Atchison pfd	89½	Wheeling & L. E.	12¼
Baltimore & Ohio.	91¼	W. & L. E. 2d pfd	2 ¾
Canadian Pacific.	91¾	Wis. Central	15½
Canada Southern.	57½	R. & O. pfd	67
Chesa. & Ohio	45¾	Nat'l Tube	63½
Chicago G. W.	16½	Nat'l Tube pfd	104
C., B. & Quincy	145¾	Third Avenue	130
C. I. & L.	23	Express Co's—	
C. I. & L. pfd	61	Adams	145
C. & E. Illinois	94½	American	180
Chicago & N. W.	172½	United States	57½
C. R. I. & P.	127¾	Wells-Fargo	134
C. C. C. & St. L.	75¾	Miscellaneous—	
Colo. Southern	7¾	Am. Cot. Oil	30½
Colo. So. 1st pfd	42	Am. Cot. Oil pfd	90
Colo. So. 2d pfd	16	Am. Malting	4¾
Del. & Hudson	146½	Am. Malting pfd	26½
D. L. & Western	199	Am. S. & R.	37¾
Denver & R. G.	33¼	Am. S. & R. pfd	94½
Denver & R. G. pfd	84½	Am. Spirits	1
Erie	30	Am. Spirits pfd.	17
Erie 1st pfd	65¾	Am. Steel Hoop	39
Erie 2d pfd	51¾	Am. Sugar	136
Hocking Coal	16	Am. Sugar pfd	117½
Hocking Valley	42¼	Am. S. & W.	4¾
Illinois Central	123½	Am. S. & W. pfd.	36
Iowa Central	23¾	Am. Tin Plate	60¾
Iowa Cen. pfd	53	Am. Tin Plate pfd	90
Lake Erie & W.	42¼	Am. Tobacco	114¾
L. E. & W. pfd	112	Am. Tob. pfd	138¾
Lake Shore	230	Anaconda M. Co.	47¾
Louis. & Nash	87½	Brooklyn R. T.	53¾
Manhattan L.	114¾	Colo. Fuel & I.	53¼
Met. St. Ry	220	Cont'l Tobacco	44¾
Mexican Central	15¼	Cont'l Tob. pfd.	93½
Minn. & St. L.	18¾	Federal Steel	51½
M. & St. L. pfd	100	Federal S. pfd.	75¾
Missouri Pacific	81¾	Gen. Electric	158
Mobile & Ohio	44½	Glucose Sugar	49
M., K. & Texas	16¾	G. Sugar pfd.	94
M., K. & T. pfd.	40¾	Int'l Paper	23¼
N. Y. Central	156½	Int'l Paper pfd.	74¾
N. Y. Central	143¾	Laclede Gas	73
Norfolk & W.	43¾	Nat'l Biscuit	40¼
N. & W. pfd.	83½	Nat'l B. pfd.	93¾
Northern Pacific	85¾	Nat'l Lead	18¾
North. Pac. pfd	87¾	Nat'l Lead pfd.	90
Ontario & W.	33	Nat'l Steel	41
Or. Ry. & Nav.	83	Nat'l Steel pfd.	92¼
Or. Ry. & N. pfd.	76	N. Y. Air Brake	152
Pennsylvania	150½	North American	19¾
Reading	53¾	Pacific Coast	58
Reading 1st pfd	83¾	P. C. Co. 1st pfd	63½
Reading 2d pfd	44¾	Pacific Mail	42¾
Rio Grande W.	40	People's Gas	102¾
St. Louis & S. F.	23	P. S. Car pfd.	91½
St. L. 1st pfd.	80½	Pull. Palace Car.	199
St. L. 2d pfd.	68¾	Standard R. & T.	5¼
St. Louis, S. W.	30¼	Sugar	136¾
St. L. S. W. pfd.	67¾	Sugar pfd	118
St. Paul	157½	Tenn. Coal & I.	55
St. Paul pfd.	191	U. S. Leather	13¾
St. Paul & O.	129	U. S. L. pfd	76¼
Southern Pacific	47¾	U. S. Rubber	22¾
So. Railway	21¾	U. S. R. pfd	63¾
So. Railway pfd.	69¾	Western Union	93
Texas & Pacific	36¾	R. I. & S. Co.	13½
Union Pacific	82	R. I. & S. pfd.	63
Union Pac. pfd.	81¾	U. S. Co. & St. L.	12
Wabash	13¾	Amal. Copper	91¾

Total sales, 1,511,109 shares.

Bond List.

U. S. R. 2s reg.	105	N. Y. C. 1sts.	106
U. S. R. 2s coup.	105	N. J. C. Gen. 5s.	127¾
U. S. 2s reg.	109½	N. P. 3s	71
U. S. 2s coup.	109½	N. P. 4s	103¾
U. S. n. 4s reg.	137½	N. Y. C. & St. L. 4s.	108
U. S. n. 4s coup.	137½	N. & W. Con. 4s.	100¼
U. S. old 4s reg.	114	Or. Nav. 1sts.	110½
U. S. old 4s coup.	114	Or. S. L. 6s.	109
U. S. 5s reg.	112	Or. S. L. 4s.	82
U. S. 5s coup.	112	Or. S. L. Con. 5s.	116
D. C. 3.65s.	118	Reading Gen. 4s.	84½
Atchison, Gen. 4s.	103¾	R. G. W. 1sts.	90½
Atchison, Adj. 4s.	85	St. L. & I. M. 5s.	114¾
Can. So. 2ds.	110	St. L. & S. F. 6s.	123¼
C. & O. 5s.	104½	St. Paul Con'o's.	18
C. & O. 5s.	121	St. P. C. & P. 1s.	117¾
C. & N. W. 7s.	179½	St. P. C. & P. 5s.	123½
C. & N. W. 5s.	125¼	So. Pacific 4s.	81
Chicago Ter. 4s.	100¾	So. Railway 6s.	112
Colo. So. 4s.	81¼	S. R. & T. 4s.	87¼
D. & R. G. 4s.	100¾	T. & P. 1sts.	115½
Erie Gen. 4s.	73¾	T. & P. 2ds.	70
Fort Worth 1sts.	79¾	Union Pacific 4s.	103¾
Gen. Elec. 5s.	115	Wabash 1sts	114¾
Iowa Cen. 1sts.	116	Wabash 2ds	91¾
K. C. & P. 1sts.	92½	West Shore 4s.	117¾
M., K. & T. 2ds.	77¼	Wis. Cen. 1sts.	87
M., K. & T. 4s.	97¾	Va. Centuries	90¾

*Offered.

Boston Stocks and Bonds.

Money—		Union Land	2¾
Call loans	4@5	West End	93¾
Time loans	4@4½	W. Electric	54½
Stocks—		Bonds—	
A., T. & S. F.	45¾	Atchison 4s	101½
Atchison pfd	93¾	Mexican 6s	70
Am. Sugar	136¾	Mining shares—	
Am. Sugar pfd.	117¾	Adventure	10
Am. Telephone	156	Allouez M. Co.	3
Boston & Albany	230	Amal. Copper	91¾
Boston Elevated	139	Atlantic	28
C., B. & Quincy	145¾	Boston & M.	*210
Dominion Coal	32	Butte & Boston.	72
Dom. Coal pfd.	108	Calumet & C.	830@837
Federal Steel	54½	Centennial	21
Federal S. pfd.	75¾	Franklin	17¾
Fitchburg pfd.	140	Humboldt	50
Gen. Electric	158¾	Osceola	81
Gen. Elec. pfd.	158	Parrot	49¼
Ed. Elec. Ill.	240	Quincy	75
Mexican Central	15¼	Santa Fe Copper	6¼
N. E. G. & C.	13	Tamarack	220
Old Colony	205	Utah Mining	33½
Old Dominion	25	Winona	4¼
Rubber	22	Wolverines	49¾
Union Pacific	81¼		

*Bid.

New York Money.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Close: Money on call, easier at 3@4% per cent.; last loan, 3½. Prime mercantile paper, 4½@5 per cent. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.86¾@4.86¾ for demand, and at 4.83@4.83¼ for sixty days. Posted rates, 4.84@4.84½ and 4.87½. Commercial bills, 4.82¼@4.82¾. Silver certificates, 64½@65¼. Bar silver, 63¾c. Mexican dollars, 49¼c. Government bonds, strong; State bonds, steady; railroads, irregular.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in available cash balance, $141,246,402; gold, $96,680,304.

London Silver.

LONDON, Jan. 8.—Bar silver, closed firm at 29¼d per ounce.

GENERAL EASTERN MARKETS

GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—May wheat opened ½ to 1c higher at 70¾ to 70; shorts covering in some cases taking a hand on the long side because Liverpool showed a slight advance in the face of the slump here yesterday. The trade was nervous and erratic, and continued so throughout the session. A reduction in outside speculative interest in the market was noticeable. On the bulge, longs sold to realize profits and May was forced back to 70. At this point shorts were thrown into another fit of hysterics by a report that the local people had sold twenty-five loads for direct export. May accordingly was bid sharply up to 70¾. This afforded another opportunity for profits to longs. The report of the export sales was contradicted, however. May closed ¼@¾c higher. Corn was firm during the better part of the forenoon. May closed ½c lower. Oats were fairly active, but trade was largely local. May closed ¼c lower. Provisions—The feature of the market was the demand for pork from shorts. The opening was easy on the heavy hog receipts, but almost immediately buying by a prominent operator sent shorts to cover, and the market responded sharply. On the bulge, moderate realizing took place, but the market held steady. May pork closed 25c higher; May lard closed 2½c up, and May ribs closed 5c improved.

The leading futures closed as follows:

	Closing.
Wheat, No. 2—	
January ..... Corn	75¾
February	75¾
May	70¾@75¾
Corn, No. 2—	
January	36¾
February	37¼
May	38¼@38¾
Oats, No. 2—	
January ..... Corn	22¾
May	25¾

Cash quotations were as follows: Flour was quiet and firm; No. 2 spring wheat, 68; No. 3, 67@73¾; No. 2 red, 75; No. 2 corn, 36; No. 2 yellow, 37¼; No. 3 oats, 24¼; No. 2 white, 27½; No. 2 white, 26¾@27¼; No. 2 rye, 53; fair to choice malting barley, 57@60; No. flax seed, 1.55; No. 1 northwestern, 1.61; prime timothy seed, 4.75; mess pork, per bbl., 14.25@14.50; lard, per 100 lbs., 7.20@7.22½; short ribs, sides (loose,) 6.85@7.10; dry salted shoulders (boxed,) 6¾@7¾; short clear sides (boxed,) 7.60@7.80; whisky, basis of high wines, 1.27; sugars, cut loaf, 6.39; granulated, 5.75; confectioners' "A," 5.69; off A, 5.54; clover, contract grade, 10.50.

Grain Movements.

Articles—	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, barrels	44,000	41,000
Wheat, bushels	67,000	44,000
Corn, "	483,000	187,000
Oats, "	494,000	246,000
Rye, "	7,000	.....
Barley, "	126,000	9,000

On the Produce Exchange today the butter market was dull; creamery, 15@21; dairy, 12@20; cheese, quiet, 10¼@11¾. Eggs, dull; fresh, 20.

New York Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Trading in the metal market today was along conservative lines and confined chiefly to immediate wants of consumers. The only variation in the general list was shown in the tin prices falling off about 15@20 points as a result of large arrivals and sympathy with weaker advices. The close here was easy in tone at 26.70@26.87½. At London, spot tin was 7s 6d lower, closing weak at the decline. The rest of the list was without change as to price or feature. Copper dull at 17 for Lake Superior and 16¾ for casting and electrolytic while at London an easier market prevailed, closing easy. Lead and spelter both ruled dull and featureless. English iron markets were a shade firmer, owing to an increased inquiry, and closed at 57s at Glasgow and 49½s at Middlesboro, while domestic iron markets were entirely destitute of new feature and without quotable change.

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, Jan. 8.—There was a quiet wool market this week, but the outlook is fairly favorable for a good business as soon as manufacturers begin to need the wool. Buyers are keeping within close touch of the market all of the time, and bids of half a cent under the prices on some fair-sized lines have been refused by dealers. Quotations: Territory, Montana and Wyoming, fine medium and fine, 16@17; scoured, 46@48; staple, 49@50. Utah, fine medium and fine, 16@17; scoured, 46@48; staple, 49@50. Idaho, fine medium and fine, 15@16; scoured, 46@48; staple, 49@50. Australian, scoured basis, spot prices, combing superfine, 74@75; good, 67@70; average, 64@67.

Closing Figures.

CHICAGO, Jan. 8.—Close: Wheat—January, 75¾; February, 75¾; May, 78¼@78¾c. Corn—January, 36¾c; May, 38½@38¾c. Oats—January, 22¾c; May, 25¾c. Pork—January, 14.50; May, 14.95. Lard—January, 7.20; May, 7.25. Ribs—January, 6.97½; May, 7.07½. Cash: Wheat—No. 3 red, 77¼@78½c; No. 3 red, 75@77c; No. 2 hard winter, 71@73½c; No. 3 hard winter, 70@73½c; No. 1 northern spring, 76@78½c; No. 2 northern spring, 75½@78½c; No. 3 spring, 65@75c. Corn—No. 2, 37½c; No. 3, 37¼c. Oats—No. 2, 24@24½; No. 3, 23¾@24¼c. Barley, 38@51c.

New York Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Speculation in cotton was exceptionally dull today, and fluctuations in prices were small. The opening was steady, with prices one point to three points higher on the face of weakness of the English markets. Soon after the call, additional gains were made on a flurry of room coverings and buying orders from Liverpool. During the rest of the day, the market was speculatively flat and narrow. The close was quiet and steady, four and seven points net higher.

New York General Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Wheat, spot market steady; options closed easy at ¼c net advance; January closed 81¾; March, 82¾; May, 83¼; July, 81¼. Hops, quiet. Hides, firm. Wool, steady. Spot coffee—Rio easy; No. 7 invoice, 7¼; mild dull; futures closed steady at a net decline of 5 to 10 points. January, 5.75; February, 5.80; March, 5.95; May and June, 6.05; July and August, 6.10; September, 6.10@6.15; October, 6.20; December, 6.25. Sugar, raw steady, but quiet; refined firm.

California Dried Fruits.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—The market for evaporated apples ruled rather quiet, but about steady at unchanged prices. The movement was light. State common were quoted at 3¾@4¼; prime, 4¾@5¼; choice, 5¼@6, and fancy, 6@7. California dried fruits were again weak, but inactive. Prunes were quoted at 3¼@5¼ per cent. per pound. Apricots, Royal, 10@13; Moorpark, 12@14. Peaches, peeled, 14@18; unpeeled, 6¼@16.

Liverpool Grain.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 8.—Wheat, spot, strong; No. 1, California, 6s 5d; No. 2, red, western winter, 6s 2¾d; No. 1, northern spring, 6s 4½d; futures quiet; March, 6s 3¼d; May, 6s 3¾d. Corn, spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 4s; American mixed, old, 4s 1¾d; futures steady; January, 3s 11¼d; March, 3s 10¾d; May, 3s 9¾d.

New York Dairy Market.

NEW YORK, Jan. 8.—Butter—Receipts, 10,826; market unsettled; creamery, 16@24; June creamery, 17½; factory, 11@11¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 8762 packages; weak and lower; western average, packed at market, 29@23; western, loss off, 24c.

Tacoma Wheat Market.

TACOMA, Jan. 8.—Wheat firm, and in better demand and higher. Blue stem, 59; club, 56.

Oil Transactions.

OIL CITY, Jan. 8.—Credit balances, 1.25; certificates on sale, 1000 barrels cash oil at 1.29.

Portland Wheat Market.

PORTLAND (Or.,) Jan. 8.—Wheat, Walla Walla, 58@59½.

EASTERN LIVE-STOCK MARKETS.

CLOSING FIGURES.

[BY THE NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS—P.M.]

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 3000; lower; native steers, 4.00@6.25; Texas steers, 3.80@4.20; Texas cows, 2.00@3.25; native cows and heifers, 1.80@4.40; stockers and feeders, 2.50@4.50; bulls, 1.50@3.75; calves, receipts, 700; steady to 10c lower; sales, 4.25@5.30. Hogs—Receipts, 12,000; market 5@10c lower; bulk of sales, 5.02½@5.07½; heavy, 5.05@5.15; packers, 5.00@5.15; mixed, 5.00@5.12½; light, 4.95@5.10; porkers, 5.00@5.10; pigs, 4.25@5.00. Sheep—Receipts, 3500; steady; lambs, 3.00@5.50; muttons, 3.00@4.25.

Omaha Live-stock Market.

OMAHA, Jan. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 3000; steady; native beef steers, 4.00@5.25; western steers, 2.75@4.40; Texas steers, 2.00@3.75; cows and heifers, 2.00@4.10; canners, 4.00@4.25; bulls, stags, etc., 2.25@4.40. Hogs—Receipts, 10,500; 10c lower; closed firm; heavy, 5.05@5.10; mixed, 5.05@5.07½; light, 5.00@5.07½; pigs, 4.60@4.90; bulk of sales, 5.05@5.07½. Sheep—Receipts, 5200; 5@10c lower; fed muttons, 3.80@4.40; westerns, 3.60@4.10; common and stock sheep, 3.00@3.85; lambs, 4.25@5.30.

Denver Live-stock Market.

DENVER (Colo.,) Jan. 8.—Cattle—Receipts, 800; market steady; beef steers, 3.50@5.50; cows, 2.00@4.00; feeders, freight paid to river, 3.50@4.40; stockers, freight paid, 3.50@4.50; bulls, stags, etc., 2.00@3.00. Hogs—Receipts, 1200; market steady to lower; light packers, 5.07½@5.12½; mixed

Southern California by Towns and Counties.

PASADENA.

...gements Made for ...Band Concerts.

...Will Entertain Its ...Many Visitors.

...Test Incorporated ...posed Milk Law— ...Medicos Meet.

...A, Jan. 8.—[Regular Cor...e.] Provision has been ...Pasadena their winter home, ...t and arrangements have ...for a series of concerts to ...the Santa Catalina Marine ...public-spirited citizens have ...ny forms of amusement for ...guests, and it remained for ...ard to take the matter in ...arnest. He found that the ...ena Band could be secured ...of twelve concerts at a cost ...of $[illegible]. Of this amount the ...mpany agrees to remit $13, ...ens and the Electric Rail... will contribute $12.50 ...for each concert to ...the city. Mr. Lockwood ...tter before the Council ...and his suggestions ...unanimously. Mr. Lock... supervision of the ar... the concerts.

...milk ordinance again ...cussion, and represen... ...men were heard re... ...ermolin test provision. ...spoke in favor of the test, ...voted finally to incor... ...proposed ordinance. ...of the ordinance will be ...the next meeting.

...was adopted instructing ...advertise for bids for ...place a house for the ...ons. This lot must ...at least 150 feet ...within the district ...Worcester ave... ...Green streets. Bids ...on some fire-alarm ...

...from the Electric ...announced that ...over the search... ...heir cars in Pasa...

...granted a three ...his leave of ab...

...ordered drawn for ...the monthly bills ...this amount about ...the Alcatraz Paving ...construction of ce... ...other work on the ...

...L SOCIETY.

...Medical Society held ...and election of of... ...at the home of ...Hide, the retiring pres... ...the business meeting ...interesting and valuable ...F. F. Rowland, on sani... ...The following officers ...for the coming year: ...George E. Abbott; vice... ...H. H. Sherk; secretary ...Dr. J. E. Janes, (re... ...secretary read the re... ...year, in which it was ...membership of the so... ...and the average ...during the year twenty... ...regular and three called ...been held, at which ...presented on medi... ...dietary and civic mat... ...Bridge, McBride, Steh... ...Lamoyne Wills, J. F. ...and others. Fifty visit... ...the noted physicians, ...the meetings of the so... ...year. Two members, ...and N. A. Dalrymple's ...through the courtesy of ...the society is now es... ...Shakespeare Memorial ...regular meetings are ...surroundings. Among ...done by the society dur... ...and the memorialization ...signed to the preserva... ...and with relation ...legislation. It was ...numbers at tonight's ...an invitation to the ...nurse and nurses in ...City Hospital to attend ...ings of the society. ...paper dealt with the ...acute books which per... ...and contagious dis... ...many cases, be ...are palpably ridiculous ...are dead letters. ...State, county and mu... ...speaker pleaded for ...of a few stringent ...could be enforced, and ...of the remainder. ...quarantine against ...spoken of, but was ...impracticable. Dr. ...that great public ...if sufferers could ...to the proper man... ...treat sputum. An ...noted by the ...relations between the ...departments and the ...which they came in ...tion of milk supply, ...the speaker in an au... ...taken up, and it ...the education of the ...is greater benefit ...tion on the subject. ...dairies was treated ...attention was called ...unwholesome quar... ...which supply so ...the public's daily food. ...rainstorms were ...as being unsani... ...is much cruelty to ...of dairies by milk ...referred to as being ...effecting an im...

...paper was discussed ...Crotan and others. ...MEETINGS.

...of the Pasadena ...National and Union ...held their annual meet... ...and elected of... ...for the coming ...

...naturally in the ...Bank, the controll... ...passed three ...the hands of new ...there has been much ...the personnel of the ...The officers elected ...L. Perrin; vice-presi... ...cashier, Henry ...cashier, E. J. Fyl... ...C. Bailey; directors, ...W. Hines, F. Bruce ...C. Bailey, B. O. ...Lacey, and James ...500 shares held by ...this institution, 449 ...at today's meeting.

and the election was unanimous. Mr. Perrin, the new president, is a banker of many years' experience, and is known as a conservative business man of sound judgment. Mr. Hines, vice-president, has held responsible positions with railway companies for twenty-five years, and is a self-made man. Messrs. Newby and Pyle are men of sterling character who were connected for many years with the First National Bank, and their connection with the newly-reorganized bank will add strength to the institution. The names of the directorate speak for themselves, representing as they do the conservative element of the city.

At the First National Bank meeting the old directors and stockholders were reelected as follows: President, P. M. Green; vice-president, R. F. Ball; cashier, Ernest H. May; assistant cashier, H. I. Stuart; directors, G. D. Patten, A. K. McQuilling, H. M. Hamilton, H. G. Bennett, H. H. Markham, P. M. Green and R. F. Ball. The stockholders of the Union Savings Bank reelected officers as follows: President, R. Eason, vice-president, A. R. Metcalf; cashier, W. M. Eason; directors, R. Esson, A. R. Metcalfe, H. C. Durand, N. Bridge and W. M. Eason. A dividend of 20 per cent. was declared for the past year, and this was ordered carried to the surplus.

COUNTRY CLUB LINKS.

The Country-Club course is open again, having been improved greatly by the recent rains. About six hundred sheep are nibbling at the grass which is shooting up in profusion and the club members say they would like about as many caddies to make their appearance daily. Last Saturday golf-ball sweepstakes and competition for the directors' cup, which were postponed because of the rain, will take place Wednesday, the 16th inst., while next Saturday's regular play will occur as usual, weather permitting.

PASADENA BREVITIES.

The Woodmen of the World had an oyster supper and a merry time this evening at the Arlington restaurant, the occasion being the payment of a contest wager to a victorious team headed by Capt. L. E. Worrell. The defeated teams, led by Capts. Ramel and May, were hosts. Capt. Ramel made an efficient toastmaster and speeches of experience were made by about fifteen members. Forty-four guests attended.

Street Superintendent J. A. Buchanan recalls that, fifty-three years ago today, he with other members of the Fourth Indiana Regiment, then stationed at Puebla, Old Mexico, celebrated the thirty-third anniversary of the battle of New Orleans.

Dr. Robert Slaughter, aged 82, a native of Kentucky, died suddenly this evening of heart disease at the residence of Mrs. F. D. Stevens on North Marengo avenue. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made.

A mothers' meeting will be held at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon at the Garfield kindergarten school. Dr. Solon Briggs will present a paper.

Mrs. W. F. Baird of Los Angeles is the new organist at All Saints' Church.

George M. Pullman, son of the late sleeping-car magnate, is at the Green.

Midwinter Number of The Times and Tournament of Roses report combined, wrapped and ready for mailing, at Times Branch Office.

Somebody asks for something you're out of. Order by Electric express and have it the same day.

Never say, "I haven't it, madame," but order by Electric express and have it.

Lost—Gold locket with monogram A. J. H., return to this office. Reward.

Bicycles and sewing machines rented. Herricks.

Artist's materials at Wadsworth's.

REDLANDS.

BOARD OF TRADE ELECTION.

REDLANDS, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] At the first meeting of the directors of the new Board of Trade, held yesterday, the officers of the board were chosen, as follows: Edward S. Graham, president; K. C. Wells, vice-president; G. C. Thaxter, secretary; F. P. Morrison, treasurer. Mr. Graham is president of the Casa Loma Hotel Company; K. C. Wells is president of the Union Bank; F. P. Morrison is president of the First National Bank; G. C. Thaxter is a retired druggist and president of the Republican club.

A light shower fell here during the evening. At midnight the temperature is 39 deg., with no danger of frost.

SANTA CATALINA ISLAND.

NEWS FROM THE OCEAN GEM.

AVALON, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The steamer Hermosa will take her place as the regular packet boat between San Pedro and Avalon on the 12 inst., running every day in the week.

The storm yielded two inches of rain, .75 falling Sunday night.

Mr. Foster received the Sunbeam's engine from the Union Iron Works yesterday, where she has had a thorough overhauling.

Herbert Weaver who died Sunday in Los Angeles, was the son-in-law of Mrs. William Bloeser at this place. Mrs. Bloeser went over Sunday, and on learning of his brother-in-law's death, Marion Condit went over this morning to be present at the funeral.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Sears, who went over to Los Angeles to spend the holidays, returned to the Metropole yesterday.

James W. Long, the bookbinder, and C. H. Brown the architect, are at the Metropole.

Mr. and Mrs. Virgil Cooper of Colorado Springs, are guests at the Metropole.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Folsom of White Sulphur Springs, Mont., are stopping at Hotel Metropole.

Mrs. W. W. Roach and Miss Alma Roach of Philadelphia are visitors to the island.

J. McDougall of Winnipeg, Canada, and C. B. Ellington and wife of Los Angeles are at the Bay View.

W. H. Byrer of Los Angeles, who has been with Miller & Dye of the Island grocery, has again identified himself with that institution.

PRICES AND POSTAGE OF THE MID WINTER NUMBER.

The postage on the three Magazine sheets, mailed together is 4 cents. The following table shows the prices of the Midwinter Number, when sold over The Times counter:

	Without postage.
Single copies	$ .10
2 copies	.20
3 "	.25
4 "	.30
6 "	.40
9 "	.75
13 "	1.00

In many essential features, this issue is better than any previous special number of The Times. The weight of three Magazine parts, including cover, is 13 ounces. The weight of the complete paper, including news sheets, is 32 ounces. Postage on this issue will be 6 cents when all the parts are mailed together. If the news sheets are not included, the postage will be 4 cents.

ANYVO Theatrical Cold Cream will restore to your skin its suppleness and velvet.

RIVERSIDE COUNTY MAN'S UNIQUE RIDE.

SAILED DOWN SWIFT STREAM IN A WAGON BODY.

Tried to Ford River and Lost His Horses—New Militia Officers Elected. Funeral of Prominent Mason—Alleged Cattle Thief Held.

RIVERSIDE, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] Three horses belonging to Bert McKinnon, rancher and teamster, were drowned while he was attempting to cross the river near the lower end of Terquesquite avenue. The ford is an old one, and had been crossed many times by McKinnon. One horse was caught in the quicksands, pulling the others down. The wagon settled in the sand until the body floated off the gearing. McKinnon floated down stream to shallow water. By that time the running gear and horses had settled out of sight in the sand and water.

NEW MILITIA OFFICERS.

The members of Co. M, National Guard California, last evening unanimously elected First-Lieut. Harry Mitchell to the captaincy, to fill the place made vacant by the resignation of C. F. Huse. Sergeant Meacham was elected first-lieutenant, and Sergeant Bloom, second-lieutenant. Maj. W. W. Roblee, presided over the election.

PROMINENT MASON BURIED.

Constantine T. W. Uren died yesterday at his home in Colton. The funeral services were held this afternoon at his late residence, after which the remains were brought here and interred in Evergreen cemetery. The deceased, who was 52 years old, was a prominent Mason, and had just completed his fifth year as Masonic inspector for this district. A number of Riverside and San Bernardino Masons attended the funeral.

ALVITRE BOUND OVER.

Juan Alvitre, who was arrested recently in Santa Barbara, was bound over this afternoon by Justice Mills to stand trial in the Superior Court on the charge of cattle stealing. The alleged crime was committed in March, 1889, the cattle belonging to S. C. Evans, Jr., and B. S. Bate. The hides of some of the cattle were found two weeks later in a San Jacinto butcher shop.

RIVERSIDE BREVITIES.

A farewell reception was tendered last evening at the Methodist chapel to O. P. Burdg, who will leave tomorrow for Los Angeles to reside. For thirteen years Mr. Burdg has been prominently identified with the affairs of the church. A handsome gold watch was presented to him by the members, the presentation speech being made by Prof. Kinney.

J. A. Simms, who has just returned from Bakersfield, confirms the report made a few days ago, of a big oil strike made on the Grand Central Company's lands which are owned by Riverside people. The first well sunk is believed to have a capacity of 300 barrels of oil a day.

Hiawatha Tribe of Red Men held an open installation last evening in Pythian Hall, the exercises being conducted by Deputy Grand Chief Howard, of San Bernardino, assisted by his staff of great officers. An interesting address was made by H. C Hibbard, Esq.

The preliminary examination of A. J. Parks, charged with attempting to poison Byron Ferrall, has been postponed until tomorrow afternoon before Justice Mills.

Prof. N. C. Twining, at one time principal of the city schools, left today to fill a position as educator in the Mendota college, Mendota, Ill.

At 10 o'clock tonight the thermometer registered about 40 deg. Later, the mercury fell a degree or two, but at midnight there is no danger of frost.

Miss Masie, the 22-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. V. Lippincott of Medford, Ore., died today of consumption at the Holy Rood Hotel.

Alfred Pascoe, of Los Angeles, has brought suit for divorce against Kate C. Pascoe, a teacher in the Arlington district school.

ONTARIO COLONIES.

DAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

ONTARIO, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The rainfall here during the recent storm amounted to 1.80 inches. For the season it aggregates 9.80 inches. This rain did the colony inestimable good.

Thompson Bros. of Ontario are building a brick store 80x25 feet at North Ontario for A. G. Allen.

The public schools reopened Monday after a vacation of three weeks.

The May Queen Rebekah Lodge held an open installation at Odd Fellows' Hall last Saturday evening.

Andrew N. Mathews, aged 21 years, who came to Ontario a short time ago, died Thursday morning of meningitis. The funeral services were held at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Ella Moreland, Friday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Mr. Nicholson of North Ontario.

Miss Eudora G. Heffelfinger and John Bookwalter, both of Springfield, O., were married at the Ontario Hotel Monday, December 31. The ceremony was performed by Rev. John Barstow.

NORTH ONTARIO.

Seventy-five volumes have just been added to the Public Library of this town.

The Dried Fruit Packing Company has three carloads of its product ready to ship to the eastern market.

Mr. De Lorie has sold his half interest in the Davis and De Lorie well in Hermosa to the Sunset Water Company. This will give this new company, which is composed of the orange growers of Cucamonga, the control of a large part of the water-bearing land of the colony, and will, in a measure, prevent the water sharks from robbing the people.

EGYPT AND PALESTINE.

For health and recreation, historical research and intelligent sight seeing, no countries afford such possibilities as Egypt, Palestine, Turkey and Greece. All these embraced in Cook's tours to Egypt and Palestine, season 1901. Programmes on application to Thos. Cook & Son, No. 250 South Spring street, Los Angeles.

PERHAPS
You can help
Some good woman
or deserving boy or girl
by directing their attention
to The Times' proposition as to prizes
for people who get subscribers
for it. It is respectable
work...and there's good
money in it for
everybody.

ICE BOXES, store fixtures, designing. Union Cabinet Works, 421 S. B'dway. Tel. brown 1422.

KERN COUNTY.

RAILROAD IMPROVEMENT.

BAKERSFIELD, Jan. 7.—[Regular Correspondence.] The great increase in traffic on the railroad over the Tehachapi mountain, caused by the leasing of the line to the Santa Fé, has forced the installing of the block signal system extending for thirty miles and embracing all the tunnels and the loop. The cost will be $30,000. The liability of accidents will be reduced to a minimum, as three danger signals will be placed between stations doing away with all possible chance of collisions. If trainmen do not observe their orders and try to run ahead of schedule time, the train will be automatically switched to a sidetrack, and in case of a broken rail every danger signal on the system will be set. The rails for the whole thirty miles will be connected by copper wires and the track will constitute an electric conductor, which if interrupted at any one point will retire the entire distance until repairs have been made.

KERN COUNTY BREVITIES.

Burglars attempted to force their way into the Anderson & Ross liquor store this morning, but were prevented from doing so by George Howe, a young man who was sleeping in an adjoining establishment. He ran into the criminals. Howe had the presence of mind to announce that they were under arrest and they followed him, by his command, for a block or two, but then broke and ran. They were afterwards arrested in a restaurant and Howe was able to identify them positively.

Justin Brown, who killed James A. Cain at Woody and was afterward convicted of murder, has been sent to San Quentin to serve his life sentence.

Tehachapi is to have a telephone system.

The Board of Supervisors today granted a Los Angeles company a franchise to run an electric transmission line from the south fork of Kern River to the southern boundary of the county.

The aim of the company is to develop power by means of the water of the river, which always carries a steady stream, at that point, and conduct it to Los Angeles, supplying several small towns along the way. A complete survey of the route, a mill site and necessary ditches, has been made and the engineer in charge has pronounced the scheme entirely feasible.

SAN DIEGO COUNTY.

CRIMINAL ASSAULT ALLEGED.

SAN DIEGO, Jan. 8.—Capt. W. G. Godfrey was arrested this afternoon for a criminal assault on Mrs. John S. Busby last Saturday. He is held in $500 for preliminary examination tomorrow morning. He was under the influence of liquor when arrested, but said he was not guilty of the charge, and that the husband of the woman fired two shots at him. Godfrey is an old sea captain, and a pensioner. He lives on a ranch alone near the house of the Busbys. Mrs. Busby is a young woman and her husband is the janitor of several offices about town. He says that, anticipating Godfrey's return Saturday night he laid for him with a shotgun. The officers were unable to locate the captain till today.

CAIRNES RESUMES.

A. B. Cairnes has resumed the duties of Fire Chief. It is not altogether certain that this is the end of the rumpus between the majority members of the Fire Commission and Chief Cairnes, who emphatically denies the statements made by Mr. Carter and Mr. Mertzman in the answer produced in court Monday, and to which he had no opportunity to reply. The hearing developed that Carter and Mertzman acted against the written advice of the City Attorney in deposing the Chief without a trial.

SAN DIEGO BREVITIES.

Dr. John Nutt of Chicago, father of State Senator A. E. Nutt, died this evening at a private sanitarium here, aged 77 years. He had been in feeble health a long time.

Dr. R. J. Gregg has been reelected a member of the City Board of Education.

CORONADO BEACH.

INTERESTING GOLF.

HOTEL DEL CORONADO, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] Two hundred people saw Willie Smith and David Bell of the Midlothian Club, Chicago, play golf on the Coronado club course today. This forenoon Smith and Bell played an eighteen-hole exhibition game, the score being 86, Smith winning one up. This afternoon a nine-hole foursome was played by Mr. Bell and Col. W. J. Cotton of Coronado, and Mr. Smith and Bartlett Richards of Chadron, Neb. Bell and Cotton won, four up. Bell and Smith will leave for Los Angeles Thursday morning; they are invited to the San Diego Country Club links tomorrow.

NOTES AND PERSONALS.

Today's arrivals at the hotel include Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Shinan, San Francisco; Miss F. V. Simmons, New York; Mrs. John H. Hartog, Chicago; Mrs. W. Shaffer Brown, Miss Grace Hamilton, Manchester, Eng.; S. Lyons, New York; A. G. Barnett, Fort Wayne, Ind.; W. E. Beamer, San Bernardino.

Mr. and Mrs. M. L. Hinman of Dunkirk, N. Y., arrived at the hotel yesterday for the winter.

Recent arrivals at the hotel include Dr. F. J. Fielding of New York; Mrs. F. F. Hagaman, New York City; Mrs. Hunter Liggett, McPherson, Fla.; Mrs. Joseph L. Emanuel, San Francisco; R. S. Copeland and Mrs. Copeland, Ann Arbor, Mich.; Mr. and Mrs. Milton Woods, Jr., St. Joseph, Mo.; Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Carlisle, Boston; Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Fuller, Topeka; E. W. Pease, Los Angeles.

LONG BEACH.

CITY ADVERTISING CONTRACT.

LONG BEACH, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The City Trustees Monday evening awarded the contract for city advertising for the coming year. The bids were: Long Beach Press, 55 cents per inch; Long Beach Tribune, 60 cents per inch. The proposal of the Press was accepted.

LONG BEACH BREVITIES.

Edward P. Moody, a pioneer of Southern California, and for several years a resident of Long Beach, died Monday, aged 68.

The home circulation of the Long Beach Public Library for the past three months was: Books, 963; magazines, 240.

The Southern California Good Roads Association has requested the Long Beach City Trustees to name a man to act with the association.

The collection of city taxes for the past year amounted to $10,752.37.

PENSIONS FOR CALIFORNIANS.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 8.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] California pensions granted: Original, Alvin W. Tyler, Tulare, $8; Samuel B. Brown, Soldiers' Home, Los Angeles, $6; Zachariah T. Hull, Fresno, $6; John W. Jackson, Sacramento, $6; additional, Albert Rayman, Santa Barbara, $10.

SAN PEDRO'S GROWING LUMBER TRAFFIC.

ALICE BLANCHARD TO BRING TIES FOR SALT LAKE ROAD.

Schooner Kate and Anna Cruising for Seals Under American Law Which Discriminates in Favor of British Seamen—Barboza Held.

SAN PEDRO, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] Complete figures on the lumber receipts at the port of San Pedro for the past year show an increase of more than 9 per cent. over the receipts for the year 1899. The lumber, lath, shingles, ties and other woodstuffs brought by vessels from northern ports and discharged at the San Pedro docks in 1899 were altogether equivalent to 114,973,842 feet of lumber. By a foot of lumber is meant the quantity contained in a board one foot square and one inch thick.

Computed on the same basis and by the same method, the receipts of woodstuffs in 1900 amounted to 125,957,561 feet of lumber.

There has been great activity about the docks lately. The large quantity of lumber brought by incoming vessels furnished employment for many men along the wharves.

CRUISING FOR SEALS.

The little schooner, Kate and Anna, put to sea Monday afternoon with her hold well stocked with provisions, and with arrangements for stowing a good many sealskins. She will cruise for seals south of lat. 35 N, which line passes not far from Point Concepcion. She will cruise about the neighboring islands, and if her luck warrants it may put farther out from the mainland.

The Kate and Anna is handicapped by an American law which unfortunately works a discrimination against Americans and in favor of British sealers. During certain months in the year a treaty with Great Britain prohibits both British and American fishermen from taking seals in the Pacific Ocean north of lat. 35 N. During the remainder of the year a United States law prohibits Americans from taking seals north of that line, but does not apply to British sealers. On account of that law American sealers can operate only south of the line where seals are scarce while British sealers can cruise at will where they have the cream of hunting.

The roster of the Kate and Anna is largely of San Pedro men, and is as follows: Captain, C. H. Walker; first officer, Charles Seileman; steward, Tom Branan; hunters, J. H. Burns, Michael O'Brien and John Dickman; boat pullers, Theodore Jacobson, S. Swenson, Charles Myher, Patrick Sullivan, Ed Kustenger, Wilbur Wood and Henry Hansen; cabin boy, Robert Walker.

SALT LAKE ROAD TIES.

The steamer Ygnacio Mariscal, which was recently granted a divorce from the Mexican government with permission to resume her maiden name, Alice Blanchard, under the American flag, has gone to San Francisco in tow of the steamer Sequoia. The Alice Blanchard will be overhauled for freight service and it is said that she will be used to bring to this port ties for the Salt Lake Railroad.

SAN PEDRO BREVITIES.

The schooner Zampa, Capt. Peterson, and the schooner Dauntless, Capt. Smith, both of which are among the recent arrivals from the north at this port, had good weather on the southbound passage, being much more fortunate than the schooners Occidental, R. W. Campbell and Maweema, which came a week earlier.

The preliminary examination of Gregario Barboza accused of murder on account of the killing of Feodor Busch on January 2, was completed before Justice Downing today. The defendant was held for trial before the Superior Court.

It is said that the City Trustees are being importuned to amend the building ordinance so as to permit the erection of wooden structures on the site of last week's big fire.

The steamer Hermosa is being put in condition for the Catalina Island run, for which she will probably be placed in commission within a month.

For the storm in San Pedro the precipitation up to Monday morning amounted to 1.33 inches; making 4.64 inches for the season.

Mrs. Adolph Muller, a pioneer of the town, died Monday, aged 63.

WHITTIER.

"HOT TIME" POW-WOW.

WHITTIER, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The long-anticipated pow-wow over the widening of Philadelphia stret was "pulled off" in the City Council room last evening. The spectator who had no material interest in the project, and who was present for the sole purpose of enjoying the festivities, hadn't had so much fun since he last attended a three-ring circus. There were over a hundred people present when the president of the Board of Trustees called the meeting to order. The clerk read the long report of the commissioners appointed to assess damages and make awards, and while the audience listened to the columns of lot-block statistics, the men who had come to "say something" pieced their ideas together and gathered energy for the fray. The orators were loaded to the muzzle.

The opposition to the street widening was first championed by J. R. Downs of Long Beach, who owns the land occupied by the building of the San Pedro Lumber Company. He stated that 90 per cent. of the property owners interested are opposed to the project. This statement was disputed by J. C. Hiatt, who called upon the clerk for figures to prove that three-fifths of the frontage is owned by people who favored the widening. Interruptions followed and in the hubbub someone called out "You're a liar." The compliment was returned, and a cane was flourished menacingly in the air. The chairman thumped the table for order. A proposition for a compromise was made and everybody crowded into the middle of the room. Order was again restored, and after listening to a number of speeches, the Council decided to defer the matter for a week.

The controversy was resumed on the street corners this morning, and during one of the vocal jousts a heavy property owner threatened to "smash" his contestant, and the other announced that he would deprive the "smasher" of his intestines and produced a pen-knife with which to do the job. The meeting has apparently only aggravated the situation, and next Monday night is likely to see another "hot time."

FULLERTON.

DANGEROUS RUNAWAY.

FULLERTON, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] While Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Tower were driving a mile north of town yesterday, Mr. Tower got out to adjust the harness. As he started to get in the buggy the horse made a jump, got out of his reach, and started on a dead run toward town. Mrs. Tower, a brave woman, though a cripple, took up the lines and held on, all this time having a child in her lap. The horse did not stop until he reached the stable, where the spirited animal ran into a water trough, and came to a sudden standstill. Mrs. Tower and the child were only slightly injured. Mr. and Mrs. Tower recently moved here from Chino.

FULLERTON BREVITIES.

Harry Garrabrant, a contractor and builder, has returned to Fullerton after an absence of three years in Denver.

Postoffice Inspector Flint was here today and found everything at the local postoffice in first-class order, and complimented the postmistress on the able management of the office during the past quarter.

The big barranca, which was badly washed out during the big storm a month ago, is being reembanked to protect the town against another overflow.

The postoffices discontinued at Olive and Villa Park for free rural delivery, have been reestablished on the recommendation of Senators Bard and Perkins. The rural routes will be continued for the present.

AZUSA.

AMPHION CLUB.

AZUSA, Jan. 8.—[Regular Correspondence.] The meeting of the Amphion Club, held Friday evening at the home of Mrs. M. H. La Fetra, was largely attended by members and guests, and the programme was one of the best the club has ever had. Instrumental music was furnished by Miss Ruddock and Mrs. L. P. Kellar on the piano, Paul Jennison on the 'cello, and R. H. Holmes on the violin. A. L. Wellington gave a vocal solo, while the literary portion of the programme was furnished by Prof. Ross of San Francisco, elocutionist, and Miss Elsie Whitman, who read an able paper. Three trios, rendered by the performers on the piano, 'cello and violin, were especially good.

AZUSA BREVITIES.

The packing-house of the Glendora Citrus Association is again ready for business, after having received a thorough refurnishing at the hand of Fay & Stebler of Riverside. New graders, elevators and sorting tables have been installed, new fruit bins have been added, and the house is now strictly up to date in every particular, and ready for the large volume of fruit that will be handled through it this season.

The total rainfall in this vicinity since Saturday morning is approximately 2 inches, giving a total of about 13 inches for the season.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

CURE SICK HEADACHE

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

There's no medicine to equal the Bitters for strengthening the stomach, stimulating the liver and kidneys, cleansing the entire system or to prevent

Constipation, Insomnia, La Grippe and Malaria Fever and Ague. Try it.

Orangeine

Grip Colds Catarrh

Don't neglect a cold. When exposed or chilled take an Orangeine powder and repeat in twenty minutes.

If your cold has started follow Orangeine directions, "One night cure," found in every package.

Specimen Experiences.

"The best remedy for a cold I ever saw."—Wm. Waller, Western Golf Champion.

"Cured seven cases of grip in my family."—Wm. F. Ball, Chicago.

"Completely removed my catarrh of long standing."—F. Nichols, manager A. M. Rothschild & Co.'s grocery dept., Chicago.

Sold by druggists generally in 25 and 50c packages. A trial package will be sent to any address for 2-cent stamp.

ORANGEINE CHEMICAL CO., Chicago, Ill.

F. W. BRAUN & CO., DISTRIBUTORS, 301 North Main Street, Los Angeles, California.

BUY THE GENUINE SYRUP OF FIGS ... MANUFACTURED BY ... CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO. IF YOU KNOW THE NAME.

C. F. Heinzeman DRUGGIST AND CHEMIST 222 N. MAIN ST., LOS ANGELES. Prescriptions carefully compounded day and night.

LINES OF TRAVEL.

TIME CARD—SANTA FE ROUTE.

Southern California Railway, La Grande Station, Foot of Second Street.

California Limited—Daily: Leaves 6:30 p.m. Arrives 8:30 a.m.

Overland Express—Leaves 7:15 p.m. daily. Arrives 7:00 a.m. daily.

San Bernardino, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:30 a.m., 4:30 p.m., 9:00 p.m., 7:15 p.m. Arrive from, 7:00 a.m., 8:30 a.m., 10:05 a.m., 6:30 p.m.

San Bernardino, via Orange—Leave for, *11:00 a.m., 5:05 p.m. Arrive from, 10:40 a.m., 5:45 p.m.

Redlands, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:30 a.m., 4:30 p.m. Arrive from, 10:05 a.m., 5:30 p.m.

Redlands, via Orange—Leave for, *11:00 a.m. Arrive 10:45 a.m., 5:45 p.m.

Riverside, via Pasadena—Leave for, 8:30 a.m. Arrive from, 10:05 a.m., 5:30 p.m.

Riverside, via Orange—Leave for, *11:00 a.m., 5:05 p.m. Arrive from, 10:45 a.m., 5:45 p.m.

Pasadena, Monrovia and Azusa—Leave for, 8:30 a.m., 4:30 p.m., 7:15 p.m. Arrive from, 8:30 a.m., 8:30 p.m.

FULLERTON and ORANGE—Leave for, 8:45 a.m., *11:00 a.m., *2:00 p.m., 5:30 p.m. Arrive from, 9:45 a.m., 10:45 a.m., *12:55 p.m., 5:45 p.m.

Santa Ana—Leave for, 8:45 a.m., *2:00 p.m., 5:30 p.m. Arrive from, 9:45 a.m., 5:45 p.m.

San Jacinto, Hemet, Elsinore and Temecula, via Pasadena—Leave for, *8:30 a.m.

San Jacinto, Hemet, Elsinore and Temecula, via Orange—Leave for, *11:00 a.m. Arrive from, *10:45 a.m.

Escondido—Leave for, *2:00 p.m. Arrive from, *12:55 p.m.

Fallbrook—Leave for, *8:45 a.m. Arrive from, *5:45 p.m.

San Diego and Coronado Beach—Leave for, 8:45 a.m., *2:00 p.m. Arrive from, *12:55 p.m., 5:45 p.m.

Redondo Beach—Leave Los Angeles First street, 10:10 a.m., 2:32 p.m. Arrive Los Angeles, First street, 8:25 a.m., 4:25 p.m.

Santa Monica and Ocean Park—Leave Los Angeles, First street, *8:58 a.m. Arrive Los Angeles, First street, *4:58 p.m.

Kite-Shaped Track—Leave, 8:30 a.m. Arrive 5:45 p.m.

* Daily except Sunday; p. Pasadena only; o, Orange only. All other trains daily.

BURLINGTON TOURIST CARS

are right up-to-date—wide vestibules, Pintsch gas, marble washbasins, double windows, all the latest improvements.

From Los Angeles Mondays and Wednesdays. Omaha, Chicago, Kansas City, St. Louis—ALL points east.

Burlington Route

W. W. Elliott, Agent, 222 South Spring Street, Los Angeles.

LEGAL.

Notice for Publication

ORDER OF TIME FOR PROVING WILL, ETC. IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, STATE OF California, county of Los Angeles. In the matter of the estate of William Blasey, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that Friday, the 11th day of January, 1901, at 10 o'clock a.m. of said day, at the courtroom of this court, Department two thereof, in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, and state of California, has been appointed as the time and place for hearing the application of Herman W. Hellman praying that a document now on file in this court, purporting to be the last will and testament of the said deceased, be admitted to probate, that letters testamentary be issued thereon to the said Herman W. Hellman, at which time and place all persons interested therein may appear and contest the same.

Dated December 27, 1900. J. W. HELL, County Clerk. By W. L. WARREN, Deputy. A. W. Hutton, Atty. for Petitioner.

Noticeof Annual Meeting.

The Hollywood Cemetery Association.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Hollywood Cemetery Association, incorporated 1890, will be held at the principal place of business of the association, at the office of the association, on room 218 Homer Laughlin building, at No. 315 South Broadway, in the city of Los Angeles, county of Los Angeles, State of California, on Tuesday, the 15th day of January, 1901, at the hour of 12 o'clock noon of that day, for the purpose of electing a board of directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before such meeting. JOHN FREEMAN, Secretary.

PROPOSALS FOR BRICK AUDITORIUM building. Department of the Interior, Office of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., Dec. 21, 1900. Sealed proposals endorsed "Proposals for auditorium, Phoenix, Arizona," and addressed to the Commissioner of Indian Affairs, Washington, D. C., will be received at the Indian Office until two o'clock p.m. of Tuesday, January 22, 1901, for furnishing the necessary materials and labor required to construct and complete at the Phoenix Indian School, Arizona, a brick auditorium building, in strict accordance with plans and specifications and instructions to bidders which may be examined at this office, the offices of the "Arizona Republican," Phoenix, Arizona; the "Times," Los Angeles, California; the "Chronicle," San Francisco, California; the Builders & Traders' Exchange, Omaha, Nebraska; the Builders and Traders' Exchange, Milwaukee, Wisconsin; the Northwestern Manufacturers' Association, St. Paul, Minnesota; the U. S. Indian warehouse, No. 225 Johnson st., Chicago, Illinois; the U. S. Indian warehouse, No. 77 Wooster st., New York City, and at the school. For further information apply to E. M. McCowan, Superintendent Indian School, Phoenix, Arizona. W. A. JONES, Commissioner.

Stockholders' Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKholders of the International Co-operative Mining Company will be held at the office of the company, 329 South Main st., in the city of Los Angeles, Cal., on Monday, January 14th, at 10 o'clock p.m., for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting. E. W. DOANE, Secretary.

OFFICE OF SAN CAYETANO OIL COMpany, Los Angeles (Cal.) Jan. 7, 1901. To the stockholders of the San Cayetano Oil Company: Please take notice that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the San Cayetano Oil Company will be held at the office of the company, room No. 432, Stimson Building, in the city of Los Angeles, California, on Monday, the 21st day of January, 1901, at nine o'clock a.m., for the purpose of electing directors and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before the meeting.

By order of the board of directors. CHAS. P. WHITAKER, Secretary.

MEN NO CURE, NO PAY. If you are sexually weak, undeveloped or have drains, varicocele, etc., our Local Vacuum Developer will restore you without drugs or electricity; 25,000 in use; not one failure; not one returned; no C. O. D. fraud; write for particulars, sent free in plain envelope. LOCAL APPLIANCE CO., 414 Charles Block, Denver, Colo.

Oakwood Ranges, GAS AND GASOLINE STOVES. Henry Guyot, Successor to Harshman & Dietz, 414 South Spring.

NICE LINE cheap Sewing Machines, also second-hand machines, 343 S. Spring.

TRY THEM FOR Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, and Sore Throat.

Fac-Simile Signature of [illegible] EVERY BOX.

Buy Copper Bullion Mining Company Non-assessable stock—$1.00 shares for 25c.

O. A. VICKREY & CO

"To Open the Ball"

FIRST, SECOND AND THIRD SPECIAL PRIZES OF

$50.00, $25.00, $10.00

Respectively, will be paid to the first, second and third persons who send or bring new subscriptions to The Times amounting in the aggregate to one hundred months.

THIS IS EASY

Eight and one-third yearly subscriptions, or 16⅔ half yearly, or 33⅓ quarterlies would make it.

GET IN ON THIS.

"To what class do I belong?" If you know the population of your town refer to the five classes in the advertisement. Final questions regarding population will be settled by the census of 1900, or Bradstreet's.

The commission on a subscription for one month is 10 cents. That doesn't look very big, does it? But then, it is 10 cents for every month. On a subscription for one year it is $1.20. Which looks better. Moral, get subscriptions for one year.

"If I subscribe for the paper myself, and afterwards want to transfer the subscription to some one else, can I do that?" A paid subscription is always transferable. Further than that, the address may always be changed, just as frequently as may be desired.

Bear in mind that commissions are not paid on renewals—advance payments by people who are already taking the paper. These count in the competition for prizes, and you are expected, for that reason, to get all of them you can, and for just as long a time. The prize you get is the reward for that.

"Suppose I am awarded a prize that I have no use for, can I dispose of it to some one else?" Of course. If it is land or lots or stock or money or a trip somewhere, or any article of merchandise, it is subject to your order and will be delivered to whomever you designate as your assignee. There are no strings on any of our prizes. They are strictly "transferable."

Will you credit me, in this contest, with my own subscription? is a question that may be asked. Most assuredly. And if you want to start in for a prize that is a very good way. For of course if you are a competitor and trying to get subscribers, you ought by all means to be familiar with the paper. You ought to be a subscriber for it and read it every day, as much for the information as to the contest as anything else.

TO BE MADE TO ORDER.

One of the very nice prizes is to be an order on F. B. Silverwood, No. 221 South Spring street, for a suit of clothes, to be made up to measure in his merchant tailoring department. The winner of the prize, or his or her representative, will have the right to select the goods and dictate the style in which the suit is to be made, and if he prefers a suit costing less than $50 he may order that and select furnishing goods of any kind he pleases to make up the balance of the $50.

THE THREE KODAKS.

Wherever the photographic art is practiced, kodaks are known as the standard in hand camera values. Kodak quality and kodak convenience have made them so. The cartridge system upon which all kodaks are now constructed is the embodiment of simplicity, and they have that perfection in every detail which is the first essential to the best photographic work. And, "if it isn't an Eastman it isn't a kodak," is a proverb that the Eastman Kodak Company, who make them, have, like the public, adopted, and use in their catalogue. Three of the Eastman Kodaks have been selected for The Times Prize Contest—a No. 4 Cartridge, at $25; a No. 1 Folding Pocket, $10, and a No. 2 Folding Pocket, at $15—and will be used as three prizes. They will remain at Dewey Bros.' store, No. 326 South Spring street, and can be examined by anybody interested.

The above familiar cut is put in as a reminder that one of the utility prizes is an order on the Schiffman Method Dental Company, No. 107 North Spring street, for dental work to the amount of $50, "good till used."

HERE'S A SUGGESTION.

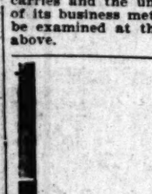
Suppose some enterprising woman, working, we will say, in the interest of a hospital, a "home," or something of the sort, should see her opportunity in this prize contest and set out to win as many as six of the prizes, could she do it? It is not impossible.

How would she go about it? Well, suppose she belonged to a church, say here in Los Angeles—or in any other city—that had a membership of 1000, all interested in her philanthropic work, whatever it might be. She could call a meeting of these people, get them together and explain to them what it was she wanted to undertake, the possibilities she saw in it, and all that, and easily secure from them a promise of their active and enthusiastic coöperation with her. At least 500 of the 1000 members would give her a helping hand, at any rate to the extent of subscribing for The Times for a year (on the condition, of course, that they would only have to pay for it in the regular way, monthly,) which would be all right, and there would be 6000 months' subscriptions to begin with.

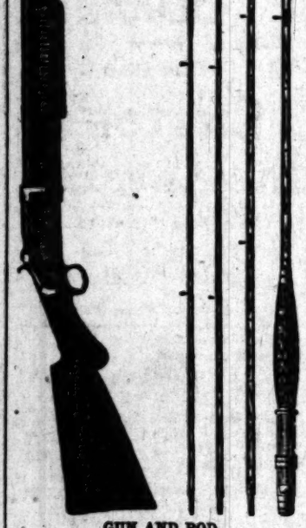
Then, a committee could be appointed to visit all the other churches and solicit the organized aid of these, and subscriptions would again be taken. District committees could make a from-house-to-house canvass and get more subscribers and renewals. Other committees, of two or more persons, could go to selected towns—one in each of the other classes—and work there as was done in the home town or city, and, all together, conduct such a campaign as would be almost certain to win a first prize in each and every class.

If this systematic work secured a first prize in Class One, as it could scarcely fail of doing, and a first prize in each of the other numbered classes, it would of course win in the "General" class. And see what it would all mean. The most valuable prize, at present, in Class One is the two city lots, $1400; in Class Two the five acres of orange land, $750; in Class Three, a city lot worth $600; in Class Four two lots in Redondo, $500; in Class Five, 2.8 acres in La Cañada, $250; and in the "General" class, ten acres of orange land worth $1500; making in all $5000 for a short six-months work.

It might happen, of course, that a prize other than the first would be won in some of the classes, but the general result would be all right anyhow. It wouldn't be so very bad a thing, even, to take second, or third, or fifth place in all of them. The cash prizes are not "first prizes," and there are two of these of $750 each.

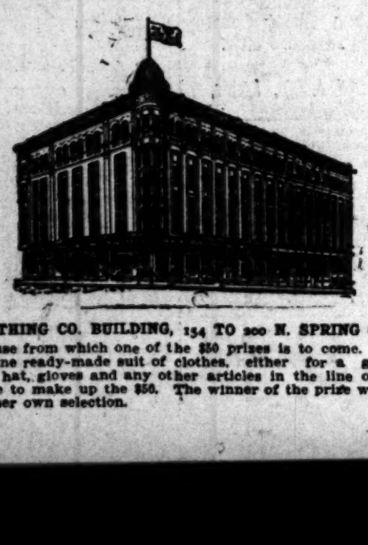


A diamond ring would be a nice thing to wear as a trophy of this contest, and one costing $75 has been selected for use as a prize from a jewelry house of deservedly high standing, that of J. G. Donovan & Co., No. 245 South Spring street. This is one of the younger houses, but it is fast attaining distinction by reason of the richness and elegance of the goods it carries and the unquestioned integrity of its business methods. The ring can be examined at the store, located as above.



GUN AND ROD.

A Winchester repeating "take down" shotgun, with canvas case, cleaning set and 100 rounds of smokeless cartridges, the whole valued at $25, and either a split-bamboo salt-water rod, with agate tie guides and tip, multiplying reel to hold 200 yards of 24-thread cuttyhung line; or a trout split-bamboo fly rod, with multiplying reel, silk line and outfit, worth $25—two prizes and both from the Tufts-Lyon Arms Company.



HUB CLOTHING CO. BUILDING, 154 TO 200 N. SPRING ST.

This is the house from which one of the $50 prizes is to come. The prize is to consist of a fine ready-made suit of clothes, either for a gentleman or youth, overcoat, hat, gloves and any other articles in the line of furnishings that it may take to make up the $50. The winner of the prize will be allowed to make his or her own selection.

MORE THAN $25,000

TO BE DISTRIBUTED IN PRIZES BY

The Los Angeles Times

Among those who get Subscriptions for it between this and

July 1, 1901

THESE ARE THE PRIZES—MORE THAN 500!

They will be awarded, not alone to those sending the largest number of subscriptions, but to those **sending the largest number in proportion to the population of the town or city in which they work.** To that end, the cities and towns have been divided into five classes, according to population. Every person who enters this contest has the opportunity to win one of the prizes in **every class** by taking subscriptions in **other** towns after they have completed the work in their own.

FURTHERMORE, the aggregate number of subscriptions taken by each in the **various** towns will be credited to him or her in the general count, thus greatly enhancing his or her chance of winning one of the large general prizes.

[NOTE. *All prizes are numbered, in the Times office, according to their several classes and their relative value. The prize of highest value, in each case, will go to the person in that class getting the largest number of subscriptions, the prize of next highest value to the person getting the next largest, and so on. The count will be kept in months, a yearly subscription counting as 12 months—precisely as if it were 12 subscriptions for one month—a half-yearly as 6 months, and so on.*

Additions will yet be made in each of the classes, arrangements for all the prizes (and some of the finest) not having been completed in all details in time for the present announcement.]

Class One Includes all cities of 10,000 population or over. In this class there are 59 cash prizes, ranging from $750 down to $5.00. There is one of $750, one of $350, one of $150, one of $100, and fifty-five below $100. There are 35 Columbia Oil Stock* prizes—one of $1000 dollars, one of $500, one of $300, one of $200, one of $100, and twenty-eight between $100 and $40. Other prizes are: Two City Lots on Angelina Heights, $1400; Round-trip Tickets from Los Angeles and one week's board, for two persons, at the Auditorium Hotel, Chicago, estimated, $300; Sunset Runabout Buggy, Hawley, King & Co., $65; Majestic Range, Harper & Reynolds Co., $50; Tailor-made Suit, to order, F. B. Silverwood, $50; Rattan Trunk, J. C. Cunningham, $35; No. 4 Eastman Cartridge Kodak, Dewey Bros., $25; Winchester Repeating Shotgun and outfit, Tufts-Lyons Arms Co., $25; California Wines, Southern California Wine Co., $18; One Dozen Photographs, "Steel-engraving" effect, F. G Schumacher, $15; Photographs to order, by Marceau, $10; 105 prizes and more to come.

Class Two includes all cities of from 5,000 to 10,000 population. In this class there are 43 cash prizes, ranging from $100 down to $5.00. There is one of $100, one of $75, one of $50, one of $25, and thirty-nine under $25. There are 24 Columbia oil stock prizes—one of $200, one of $150, one of $100 and twenty-one below $100. Other prizes are: Five Acres of Choice Orange Land at Bloomington, $750; Scholarship at Pomona College, $100, Frazier Road Cart, E. P. Bosbyshell, $55; Automobile Coat, Broadway Department Store, $35; Photos, Marceau, $10; Paris Panel Photos, 1 doz., F. B. Schumacher, $12; California Wine, Southern California Wine Co., $12; No. 2 Eastman Folding Pocket Kodak, Dewey Bros., $15; Accident Insurance Policy, Fidelity Mutual Aid Association, $25; 77 prizes and more to come.

Class Three includes all towns of from 2500 to 5000 population. In this class there are 26 cash prizes, ranging from $100 down to $5.00. There is one of $100, one of $75, one of $50, one of $25 and twenty-two under $25. There are eighteen Columbia Oil Stock prizes—one of $200, one of $150, one of $100 and fifteen below $100. Other prizes are: City Lot in University district, $600; Round-trip Ticket from Los Angeles to San Francisco and a week's board at the Palace Hotel for two people, estimated at $150; Fifty-dollar Outfit for Gentleman—suit, overcoat, hat and various articles in the line of "furnishings"—Hub Clothing Co., $50; Photographs to order at Marceau's, $10; one-half dozen Carbon Photos, F. G. Schumacher, $10; California Wine, Southern California Wine Co., $12; Accident Insurance Policy, Fidelity Mutual Aid Association, $25; Scholarship, Los Angeles Business College, $50; 52 prizes and more to come.

Class Four includes all towns of from 1000 to 2500 population. In this class there are 46 cash prizes, ranging from $100 down to $5.00. There is one of $100, one of $75, one of $50, one of $40, and forty-two under $40. There are 30 Columbia Oil Stock prizes—one of $200, one of $150, one of $100 and twenty-seven below $100. Other prizes are: Two Lots at Redondo, $500; Round-trip from Los Angeles to Catalina, Month's Board at the Metropole, for two people, estimated at $100; Scholarship, Los Angeles Business College, $50; Fine Split-bamboo Fishing Rod and Complete Outfit, Tufts-Lyons Arms Co., $25; Dozen Platinotype Photos, F. G. Schumacher, $8; Photographs to amount of $10, at Marceau's; California Wine, California Wine Co., $8; Thistle Bicycle, Burke Bros., $50; 84 prizes and more to come.

Class Five includes all towns of from 200 to 1000 population. In this class there are 33 cash prizes, ranging from $50 down to $5.00. There is one of $50, one of $40, one of $30, one of $20, and twenty-nine under $20. There are 29 Columbia Oil Stock prizes—one of $100, one of $80, one of $60, and seventeen below $60. Other prizes are: 2.8 acres Land in La Cañada, $250; Round-trip from Los Angeles to Santa Monica and month's Board at the Arcadia Hotel, for two people, estimated at $125; Scholarship, Los Angeles Business College, $50; Yale Bicycle, E. R. Risden city agent, E. H. Crippen distributing agent, $25; Fur Boa, Broadway Department Store, $15; No 1 Eastman Folding Pocket Kodak, Dewey Bros., $10; Photos, Marceau's, $10; 1 Dozen Cabinet Photos. F. G. Schumacher, $5.00; 61 prizes and more to come.

The General Prizes FREE FOR ALL—EVERYTHING COUNTED—In this there are 59 cash prizes, ranging from $750 down to $5.00. There is one of $750, one of $350, one of $150, one of $100, and fifty-five below $100. There are sixty-three Columbia Oil Stock prizes—one of $1000, one of $500, one of $300, one of $200, one of $100, and twenty-eight below $100. Other prizes are: Ten Acres Choice Orange Land at Bloomington, $1500; Cash Payment by The Times to Church, Chapel or Parlor Pipe Organ to be built in Los Angeles by the Murray M. Harris Organ Co., and to cost not less than $750; Russell-Lane Cabinet Grand Piano, H. C. Gilbert Piano, $450; Pianola and $25 Worth of Music for it, Southern California Music Co., $275; Round-trip Tickets from Los Angeles for two persons and season tickets of admission to Pan-American Exposition at Buffalo, N. Y., estimated at $400; Four-passenger Delivery Park Wagon, Baker & Hamilton, $100; Columbia Chainless Bicycle, Columbia Cyclery, $75; Lady's Diamond Ring, J. G. Donovan & Co., $75; Standard-Grand Sewing Machine, Williamson Bros., $60; Genuine Leather Turkish Chair, Niles Pease, $68; Family Department Tent (hall and dining-room and four bedrooms) complete, J. H. Masters, $58.50; Gentleman's Suit and Overcoat, Bluett & Co., $50; Handsome Rug, Southern California Carpet Co., $50; Dental Work, Schiffman Dental Co., $50; Large Poco Camera and Complete Outfit, F. E. Munsey & Co., $50; Lady's Mahogany Desk and Chair, Los Angeles Furniture Co., $50; Dress Suit, J. C. Cunningham, $15; 140 prizes and more to come.

* Whenever Oil Stock is mentioned, it means stock in the well-known Columbia Oil Co., and the sum mentioned is the par valuation of the stock. The market value can be ascertained, approximately, almost any day by referring to the oil stock quotations in this or other papers. The fact that the price fluctuates makes the stock a most interesting prize, as there is always the possibility that it may take a jump at any time and be worth, before this contest ends, far more than its par or face value.

To provide an opportunity for a class of people who have none too many, to earn good wages at an occupation in which they preserve their own independence and self-respect, the benefits of this

PRIZE CONTEST FOR SUBSCRIPTIONS are confined to

WOMEN, AND BOYS AND GIRLS UNDER 16.

They Will Be Paid Cash, As They Go Along, for every new subscriber they secure, and in addition will have a chance at winning one or more of the prizes enumerated above.

Getting subscribers for THE TIMES, the biggest; brightest and best newspaper on the Pacific Coast, is easy work, because, practically, EVERYBODY WANTS IT. The subscription price for The Daily Times (seven papers a week and including the Sunday Magazine—unrivaled by any similar publication in America) is 75 cents per month or $9.00 per year, and we will under no circumstances suffer the price to be reduced to any subscriber. But during this contest, as partial remuneration for the trouble and expense they will be to we will allow contestants 10 cents for each prepaid subscription they send in—provided the subscriber has not previously been taking the paper regularly—and a proportionate amount if the subscription is for a longer period than one month—subject, of course, to the same provision.

FIRST ORDERS may be either renewals or new subscriptions, or both—it is immaterial. But they must aggregate in months as many as ten. Whether one man subscribes for ten months or ten men for one month is all the same. It is the number of months that counts. But for each month that is a renewal 75 cents must be sent, and for each month that represents a bona fide new subscriber 65 cents. Second and subsequent orders may be for any number the sender finds convenient.

PAYMENTS MONTHLY. A contract with an old subscriber, on a blank form that we will furnish, that he will continue taking and paying for the paper monthly for a specified time, will be accepted as a subscription for the number of months specified in the contract. A similar contract with a new subscriber will be accepted, but in neither of these cases will any commission be allowed. The subscriptions count merely in the competition for prizes.

IT IS NOT NECESSARY that the person going to work notify us in advance that he or she intends to enter the contest. we require is that when sending in the first order of ten or more scribers it should be stated that the subscriptions are to be our offer. Order blanks and envelopes will then be provided agent's convenience.

THE CONTEST is exclusively for people not otherwise nected with The Times; and employees and attaches of are prohibited from having any lot or part in its benefits answer proper questions and assist contestants in their extent of advising them in cases of doubt, but they personally profit by the result.

"MAY I get others to help me in securing subscriptions?" tainly get just as many people—men, women or children—as you can; the more the better. We will credit you with prepaid subscriptions you send in, no matter by whom procured.

The Contest is Now On, and will continue until July 1, 1901. Subscriptions mailed on that day by contestants at any point on the Pacific Slope will be counted into the result. The count will be kept in months; a yearly subscription counting 12 months, a half-year six months, and so on.

Make checks, drafts, money orders, express orders, etc., payable to THE TIMES, and address all communications to

PRIZE DEPARTMENT OF THE TIMES, LOS ANGELES, CA